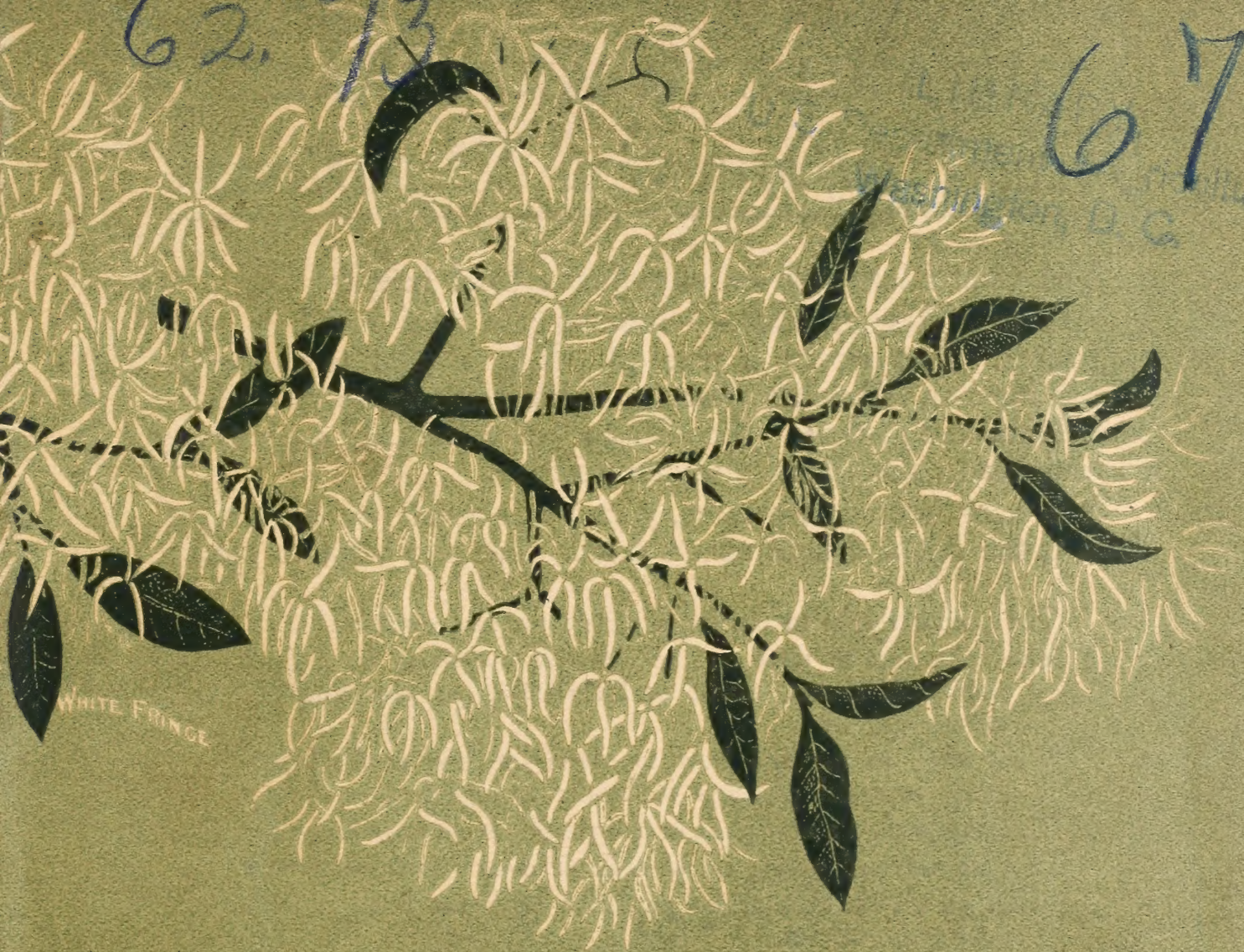


Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



SHOUT **IT**
SHARE



ORNAMENTAL HARDY PLANTS
OF THE BETTER CLASS

SPRING 1906

THOMAS MEEHAN & SONS INC.
GERMANTOWN, PHILA., PA.

THE VALUE TO YOU OF OUR *Special Information Department*

You want information on some horticultural matters.

Ask us. Ask us often,—whenever you need our help, our suggestions. The service is personal. It is adapted to the needs of each inquirer. Conditions vary, so do pocketbooks, so do desires, so do lawns and gardens. We offer no “cut-and-dried” suggestions, no ready-made, stereotyped ideas, no nonsense.

It is your interests we serve, your requirements we meet, right down to the last and most minute detail. You may want to know:

The proper shrubs to use for a certain purpose,—*ask us.*

The right trees to plant on the sidewalk, avenue or lawn, for windbreak, shelter, shade, or for shutting out objectionable views,—*ask us.*

What stock to use and how to obtain the best results from hardy perennial plantings in border and gardens,—*ask us.*

The way to plant a new place or to remodel an old one,—*ask us.*

Effective ways of getting rid of scale or other insects,—*ask us.*

Prices on certain sizes or on particular stock not listed in this catalogue,—*ask us.*

Special hints on care, cultivation, planting, pruning, methods of securing definite results,—*ask us.*

The degree of hardiness of certain plants in *your* locality,—*ask us.*

There are a thousand and one other questions you may ask and which we are prepared to answer conscientiously in a practical, thorough manner.

No other establishment is so well prepared to help its friends and customers, so able and so willing to be of service. We have laid our plans on broad and liberal lines.

The services of our Special Information Department are given without charge. Use them freely. To many in this business it seems like folly to spend dollars' worth of time investigating and answering a trifling inquiry; but we do it gladly every day. We must continue to make friends; we aim to deserve orders.

Let us hear from you. We are always busy, but never too busy to give careful attention to your problems.



ORNAMENTAL HARDY PLANTS OF THE BETTER CLASS : *Beautiful Hardy Trees, Shrubs, Evergreens, Vines and a Remarkably Good Collection of Hardy Perennials*

A CATALOGUE FOR SPRING, 1906

EDITION NUMBER 42

THOMAS MEEHAN & SONS, Inc.
GERMANTOWN, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Growers of Highest Grade Hardy Trees and Plants

ESTABLISHED 1854

INCORPORATED 1902



Flowers and foliage of both the Double-flowered Horse-Chestnut and the Styrax Obassia are shown. Notice the pretty, almost round leaves of the latter and its long sprays of chaste white flowers. See offer on page 37.

THE WISDOM OF DEALING WITH MEEHANS'

Is your time of value?

Do you desire to save money?

Would you consider that a year's time or more is worth saving, as well as dollars; and does the assurance of satisfaction interest you?

Yes, most emphatically, *yes!*

Then let us explain why it pays to deal with us,—pays in time gained, in money saved and in increased satisfaction received.

Give us a minute. Read the good, sound reasons on which we base our claim for a share of your orders. Heed them, and you may avoid a natural mistake or two which might mean the loss of months—yes, years—of that precious, fleeting thing we know as time.

First and last, you want results. You demand them in business, you call for them in everything you undertake.

Our stock gives *results* with a greater degree of promptness than is usual. Why?

A sickly person cannot be expected to accomplish as much as a strong, healthy one. He could not stand an operation which would have but little effect upon a man full of vigor.

It is the same with plants. Transplanting is like an operation. In spite of the best of care it is impossible to lift a tree or shrub without damaging the roots and fibers (the feeding system) just a trifle.

Here's the point to remember. We grow our plants with a care and an attention to details that is unusual. Right from the very start we take far more than ordinary precautions. We propagate properly, taking the trouble to select only the most desirable growths; we cultivate more frequently; we transplant more systematically than is customary; and we feed our stock to an extent which is astonishing to many in this business.

What is the result of all this special care?

Our stock is extra strong and thrifty; it is full of life and vigor; it is best prepared to stand the transplanting operation and shipping and delivery to a distance. It gives satisfaction, it thrives from the start, and frequently does well under circumstances which would discourage weaklings.

Ordinary precautions do not satisfy us. Most nurseries are content to have the state inspector visit their grounds once a year; and some would prefer that he come not at all. We have not only a thorough state inspection of our great plantings of hardy ornamentals, but others at frequent periods. Even this is not enough. We have by training created an expert who makes a specialty of plant pests and diseases, afflictions great and small. With his large staff of trained assistants he is not only able to keep watch that no enemy creeps into our collection, but is able to aid our many customers and friends as well.

The digging, the packing and the shipping are features of greatest importance. We do not dig stock with a plow, nor do we use storage stock. Each buyer's order is handled as if it were the only one we had to look after. We spend more money in digging, packing and supervision and care at every stage than is deemed necessary by many. It pays us because it pays our customers. What we lose in money is more than gained in other ways, as you will observe.

We price our stock at its actual value. It is worth every cent we charge, it is worth more than we charge if rated by ordinary standards. It can always be considered a good investment,



Some idea of the character of the growth of the low-branched Schwedler's Blood-leaved Maple may be had from this illustration. Nothing but a view of the tree itself will convey a proper impression of the beauty of its rich-colored foliage and general habit. This very desirable tree is mentioned on page 34.



At the end of June the *Yucca filamentosa*, or Adam's Needle, shows tall spikes of pure white, bell-shaped flowers. This attractive plant thrives almost anywhere, even in poor and dry soil, and requires little attention. Very attractive prices are quoted on page 25.

and especially so when the time it saves and the satisfaction it assures are taken into fair consideration. It is unfortunate that nursery stock cannot have a standard grading system. Two plants of a given height may differ fifty per cent or more in value. Our aim is to have every plant attain the highest value possible, and priced fairly. Our grades are simply guides to heights or diameters of stem; it is the price that, when higher than that of others, shows the greatly increased values.

This is no secret. We are after something more than your order. We want your friendship and goodwill. Without these, progress would not be rapid. Much of our business comes from customers recommending us to others. We want their help, and to attain this end we must serve each person decidedly to his advantage; we must eternally watch his desires, and we must protect his interests at every point. This is the end and aim of our whole policy. A friend's recommendation is the best and most valuable advertisement we can obtain.

You have no doubts, no fears when dealing with us. Satisfaction is made certain. Our very best will be done to serve you intelligently and well. We will send you stock you will be proud of, be glad to own and be better off for owning.

In aiding a customer to make selections, in helping him in his order, in offering suggestions, the question in our mind is not "How much will he stand?" but, "How can he best be served?"

Bear in mind that the reputation it took us fifty-two years of work to build is but a foundation for better things. We must go ahead, we will go ahead, and we will do it in the right way.

The question is now up to you. It is not,

"Will you deal with us?"

BUT

"Can you afford to deal elsewhere?"

J. FRANKLIN MEEHAN

President
and Manager of Landscape Department

S. MENDELSON MEEHAN

Vice-President
and Manager of Nursery Sales Department

THOMAS B. MEEHAN

Secretary and Treasurer
and Manager of Wholesale Nursery



Rhododendrons produce flowers of dazzling beauty. All the plants we list came from England's best grower. We prefer them to the cheaper, though less satisfactory, Holland-grown stock, and so does every one else who knows the respective value of the two classes of plants.

The Only Kind of Rhododendrons to Plant

Plantings of ornamentals cannot dispense with the Hardy Rhododendrons, unless in exceedingly cold sections or in very exposed positions; and even then care and a little protection often overcome adverse conditions. Rhododendrons dislike limestone soil.

England's soil and climatic conditions enable her to easily lead in the production of satisfactory Rhododendrons. In that country the growth is nearly perfect and the wood ripens properly. Her plants give the best results, the most perfect satisfaction, but beware of stock masquerading as of English origin which is offered at very low prices. That country simply cannot produce stock at figures one sometimes sees quoted to catch the unwary.

We import the very finest plants from England's most famous grower. We quickly admit that these cost us far more than Holland-grown stock, and the experienced planter gladly pays the slight increase in price it is necessary for us to charge, knowing that it is more than warranted.

The varieties are excellent. Each plant carries such a good, large ball of rich English soil about its roots that the risk of transplanting dwindles to almost nothing.

It pays to get good plants, but equally important is the preparation of the bed. Spend a little time on it, and your extra care will be paid for many times over. It is permanent results you are seeking.

MAKING A RHODODENDRON BED.—Dig out the soil to a depth of about four feet and fill in the bottom with about two feet of broken stone or similar material. Finish with *good* top soil; sod is better if it can be procured. If the soil is heavy, add a proportion of sand to lighten it. Good drainage is essential. Provide a mulch by covering the top of the ground with a liberal amount of well-rotted stable manure. Such a bed will be cool and moist all the time, imitating the conditions under which the plants thrive so wonderfully with only the care Dame Nature gives them.

25 of these plants in any assortment are sold at the lowest rate quoted on each of the varieties taken

RHODODENDRONS, continued

Album elegans. Beautiful white flowers, exceptionally vigorous grower, thrifty and very hardy.

	Each	10	100
1½ to 2 ft.	\$1 50	\$13 50	\$125 00
2 to 2½ ft.	1 75	15 00	
Heavy specimens, specially selected, from 3 to 6 ft. in height, \$2.50 to \$5 each.			

Atrosanguineum. A rich color, deep blood-red. Excellent. 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

Blandyanum. Deep, reddish crimson. Very few are yet in stock. 2 ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

Caractacus. An exceedingly pleasing crimson. Its trusses of flowers are of particularly good form, 2 to 2½ ft., \$1.75 each, \$15 for 10.

Charles Dickens. Dark scarlet. One of the most desirable. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

Everestianum. Rose. We know of no variety with such grand foliage. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

John Walter. Rich crimson. 3 to 3½ ft., specimens selected, \$3 to \$5 each.

Lady Clermont. Rose-scarlet, the flowers have unique, interesting markings. 2 ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

Michael Waterer. An intensely bright scarlet. Good foliage. Very desirable. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

Mrs. Milner. Rich crimson. 2 ft., \$1.50 each, \$13.50 for 10.

Purpureum elegans. A most pleasing purple. Assortments are incomplete without this worthy sort. A good grower and blooms freely. 2 to 2½ ft., \$1.75 each, \$15 for 10.

Roseum elegans. We like this as well as any we have in stock. The color is especially attractive, being a bright rose, very pleasing to the eye, and which can be attractively worked in with almost any color arrangement. It is thrifty, of good foliage, and seems happy in every position in which we have seen it.

	Each	10
1½ to 2 ft.	\$1 50	\$13 50
2 to 2½ ft.	1 75	15 00

FOR PLANTING WITH RHODODENDRONS

A few pretty plants may be arranged with Rhododendrons so as to enhance the general effect. For example, the gorgeous Hardy Azaleas make a doubly attractive showing when their flame-colored flowers are thrown out in bold relief by a background of a dark mass of Rhododendron foliage. Then, also, the showy Evergreen Azalea, *Azalea amoena*, described on page 45, creates a beautiful display as an edging for Rhododendron beds, as does the pretty *Andromeda Japonica*. All of these flower at a different period from the Rhododendron, thus lengthening the season of floral display.

ANDROMEDA Japonica. A beautiful species, seldom attaining a maximum height of 3 to 4 feet, and having bright green leaves and drooping stems of waxy white flowers, reminding one of those of the lily-of-the-valley. The blossoms expand early in May. This is one of the most beautiful of the dwarf, broad-leaved evergreens. It blooms with the first plants in the spring, the white flowers making a beautiful contrast with the dark green, shining foliage. By all means take the heavier grade we are offering, as it is exceptionally choice, and actually worth three times the smaller size. 1 ft., 75 cts. each, \$6.50 for 10, \$15 for 25; 18 to 20 in., heavy and bushy, each one a specimen, \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10.

AZALEA amoena. Evergreen Azalea. One of the prettiest and most desirable of all hardy plants. Our stock is far above the average. We grow our plants in pots, so you will experience no trouble in transplanting with highly successful results. We have quite a long hedge of it, using it to mark one of the divisions between a hardy perennial border and "The Old Lane."

	Each	10	25
3-in. pots.	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$6 25
5-in. pots.	50	5 00	11 25
Extra-heavy, 12 to 15 in. high,			
pot-grown.	75	7 50	15 00

A. mollis. Bushy and with plenty of buds.

RED-FLOWERING :	Each	10	25
12 to 15 in.	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$10 00
18 in., bushy.	1 00	7 50	15 00
2 ft., bushy.	1 50	13 50	31 25
2½ ft., clumps.	2 00	17 50	

YELLOW-FLOWERING :	Each	10	25
12 to 15 in.	75	5 00	10 00
18 in., bushy.	1 00	7 50	15 00
2 ft., bushy.	1 50	13 50	31 25
2½ ft., clumps.	2 00	17 50	

A. Pontica. Ghent Azalea. Choice assortment of colors; almost all are named.

	Each	10	25
12 to 15 in.	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$12 50
2 to 2½ ft.	1 50	13 50	25 00

KALMIA latifolia. The attractive, broad-leaved Mountain Laurel.

	Each
12 to 18 in., with ball.	\$0 75
2 to 2½ ft., very heavy, with ball.	1 50

We have some better than usual Native Rhododendrons, *Rhododendron maximum*, which we can offer in large lots at very attractive figures. Strong, bushy clumps, gathered from the open, where they are hardier, more vigorous and worth more than stock collected from the dense shade. See page 24.

HANDSOME EVERGREENS

The satisfactory kind—the kind in which you will always take pride. Not only are these plants very attractive right now, but each year will add to their beauty. They are shapely, of magnificent color, and the assortment is so great and good that no mistake will be made by the unposted person who picks at random and without the aid of expert knowledge.

We gladly give information regarding the stock. Prospective purchasers should enlist our aid in making selections. We do so with an interest as deep as if we were buying for our own private collection.

ABIES Engelmanni. A Colorado evergreen rival of the famous Colorado Blue Spruce.

	Each	10	100
2½ ft.	\$2 50		
3 ft.	3 50		
3½ ft.	\$4.50 to 6 00		

A. orientalis. Compact growth, very beautiful glossy green.

	Each	10	100
2½ to 3 ft.	\$3 00	\$25 00	
3 to 4 ft.	5 00	45 00	

AZALEA amœna. The showy evergreen Azalea.

	Each	10	100
3-in. pots.	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
5-in. pots.	50	5 00	45 00
12 to 15 in., bushy, pot-grown..	75	7 50	60 00

CUPRESSUS Lawsoniana. A graceful plant of splendid color.

	Each	10	100
2 ft.	\$1 75	\$15 00	
2 to 2½ ft.	2 00	20 00	
3 to 4 ft.	3 50	30 00	

ILEX crenata (Japanese Holly). An odd and ornamental bush.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in.	\$0 75		
12 to 18 in., bushy.	1 50		
18 to 24 in., bushy.	2 50		

JUNIPERUS communis aurea (Douglas' Golden Juniper). This flat-topped, spreading variety, with lovely golden foliage, is one of the most useful of evergreens. Fine specimens.

	Each	10	100
8 to 10 in., broad	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
18 to 24 in., broad	2 00	17 50	150 00
2 to 2½ ft., broad	3 75		

J. Virginiana glauca. A compact, thrifty variety of the Red Cedar with light silvery foliage. A kind much needed in all plantings. Hardest of evergreens.

	Each	10	100
4 to 5 ft.	\$3 50	\$35 00	\$250 00
5 to 7 ft.	4 00	37 50	
5 ft., specimens	5 00		

OSMANTHUS Aquifolium. Foliage resembles the holly, but perhaps prettier.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in.	\$1 50	\$12 50	
1½ to 2 ft.	2 00		

PICEA concolor. The Colorado Fir is very hardy, has long needles, is a rapid grower, and has a light green color which creates admiration. Makes a noble specimen. Useful for growing with Blue Spruce. 3½ to 4 feet, \$5 each, \$45 for 10, \$400 per 100.

P. Nordmanniana (Nordmann's Fir). With its heavy, dark green foliage, silvery underneath, and its strong yet chunky growth is one of the very choicest of evergreens for use as a specimen.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ ft.	\$2 50		
2½ to 3 ft.	3 00	\$27 50	
3 to 3½ ft.	4 00	35 00	
3½ to 4 ft.	5 00		
4 to 5 ft.	6 00		

PINUS Cembra. One of the prettiest of evergreens. Well known to European travelers. Hardy, easy to transplant, does not grow large. This is the Swiss Stone Pine.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in.	\$1 00	\$7 50	\$75 00
18 to 24 in.	1 50	12 50	100 00
3 to 4 ft.	3 00	27 50	250 00
4 to 4½ ft.	3 50	32 50	300 00

P. excelsa. Lovely, long, drooping, silvery foliage. This Himalayan Pine is quite uncommon. 3 to 4 feet, \$2 each.

RETINISPORA

The various members of the Retinispora family are indispensable in all plantings of evergreens. They are of great beauty, splendid color, all have



The *Azalea amœna*, or Evergreen Azalea, is always ornamental; especially so when covered with its pretty flowers

RETINISPORA, continued

handsome outline and are thoroughly desirable. Sometimes they are known as the Japanese Cypress. We have a magnificent stock, the color of each specimen being particularly good.

Retinispora filifera. Graceful, drooping shoots, distinct.

	Each
2 to 2½ ft.	\$2 00
3 ft.	2 50
5 to 6 ft.	\$4 00 to 8 00

R. filifera aurea. A beautiful, slow-growing, graceful sort with golden foliage. Compact. 18 inches high, 18 inches in diameter, \$3 each.

R. pisifera aurea. Of a beautiful golden tint and vigorous habit. Grows to a large size.

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft., specimens	\$3 00	\$27 50	\$275 00
5 to 6 ft.	4 50	40 00	350 00
5 to 6 ft., specimens	5 00	45 00	

R. plumosa. A green form which is very pretty.

	Each	10	100
18 in., bushy	\$1 00	\$7 50	\$65 00
4 to 5 ft.	4 00	40 00	350 00
5 to 6 ft.	4 50	45 00	400 00

R. plumosa aurea. This is the best known and perhaps the most worthy of the evergreens of a golden color. A magnificent lot.

Retinispora plumosa aurea, continued

	Each	10	100
8 to 12 in., sheared	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$50 00
12 to 18 in., sheared	1 00	7 50	60 00
15 to 18 in., bushy, 8-in. pots, or			
18 to 24 in.	1 50	12 50	100 00
2 to 2½ ft.	2 00	17 50	125 00
2½ to 3 ft., heavy	3 00	25 00	
4 to 5 ft.	4 00	40 00	350 00
4 to 5 ft., heavier specimens ...			
.....	\$5 to 8 00		

R. squarrosa. A silvery tinted sort. Effective.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in., bushy	\$1 00	\$7 50	\$60 00
2 to 3 ft.	2 50		
3 to 4 ft.	3 50		
4 to 5 ft.	4 50		

SCIADOPITYS verticillata (Japanese Umbrella Pine). One of the rarest and choicest of all. 3 to 3½ feet, \$5 each.

TAXUS. Notice the good assortment of Yews listed under Taxus in our price-list.

THUJA, George Peabody. This is the Golden Arborvitæ, the best color of the several golden types of Arborvitæ.

	Each	10	100
3½ to 4 ft.	\$2 50	\$22 50	\$200 00
5 to 6 ft., specimens	4 00	35 00	300 00

SHAPELY BOX BUSHES

Very symmetrical, and of a color which could not be better. Box Bushes are now so much in demand for planting in special positions that it would be poor policy to offer any but the finest stock. We know just which of these are adapted for your purpose.

BUXUS Japonica aurea (Golden Box). New growth is bright golden.

	Each	10
8 to 12 in., bushy	\$1 00	
2 to 2½ ft., specimens	2 50	\$20 00
2½ to 3 ft.	3 50	
2½ to 3 ft., in cedar tubs	6 00	
3 to 4 ft., specimens	5 00	40 00

B. rotundifolia. Handsome shining green foliage.

	Each	10
2 ft.	\$2 00	\$15 00
3 to 4 ft.	3 50	
4 to 5 ft.	\$5 to 7 50	

B. sempervirens arborescens. Pyramids. Exceptionally shapely. Just the stock for pots, tubs, or for formal work.

	Each	10
2 ft.	\$2 00	
3 ft.	3 00	
4½ ft.	4 00	
5 to 6 ft.	\$5 to 7 50	
5 ft., 16-in. tubs	10 00	

Buxus sempervirens Handsworthii. A very ornamental sort. Its branches show a tendency to shoot perpendicularly, giving an odd, yet pleasing effect.

	Each	10	100
6 to 10 in.	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$18 00
3 to 3½ ft.	2 50	20 00	
3 ft., bushy, tubs	3 50		

var. myrtifolia. Standards. Good specimens. 2- to 2½-foot stems, 18 inch heads, \$3.50 each, \$30 for 10.

var. pyramidalis variegata. A pretty kind with variegation of its foliage. 2 feet, \$1 each; 2 to 2½ feet, bushy specimens, \$2.25 each, \$20 for 10.



DWARF BAY TREES

Something new. Dwarf. Not too tall. These can be utilized for indoor or outdoor decoration in dozens of ways. Easy to handle.

Very effective. Each year the round heads will grow bushier, the stems stronger, and the plants more valuable.

These stand about 3½ feet high, their heads are nearly 1½ feet in diameter, and the neat green tubs, with three wire hoops, are nearly a foot in diameter. So useful for house use, especially in the hall and beside the entrance to a main room, that our first announcement sold dozens.

Only \$7 for a nicely matched pair

Bay Trees are much in demand for creating formal effects

Most Interesting Tree in America

Here is a plant of great beauty, exceedingly rare and of intense historical interest. Order one now, and we will aim to ship it with your other stock in spring, or at some time in June or July.

Be prompt. Even though your application is entered early, we may find it necessary to hold it over until the spring of 1907. It is nothing unusual to wait for a year or even two to obtain this choice plant. To prevent disappointing many who want it, we would prefer that you order but one,—or two at the most. We never expect to have enough to go around.



The large silky flowers of the rare Franklin Tree are produced in the late summer and fall. They are of great beauty.

Before there was such a republic as the United States, John Bartram, the early American botanist, discovered a wonderful plant, now known as the *Gordonia pubescens*, on the banks of the Altamaha River, in Georgia. He named it the Franklin Tree, or technically *Franklinia Altamaha*, in honor of his close friend, Benjamin Franklin.

Identified with this tree is a touch of romance. In 1775, fifteen years after its discovery, Bartram's son William visited the spot and brought back a few seeds from which a fine specimen was grown in his garden, which is now a historic part of the Philadelphia park system. The spot, upon which the original and only stock in the world was found, has been lost for over a century, or at least no one has been able to re-discover the plant. Several descendants of the Bartram stock are pretty specimens in Fairmount Park, and there are a few—very few—scattered elsewhere.

The Franklin Tree—call it that—produces strikingly handsome flowers, in August and throughout autumn, and on account of this peculiarity it is remarkable. They are large, silky white, cup-shaped and sometimes as much as five inches in diameter. Showing up in their center in bright contrast is a tuft or crown of rich golden stamens. The perfume exhaled is rich and most pleasing.

The tree is one of medium size and it flowers at an early age, often making some display when but two or three years old. The foliage is noteworthy, being very attractive, and especially so in the fall, when it shows tints of brilliant crimson. On November 15, we picked some leaves from the tree which in form and striking colors resembled those of the richer colors in the Croton, in which greenhouse owners and gardeners take so much pride. The plant is of great ornamental value. With some protection, it is hardy as far north as Massachusetts. The only stock in the world is in our possession.

Mr. Gould, one of the best posted gardeners in this country, told us that he considered it one of the finest things in his collection. He should know, as the property he manages for Mr. John T. Morris contains one of the most complete, systematic and extensive collections of hardy trees in America, taken from all parts of the world, and labeled and classed better than some botanic gardens.

Pot-grown plants, only \$1.50 each, June or July shipment

Special Information on Prices

Look through the 24 pages of prices which follow. Judge the extent of our stock by the fact that not half of the grades we are growing are listed. Bear these inducements in mind and our rates will seem even more attractive than before.

25 TREES in any assortment are sold at the 10 rate on each item comprising the 25; 100 at the 100 rate, even if 100 different sorts and sizes be taken.

25 SHRUBS in any assortment at the 10 rate, 100 in any assortment at the 100 rate.

25 EVERGREENS at the 10 rate, 100 at the 100 rate.

25 HARDY VINES at the 10 rate, 100 at the 100 rate. See special offer on pot-grown Vines on page 49.

5 HARDY PERENNIALS at 20 cts. each, 25 at 15 cts. each, in any assortment selected by purchaser, or 100 for \$15. If the selection is left to us we send 100 for \$10. The only exceptions to these straight prices being Paeonies, Hardy Grasses, Gladioli, Dahlias and pot-grown Passion Vine.

Five plants of any one variety and grade are sold at the 10 rate, 25 at the 100 rate, no matter whether this one variety be a tree, shrub, vine, evergreen or hardy perennial.

Price-List of Deciduous Trees

CONTAINS COMMON NAMES

Buyers are favored with the 10 rate quoted on each item if 25 or more trees in any assortment are taken; the 100 rate for 100 in any assortment; 5 plants of any one variety and size receive the benefit of the 10 rate, and 25 at the 100 rate. Where 10 or 100 rates are not named, special prices cannot be made on those items.

	Each	10	100
ACER campestre. English Cork			
Maple. 3 to 4 ft.	\$0 35	\$3 50	
colchicum rubrum. See <i>A. latum</i> .			
dasyacarpum. Silver Maple—			
8 to 10 ft.	1 00	6 00	\$35 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 50	10 00	60 00
12 to 14 ft.	2 00	15 00	90 00
dasyacarpum Wieri. Wier's Cut-leaved Maple. A splendid lawn specimen. 10 to 12 ft.	1 50	10 00	85 00
12 to 14 ft.	2 00	15 00	125 00
latum (colchicum rubrum). Colchican Maple. 6 to 8 ft.	1 50		
8 to 10 ft.	2 00		
macrophyllum. Oregon Maple—			
3 to 3½ ft.	1 00	6 00	50 00
platanoides. Norway Maple—			
9 to 10 ft.	1 50	10 00	80 00
12 to 14 ft.	2 00	17 50	150 00
16 to 18 ft., very heavy specimens	\$10 to 20 00		
platanoides globosa. Globe Norway Maple—			
3 to 4 ft., specimens	3 00	25 00	200 00
5 to 6 ft., heavy specimens	\$5 to 8 00		
platanoides Schwedleri. Blood-leaved Norway Maple. A tree which should be on every lawn. 6 to 7 ft., low branched.	2 00	20 00	200 00
9 to 10 ft.	2 00	17 50	150 00
10 to 12 ft.	2 50		
Pseudo-Platanus. Sycamore Maple. 6 to 8 ft.	75	6 50	60 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00
15 to 16 ft.	3 00	25 00	200 00
rufinerve. 5 to 6 ft.	2 00		
saccharinum. Sugar Maple—			
7 to 9 ft.	75	6 00	50 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00
12 to 14 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00
15 to 16 ft.	2 00	17 50	150 00
15 to 18 ft., heavy spec., ...	\$5 to 8 00		
spicatum. Mountain Maple—			
4 to 5 ft.	75		
striatum. Striped Maple—			
3 to 4 ft.	50	4 50	40 00
Tataricum. Tartarian Maple—			
3 to 4 ft.	50	4 50	30 00
4 to 5 ft., heavy	1 00	7 50	
Tataricum Ginnale—			
5 to 6 ft., heavy	1 50	12 50	100 00
trilobatum. 3 ft.	35		

JAPANESE MAPLES

It is not likely that a lot of Japanese Maples as fine as ours can be found in this country.

	Each	10	100
ACER Japonicum. 2 to 2½ ft.	\$1 50	\$10 00	\$80 00
3 to 3½ ft., 6-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	150 00
Japonicum aconitifolium—			
18 to 24 in., 6-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	150 00
Japonicum aureum. Golden—			
12 to 18 in.	1 00	10 00	100 00
18 to 24 in., 6-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	150 00
Japonicum palmatum. 18 to 24 in.	1 00	10 00	
2 ft., 6-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	150 00

	Each	10	100
Acer polymorphum. Green—			
2 to 2½ ft.	\$1 50	\$10 00	\$90 00
3 to 3½ ft., 8-in. tubs.	2 00	20 00	175 00
3 to 5 ft., bushy spec.	\$2.50, \$3, 5 00		
polymorphum ampelopsilobum.			
Magnificent autumn foliage.			
18 to 24 in., ...	1 50	12 50	90 00
2 to 2½ ft., 6-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	150 00
3 to 4 ft.	\$2.50 to 3 50		
polymorphum atropurpureum.			
Blood-leaved. An especially choice lot of plants—			
18 in., fine	1 50	15 00	125 00
20 to 24 in., bushy.	2 50	20 00	200 00
2½ to 3 ft., heavy specimens.	6 00	60 00	
3 to 3½ ft., extra fine spec.	8 00	70 00	600 00
polymorphum cristatum—			
12 to 18 in.	1 25	10 00	100 00
18 to 24 in., 7-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	
polymorphum dissectum. Cut-leaved. 18 to 24 in.	1 25	10 00	100 00
polymorphum dissectum atropurpureum. Blood Cut-leaved, or Fern-leaved. One of the prettiest, most graceful and desirable of all—			
2 to 2½ ft., 6-in. pots.	1 50	15 00	150 00
2½ to 3 ft., 6-in. pots.	2 00	20 00	200 00
2½ to 3 ft.	2 50	25 00	200 00
polymorphum latum. 3 ft.	1 50		
polymorphum pinnatifolium atropurpureum. Narrow Blood-leaved. 12 to 18 in.	1 25	10 00	
polymorphum reticulatum. Golden, with bright green veins—			
18 to 24 in.	1 25	10 00	100 00
12 to 18 in., 6-in. pots.	2 00	17 50	
2½ to 3 ft., 8-in. pots.	2 50	25 00	250 00
ÆSCULUS glabra. American Horse-Chestnut, or Buckeye.			
5 to 6 ft.	1 00	7 50	65 00
8 ft., bushy specimens	3 50		
Hippocastanum. European Horse-Chestnut. 8 to 9 ft.	2 00	15 00	125 00
Hippocastanum alba plena.			
Double White—			
8 to 10 ft., very fine	2 50		
10 to 12 ft., heavy.	10 00		
rubicunda. Red-flowered Horse-Chestnut. 6 to 7 ft.	2 00		
AILANTHUS glandulosa (seed-bearing). Tree of Heaven—			
6 to 8 ft.	1 00		
ALBIZZIA Julibrissin. Mimosa Tree. 12 to 18 in.	25		
ALDER. See <i>Alnus</i> .			
ALNUS glutinosa. European Alder. 6 to 8 ft.	1 00	8 00	
8 to 10 ft.	1 25	10 00	
incana. 8 to 10 ft.	1 00	9 00	50 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	
serrulata. See Shrubs.			
AMYGDALUS Persica. Double-flowered Crimson Peach—			
4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50	30 00
Persica. Double Rose. 4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50	30 00

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS TREES

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Amygdalus Persica. Double White.				Castanea Japonica. Japanese			
4 to 5 ft.	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00	Chestnut—			
5 to 6 ft.	75	5 00		3 to 4 ft., bushy, bearing size..	\$1 50	\$12 50	\$80 00
ANDROMEDA arborea (Oxyden-				vesca. Spanish Chestnut—			
drum). Sorrel Tree—				9 to 10 ft.	2 00		
18 to 24 in., bushy	1 00	8 50	75 00	vesca, Numbo. 5 to 6 ft.	1 50		
ARALIA Japonica. Hercules' Club.				vesca, Paragon. 5 to 6 ft.	1 50		
3 to 5 ft.	1 00			CATALPA bignonioides aurea.			
pentaphylla. See Shrubs.				Golden Catalpa—			
spinosa. Unique and decidedly				3 to 4 ft., cut down.....	1 00	7 50	
ornamental. 12 to 18 in....	35	3 00	25 00	9 to 10 ft.	1 75		
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00		Bungei. Globe-headed Catalpa.			
Heavy clumps	2 50			Our magnificent heavy speci-			
ASH. See Fraxinus.				mens will create an immedi-			
Prickly. See Zanthoxylon.				ate effect—			
ASH-LEAVED MAPLE. See Ne-				5 to 6 ft., stems, 4-yr. heads...	1 50	12 50	100 00
gundo.				5 to 6 ft., 4-yr. heads, selected.	2 00	17 50	150 00
BASSWOOD. See Tilia.				5 to 7 ft., stems, large heads...	3 00		
BEECH. See Fagus.				5 to 7 ft., stems, extra large			
BETULA alba. European White				heads, 3 to 4 ft. in diameter..	5 00		
Birch. 6 to 7 ft.	1 00	7 50	50 00	Bungei nana. 1½ to 2 ft.....	75		
7 to 8 ft.	1 25	10 00	75 00	2 to 2½ ft.	1 00		
8 to 10 ft.	1 50	12 50		speciosa. Western Catalpa—			
alba fastigiata. Pyramidal White				10 to 12 ft.	1 75	15 00	125 00
Birch. 3 to 4 ft.	1 00			12 to 14 ft., heavy	2 50	25 00	200 00
alba laciniata pendula. Cut-				CEDRELA Sinensis. Such a good			
leaved Weeping Birch—				plant that we intend to make			
6 to 8 ft.	1 50			a great feature of it as soon			
alba pendula Youngii. Weeping				as we can grow a stock large			
Birch. 3 to 4 ft.	1 00			enough to meet the demand			
alba purpurea. Purple-leaved				its merit will create—			
Birch. 3 to 4 ft.	1 25			14 to 15 ft.	3 00		
costata. See <i>B. ulmifolia.</i>				CELTIS Mississippiensis—			
lenta. Sweet Birch—				12 to 18 in.	25		
6 to 8 ft., bushy.....	1 50	12 50		occidentalis. Nettle Tree. 3 ft....	35		
8 to 10 ft.	2 00			occidentalis pumila. Dwarf Net-			
lutea. Yellow Birch. 5 to 6 ft....	75	5 00		tle Tree 6 to 8 ft.	1 50		
9 ft.	1 50			Sinensis. Chinese Nettle Tree—			
papyracea. Paper Birch—				1 to 2 ft.	75	6 00	
6 to 8 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00	CERASUS Padus. European Bird			
8 to 9 ft.	1 50	10 00	80 00	Cherry. 5 to 6 ft.	75	5 00	35 00
rubra. Red Birch—				6 to 8 ft., heavy	1 50	12 50	75 00
2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	75	5 00	35 00	Pennsylvanica. Wild Red Cher-			
8 to 10 ft.	1 50			ry. 6 to 8 ft.	50		
10 to 12 ft.	2 00			pumila. Sand Cherry. 3 ft.	50		
ulmifolia (costata). 3 to 4 ft....	75			rosea pendula. Japanese Weep-			
BIRCH. See Betula.				ing Cherry—			
BOX ELDER. See Negundo.				5 ft., 3-yr. heads	2 00		
BROUSSONETIA Kämpferi. Jap-				serotina. Wild Black Cherry—			
anese Paper Mulberry—				4 to 5 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft.	50	4 00		10 ft.	1 50		
BUCKEYE. See Æsculus.				Sinensis fl. pl. Chinese Double-			
BUTTONWOOD. See Platanus.				flowering Cherry. 4 to 5 ft....	75	5 00	
CARPINUS Americana. American				Virginiana. American Bird			
Hornbeam. 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	Cherry. 2 to 3 ft.	25		
3 to 4 ft.	75	5 00	30 00	4 to 5 ft.	1 00	7 00	
4 to 5 ft.	1 00	7 50		CERCIDIPHYLLUM Japonicum.			
Betulus. European Hornbeam—				Katsura Tree. Of great orna-			
12 ft., specimen.....	12 00			mental value. Makes one			
CARYA alba. Shellbark Hickory—				of the prettiest specimens			
4½ to 5 ft.	1 00	7 50		for lawn use of all the valu-			
alba. Hale's Paper-shell. Im-				able Japanese introductions.			
provement on the shell-bark				5 to 6 ft.	1 25	10 00	90 00
which is well worth owning				6 to 8 ft.	1 75		
12 to 18 in., from pots.	2 50			CERCIS Canadensis. American			
amara. Bitternut Hickory—				Judas Tree. 3 to 4 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
2½ to 3 ft., pots	50			3 to 4 ft., heavy, cut back	50	4 50	40 00
microcarpa. 6 to 8 ft.	1 50			4 to 5 ft.	75	6 00	50 00
olivæformis. Pecan Nut—				5 to 6 ft., bushy.....	1 00	8 00	60 00
3 to 4 ft.	50			Japonica. See Shrubs.			
CASTANEA Americana. Sweet				CHERRY. See Cerasus.			
Chestnut. 5 to 6 ft.	75	6 00	50 00	CHESTNUT. See Castanea.			
6 to 7 ft.	1 00	8 00	65 00	CHINA TREE. See Melia.			
				CLADRASTIS tinctoria (Virgilia).			
				Yellow Wood. 5 ft.	1 00		

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS TREES

	Each	10	100
COFFEE TREE. See <i>Gymnocladus</i> .			
CORK TREE. See <i>Phellodendron</i> .			
CORNUS florida. American Dogwood. 3 to 4 ft.....	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$35 00
4 to 5 ft.....	1 00	7 50	50 00
5 to 6 ft.....	1 50	10 00	75 00
florida flore rubro. Pink-flowered American Dogwood—			
2 to 3 ft.....	1 00		
3 to 4 ft.....	1 50		
florida pendula. Weeping American Dogwood. 2 to 3 ft.....	1 50	10 00	
3 to 4 ft.....	2 00	15 00	
COTTONWOOD. See <i>Populus</i> .			
CRAB, Flowering. See <i>Pyrus</i> .			
CYPRESS. See <i>Glyptostrobus</i> and <i>Taxodium</i> , and <i>Cupressus</i> in Evergreens.			
CYTISUS Laburnum. Laburnum—			
10 to 12 ft., specimens ..\$4 and 5 00			
DIMORPHANTHUS Mandschuricus. 5 to 6 ft.....	1 00		
5 to 9 ft., heavy clumps ..\$2 to 3 50			
DIOSPYROS Virginiana. Persimmon. A shapely, attractive tree which deserves to be more largely planted—			
6 to 7 ft.....	1 50	10 00	75 00
DOGWOOD. See <i>Cornus</i> , Trees and Shrubs.			
ELM. See <i>Ulmus</i> .			
EMPRESS TREE. See <i>Paulownia</i> .			
FAGUS ferruginea. American Beech. 2 to 2½ ft.....	50	4 00	35 00
3 to 4 ft.....	75	6 00	50 00
4 to 5 ft.....	1 50	12 50	
6 to 7 ft.....	2 50		
sylvatica. English Beech—			
2 to 3 ft.....	75	6 00	50 00
3 to 4 ft.....	1 00	7 50	60 00
4 to 5 ft.....	1 25	10 00	75 00
5 to 6 ft., bushy specimens....	2 00	15 00	
8 to 10 ft.....	3 25	20 00	175 00
Large bushy specimens..\$4 to 25 00			
sylvatica asplenifolia. Fern-leaved Beech. 7 ft.....	2 50		
sylvatica heterophylla. Cut-leaved Beech. 2 to 3 ft....	1 75	15 00	
3 to 4 ft.....	2 00		
sylvatica pendula. Weeping Beech. 3 to 4 ft.....	1 50	12 50	
4 to 5 ft.....	2 00		
5 to 7 ft.....	2 50		
sylvatica purpurea. Copper Beech. 10 to 18 in.....	75	5 00	35 00
sylvatica Riversii. Blood-leaved Beech. 2 to 3 ft.....	1 00	7 50	
3 to 4 ft.....	1 50	12 50	125 00
4 to 5 ft.....	2 00	17 50	175 00
5 to 6 ft.....	2 50	20 00	
FRANKLIN TREE. See <i>Gordonia</i> .			
FRAXINUS Americana. American Ash. Use it freely; it is a great tree and thrives on lawn or street. 10 to 11 ft....	1 50	15 00	100 00
atrovirens. 7 to 8 ft.....	1 50		
Berlandieriana. 4 to 5 ft.....	1 00		
Bungeana. 4 to 5 ft.....	75		
elonga Japonica. 4 to 5 ft.....	75		

	Each	10	100
Fraxinus excelsior. English Ash. One of the best of all ornamental trees—			
8 to 10 ft.....	\$1 00	\$8 00	
10 to 12 ft.....	1 50	12 50	\$100 00
12 to 14 ft.....	2 00	15 00	125 00
14 to 16 ft., heavy specimens..	4 00	40 00	
excelsior aucubæfolia. Mottled foliage. 6 to 10 ft.....	1 50	12 50	
11 to 12 ft.....	2 50		
excelsior aurea. Golden-leaved Ash. 4 to 5 ft.....	1 00	7 50	
excelsior globosa. Globe-headed Ash. 7 to 8 ft., stems.....	1 50	12 50	
excelsior heterophylla. 8 to 10 ft.	1 50	12 50	
excelsior jaspidea. Golden-barked Ash. 3 to 4 ft.....	1 00		
excelsior lenticifolia. 3 to 4 ft..	75		
excelsior lenticifolia pendula. —			
6 to 7 ft., stems, 2-yr. heads...	2 00	15 00	
6 to 9 ft., stems, 3-yr. heads...	2 50	20 00	
7 to 8 ft., 6-yr. heads.....	3 00	25 00	
excelsior pendula. Weeping Ash. 6 to 7 ft., stems, 2-yr. heads...	2 00	15 00	
7 to 10 ft., stems, 6-yr. heads..	3 00	25 00	
excelsior pendula aurea. Golden-bark Weeping Ash—			
8 ft., stems, 2-yr. heads.....	2 00		
7 to 8 ft., stems, 6-yr. heads...	3 00	25 00	
Mandshurica. 4 to 5 ft.....	75		
Oregona. Oregon Ash. 3 to 4 ft.	50		
Ornus. Flowering Ash—			
8 to 9 ft., specimens.....	1 50	15 00	125 00
platycarpa. Water Ash—			
2½ to 3 ft.....	25		
potamophila. 2 to 3 ft.....	75		
pubescens. Red Ash. 3 to 4 ft..	35		
quadrangulata. Blue Ash—			
6 to 8 ft.....	1 25	10 00	
8 to 10 ft.....	1 50	12 50	
salicifolia. 6 to 7 ft.....	1 50		
sambucifolia. 4 to 5 ft.....	75	5 00	40 00
viridis. Green Ash. A beautiful, thrifty tree and one which we urge planters to use for street or lawn. 10 to 11 ft...	1 50	15 00	100 00
GINKGO. See <i>Salisburia</i> .			
GLEDITSCHIA Japonica. Japanese Honey Locust. 4 to 5 ft....	75		
Sinensis. Chinese Honey Locust. 5 ft.....	75		
triacanthos. Honey Locust—			
7 to 10 ft.....	1 00	9 00	75 00
GLYPTOSTROBUS Sinensis pendula. Chinese Cypress—			
5 ft., bushy.....	2 50		
GORDONIA pubescens. Franklin Tree. 6-in. pots.....	1 50	12 50	100 00
GUM. See <i>Liquidambar</i> .			
GYMNOCLADUS Canadensis. Kentucky Coffee—			
6 to 8 ft.....	1 00	6 00	40 00
9 to 10 ft.....	1 50	10 00	
HERCULES' CLUB. See <i>Aralia</i> .			
HICKORY. See <i>Carya</i> .			
HOP TREE. See <i>Ptelea</i> .			
HORNBEAM. See <i>Carpinus</i> .			
HORSE-CHESTNUT. See <i>Æsculus</i> .			
JUDAS TREE. See <i>Cercis</i> .			
JUGLANS cinerea. Butternut—			
3 to 4 ft.....	50		
nigra. Black Walnut. 6 to 7 ft..	1 00	7 50	

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS TREES

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Juglans regia. English Walnut—				MIMOSA TREE. See Albizzia.			
4 to 5 ft.	\$0 75	\$5 00		MORUS multicaulis. 4 to 6 ft.	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00
5 to 6 ft.	1 00	7 50		rubra, Downing's Everbearing—			
Sieboldiana. Japanese Walnut—				4 to 6 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
5 to 6 ft.	1 25	9 00		5 to 6 ft., heavy	75	5 00	
KÖLREUTERIA paniculata. Var-				rubra, Hick's Everbearing—			
nish Tree. 4 to 5 ft.	75	6 00	\$50 00	4 to 5 ft.	35	2 50	
5 to 6 ft.	1 00	9 00	75 00	Tatarica. 6 to 7 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	90 00	Tatarica. Teas' Weeping—			
LABURNUM. See Cytisus.				5 to 6 ft., 4-yr. heads.	3 00	20 00	150 00
LARCH. See Larix and Pseudo-				5 to 6 ft., specimens	4 00	30 00	
Larix.				MOUNTAIN ASH. See Pyrus.			
LARIX Americana. American				MULBERRY. See Morus and			
Larch or Tamarack. 2 to 3 ft.	35			Broussonetia.			
4 to 5 ft.	75			NEGUNDO aceroides. Ash-leaved			
Europæa. European Larch—				Maple. 9 to 10 ft.	1 25	10 00	75 00
2 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	12 to 14 ft.	2 00	15 00	100 00
5 to 6 ft.	1 50			14 to 15 ft.	2 50	20 00	175 00
6 to 7 ft.	2 00			aceroides folius aureus. Varie-			
Kämpferi. See Pseudo-Larix.				gated. 3 to 4 ft., tubs.	1 50		
leptolepis. Japanese Larch—				NETTLE. See Celtis.			
5 ft., tubs.	2 00			OAK. See Quercus.			
LAURUS. See Lindera and Sassa-				OSAGE ORANGE. See Maclura.			
fras.				OXYDENDRUM. See Andromeda.			
LIME, or LINDEN. See Tilia.				PAGODA TREE. See Sophora.			
LINDERA Benzoin. See Shrubs.				PAPER MULBERRY. See Brous-			
LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua. Sweet				sonetia.			
Gum. Shapely habit, and				PAULOWNIA imperialis. Empress			
shows brilliant fall foliage—				Tree. 4 to 5 ft.	1 00	7 50	
5 to 6 ft.	1 00	8 00	70 00	PAVIA rubra. 4 to 5 ft.	50		
6 to 7 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00	PEACH, Flowering. See Amyg-			
LIRIODENDRON tulipifera. Tulip				dalus.			
Tree. 6 to 7 ft.	1 25	10 00	85 00	PERSIMMON. See Diospyros.			
8 to 10 ft.	1 50			PHELLODENDRON Amurense.			
LOCUST. See Gleditschia and				Chinese Cork Tree. 5 ft.	75		
Robinia.				6 to 7 ft.	1 50		
MACLURA aurantiaca. Osage				Regeliana. 3 to 4 ft.	50		
Orange. 5 to 6 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	PHOTINIA villosa. Valued for its			
MAGNOLIA acuminata. Cucum-				pretty fall berries and foli-			
ber Tree. 5 to 6 ft.	2 00			age. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
conspicua. Chinese White Mag-				6 to 7 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00
nolia. 2 to 2½ ft., pots	1 50	15 00	125 00	PLANE. See Platanus.			
3 to 3½ ft.	2 00	15 00	125 00	PLANERA cuspidata. 2 to 3 ft.	50		
Fraseri. Specimens	\$2 to 5 00			Kiaki. 3 ft.	75	5 00	
glauca. Sweet Bay. 2 to 3 ft. ..	1 00			7 to 8 ft.	2 00	17 50	
Halleana. See <i>M. stellata</i> .				Richardii. 2 to 3 ft.	1 00		
Kobus. Japanese Magnolia—				Richardii pendula—			
3½ to 4 ft.	2 00			5-yr. heads.	\$3 and 4 00		
Lennei. Dark purple. 3 to 3½ ft.	2 50	20 00		PLATANUS occidentalis. American			
3 ft., tubs.	3 50			Plane. 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	
purpurea. Purple-flowered Mag-				orientalis. Oriental Plane—			
nolia. 18 to 24 in.	1 50	13 50		8 to 10 ft.	75	6 00	50 00
2½ to 3 ft., tubs.	2 00	20 00	175 00	10 to 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00
Soulangiana. Pink-flowered				14 to 15 ft.	2 50	22 50	200 00
Magnolia. 3 to 4 ft., bushy.	1 50			Extra heavy specimens.	5 00		
8 to 9 ft.	5 00			POPLAR. See Populus.			
speciosa. 12 to 18 in., pots	1 00	8 00		POPULUS alba Bolleana. Pyrami-			
3 to 4 ft.	2 00	20 00	200 00	dal Silver Poplar. 6 to 8 ft. .	1 00	7 50	50 00
3 to 3½ ft., tubs.	2 50	25 00	200 00	10 to 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00
3 to 4 ft., tubs.	3 50	30 00		argentea. 6 to 8 ft.	1 00	7 50	50 00
stellata (Halleana). Dwarf Mag-				balsamifera. Balsam Poplar—			
nolia. 12 to 15 in., pots.	1 75	15 00	125 00	8 to 10 ft.	1 25	8 00	65 00
12 to 18 in., bushy.	2 00	17 50	150 00	crispa. 7 ft.	1 00		
2 to 2½ ft., tubs.	2 50	20 00		fastigiata. Lombardy Poplar.			
2½ to 3 ft., bushy.	3 00	25 00	200 00	More shapely and thrifty			
tripetala. Umbrella Magnolia—				than are usually sold—			
5 to 6 ft.	1 00	8 00		10 to 12 ft.	1 50	10 00	75 00
12 to 14 ft., 3 to 4 in., spec.	4 00	35 00	300 00	10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 2 in. caliper,			
MAPLE. See Acer.				low-branched; specimen ...	2 00	17 50	125 00
MELIA Azederach. China Tree—							
12 to 18 in.	25						
3 to 4 ft.	50						

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS TREES

	Each	10	100
Populus monilifera. Carolina			
Poplar. 10 to 12 ft.....	\$1 00	\$7 50	\$50 00
12 to 14 ft.	1 50	12 50	80 00
Ontariensis. 8 to 10 ft.	1 00		
pendula. 5-ft. stems, 3-yr. heads. 2 50			
tremuloides. Aspen Poplar—			
6 to 8 ft.	75	5 00	
PRICKLY ASH. See <i>Zanthoxylon</i> .			
PSEUDO-LARIX Kämpferi. Japanese Golden Larch—			
2 to 2½ ft., 8 to 9 in. tubs.....	2 50		
PTELEA trifoliata. Hop Tree—			
2 to 3 ft.	35	2 00	15 00
trifoliata, Tree Form. 6 to 7 ft. ...	1 00	7 50	50 00
trifoliata aurea. Golden-leaved Hop Tree. An odd tree which adds a dash of color to a lawn. 6 to 7 ft.....	1 00	7 50	60 00
trifoliata aurea, Tree Form—			
6 to 7 ft.	1 25	10 00	80 00
PTEROSTYRAX hispidum—			
5 to 6 ft.	2 50	20 00	
PYRUS Aucuparia. European			
Mountain Ash. 6 to 8 ft.	1 00		
baccata pendula. 1 to 2 ft.	50		
baccata præcox. 3 to 4 ft.	75	6 00	
coronaria. Sweet-scented Crab—			
2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Ioensis. Bechtel's Double-flowering Crab. Bears great crops of double flowers looking like pretty roses—			
3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 50	
Malus floribunda. 18 to 24 in. ...	35		
Malus Sinensis. 1 to 2 ft.	35	2 50	
Malus spectabilis. 1 to 2 ft.	25	2 00	
4 to 6 ft.	75	5 00	40 00
Malus Toringo. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
4½ to 5 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
salicifolia argentea pendula—			
2 to 2½ ft.	50		
QUERCUS alba. White Oak—			
4 to 5 ft.	1 00	8 00	75 00
6 to 8 ft.	1 50	12 50	
Heavy specimens\$3 to 8 00			
bicolor. Meadow Oak. No mistake will be made by planting this variety. It is a rapid grower, very thrifty and is much admired. 8 to 10 ft. ...	1 50	13 50	125 00
10 to 12 ft.	2 00	17 50	150 00
12 to 14 ft.	2 75	25 00	235 00
16 to 18 ft.	\$4 to 6 00		
25 to 30 ft.	50 00		
Heavy specimens\$3 50 to 5 00			
Extra heavy.....\$12 to 15 00			
Cerris. Turkey Oak—			
10 to 12 ft., light.....	1 00	10 00	
9 to 10 ft.	1 75	15 00	
12 to 14 ft.	\$2 50 to 3 50		
14 to 15 ft.	\$4 to 6 00		
coccinea. Scarlet Oak. A handsome tree producing striking fall foliage effects. 4 to 5 ft. ...	75	6 00	40 00
5 to 6 ft.	1 00	8 00	60 00
7 to 9 ft.	1 50	12 50	
8 to 10 ft.	1 75	15 00	135 00
12 to 14 ft.	2 50		
12 to 14 ft., heavy specimens ..	3 50	30 00	
14 to 16 ft., heavy spec.\$5 to 10 00			
16 ft.	\$12 to 30 00		
dentata (Daimio). Japanese			
Oak. 2 to 3 ft.	35		
imbricaria. Northern Laurel			
Oak. 12 to 14 ft., bushy	20 00		

	Each	10	100
Quercus laurifolia. Laurel Oak—			
12 to 18 in.	\$0 25		
lyrata. 2 to 3 ft.	50		
macrocarpa. Mossy Cup Oak—			
7 to 9 ft.	1 25	\$10 00	
10 to 12 ft.	2 00	15 00	
Heavy specimens\$6 to 20 00			
Michauxii. 6 to 7 ft.	1 00		
obtusiloba. Post Oak. 8 to 10 ft. 2 00			
10 to 12 ft.	2 50		
olivæformis. 10 to 12 ft.	2 00		
12 to 14 ft.	3 00		
palustris. Pin Oak. Use this for street planting or as a lawn specimen. Shapely, of very rapid growth and highly desirable in every way—			
8 to 9 ft.	1 50	13 50	
10 to 11 ft.	2 50	22 50	\$200 00
14 ft.	3 50	27 50	
14 to 16 ft., specimens....\$4 to 6 00			
16 to 18 ft.	\$8 to 12 00		
Heavy low-branched specimens.....\$12 to 25 00			
palustri-imbricaria—			
8 to 10 ft.	1 25	10 00	
10 to 12 ft.	2 00	17 50	
Phellos. Willow Oak. 6 to 8 ft. ...	1 50	12 50	
8 to 9 ft.	2 00	17 50	150 00
9 to 10 ft.	2 50	22 50	200 00
10 to 12 ft.	3 50		
prinoides. Dwarf Chestnut Oak—			
5 to 7 ft.	1 25		
Prinus. Rock Chestnut Oak—			
8 to 9 ft.	1 25	10 00	90 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00
10 to 12 ft., heavier specimens. 2 50		20 00	
14 ft., specimens.....\$3.50 to 5 00			
18 ft., specimens.....15 00			
Robur. English Oak. 8 to 10 ft. ...	1 50	10 00	100 00
8 to 10 ft. heavier specimens..	3 00	25 00	
15 to 18 ft.	5 00		
Robur Concordia. Golden-leaved Oak—			
6 to 7 ft., grafted, 4-yr. heads..	2 50		
Robur fastigiata viridis. Pyramidal Oak—			
14 ft., specimens.....30 00			
Robur pendula. Weeping English Oak. 5 ft.	2 00		
rubra. Red Oak. This is one of the best of the Oaks for general planting. 8 to 10 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00
10 to 12 ft.	2 00	17 50	125 00
10 to 12 ft., special stock.....	2 50	20 00	175 00
12 to 14 ft.	3 00	25 00	200 00
14 to 15 ft.	3 50	30 00	
15 to 16 ft.	\$3.75 to 10 00		
16 to 18 ft.	\$12 to 30 00		
Texana. Texan Oak. 7 to 8 ft. ...	1 00		
8 to 9 ft.	1 50		
10 to 12 ft.	2 00		
14 to 15 ft.	3 75		
tinctoria. Black Oak. 9 to 10 ft. ...	1 25		
10 to 12 ft.	1 75	15 00	
12 to 14 ft.	2 50	20 00	
12 to 14 ft., heavier specimens. 3 50			
12 to 16 ft., specimens\$4 to 6 00			
12 to 16 ft., extra heavy spec. 30 00			
ROBINIA hispida. Rose Acacia.			
See Shrubs.			
Pseud-Acacia. Yellow Locust—			
4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
7 to 9 ft.	75	6 00	40 00
viscosa. 3½ to 4 ft.	50		

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS TREES

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
ROWAN TREE , See <i>Pyrus Aucuparia</i> .				Tilia Europæa aurea . Golden-leaved Linden—			
SALISBURIA adiantifolia . Ginkgo. Maidenhair Tree—				2 to 3 ft.	\$1 50	\$10 00	
6 to 8 ft.	\$1 00	\$9 00		Europæa laciniata rubra . Cut-leaved Linden. 3 to 4 ft.	1 50		
9 to 10 ft.	2 00	12 50		6 to 8 ft.	2 50		
12 to 14 ft., heavy.	2 50	20 00		Europæa platyphyllos . Large-leaved Linden. 6 to 8 ft.	1 00	8 00	
adiantifolia . Female. 5 to 6 ft.	1 50			8 to 10 ft.	1 50	10 00	
SALIX aurea pendula . Golden Weeping Willow. 8 to 10 ft.	1 50	12 50		9 to 10 ft., heavy.	2 00	15 00	
Babylonica . Weeping Willow—				Heavy specimens.	\$6 to 12 00		
7 to 9 ft.	1 00	7 50	\$60 00	Parmentieri . Weeping Linden—			
Babylonica . Wisconsin Weeping Willow. 7 ft.	1 50	10 00		7 to 9 ft.	2 50		
caprea . Goat, or Pussy Willow—				TULIP TREE . See <i>Liriodendron</i> .			
18 to 24 in.	25	1 25	8 00	ULMUS alata . Winged Elm—			
caprea pendula . Kilmarnock Weeping Willow.	1 50	12 50		4 to 5 ft.	1 00	7 50	\$50 00
pentandra . Laurel-leaved Willow. Its very glossy leaves and attractive habit of growth make it much appreciated by lovers of trees. Try one—				7 ft.	2 50		
3 to 4 ft.	50	4 50	35 00	Americana . American Elm. An especially fine lot—			
8 to 9 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00	9 to 11 ft.	1 50	12 50	90 00
vitellina . Golden-barked Willow. 7 to 8 ft., bushy.	1 50	12 50	100 00	11 to 12 ft.	2 00	15 00	100 00
vitellina Britzensis . Flame-barked Willow. 6 ft., bushy.	1 00	7 50		12 to 14 ft., heavy.	3 00	25 00	
SASSAFRAS officinale . Sassafras. 2 to 3 ft.	75			15 ft., specimens.	4 00		
SOPHORA Japonica . Pagoda Tree—				Americana pendula . Weeping American Elm—			
3 to 4 ft., bushy.	1 50	12 50		7 to 8 ft.	3 00		
violacea . 18 to 24 in.	75	5 00		campestris . English Elm—			
SORREL TREE . See <i>Andromeda</i> .				5 to 6 ft.	75	6 00	40 00
STYRAX Obassia . 4 to 5 ft.	1 25			6 to 8 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00
5 to 6 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00	campestris variegata . 2 ft.	1 00		
TAMARACK . See <i>Larix Americana</i> .				crassifolia . 8 to 9 ft.	2 00		
TAXODIUM distichum . Deciduous, or Bald Cypress—				fastigiata . 2 to 3 ft.	50		
2 to 2½ ft.	1 00	7 50		parvifolia . 1 ft.	35		
TILIA Americana . American Linden, or Basswood—				montana . Wych Elm—			
7 to 9 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00	2 to 3 ft.	50		
9 to 10 ft.	1 50	12 50	100 00	montana (Huntingdon) —			
10 to 11 ft.	2 00	17 50		8 to 10 ft.	1 50		
11 to 12 ft., heavy specimens.	3 00			montana pendula . Camperdown Weeping Elm—			
15 to 16 ft.	3 00	25 00		5 to 6 ft., stems, 3-yr. heads.	1 50	10 00	100 00
Europæa . European Linden, or Lime—				montana purpurea . Purple-leaved Elm. 9 to 10 ft.	1 75	15 00	
8 to 10 ft., heavy specimens.	3 50			racemosa . Cork-barked Elm—			
Europæa argentea . Silver-leaved Linden. Grows very shapely and makes a lawn ornament of unquestioned value—				6 to 8 ft.	1 50	12 50	
6 to 7 ft.	1 75			Sinensis . 3 ft.	1 00		
8 ft., heavy.	2 50			VARNISH TREE . See <i>Kœlreuteria</i> .			
9 to 10 ft., bushy.	3 25			VIRGILIA . See <i>Cladrastis</i> .			
20 ft., specimen.	\$20 to 40 00			WALNUT . See <i>Juglans</i> .			
				WILLOW . See <i>Salix</i> .			
				YELLOW-WOOD . See <i>Cladrastis</i> .			
				ZANTHOXYLON Americanum (<i>Fraxineum</i>). Prickly Ash—			
				3 to 4 ft.	1 00	7 50	
				4 to 4½ ft.	1 50	10 00	
				piperitum . Japanese Prickly Ash. 3 to 4 ft.	35		
				ZELKOVA crenata . 18 to 24 in.	50		

THE PERSIMMON

Is a very ornamental tree. It has excellent foliage and its fruit makes an attractive appearance. It is listed under *Diospyros*.

Price-List of Deciduous Shrubs

CONTAINS COMMON NAMES

Buyers are favored with the 10 rate quoted on each item if 25 or more shrubs in any assortment are taken; the 100 rate for 100 in any assortment; 5 plants of any one variety and size receive the benefit of the 10 rate, and 25 at the 100 rate. Where 10 or 100 rates are not named, special rates cannot be made on those items.

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
ABELIA Chinensis (rupestris) —				Berberis Thunbergii. Japanese			
12 to 18 in.....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$20 00	Barberry. Our immense			
ALMOND, Flowering. See Amygdalus.				stock enables us to offer ex-			
ALNUS serrulata. Swamp Alder.				ceptionally thrifty plants—			
See also Trees. 5 ft.....	75			12 to 18 in. per 1,000, \$110..	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
ALTHÆA. See Hibiscus.				18 to 24 in., heavy. 1,000, \$140..	35	3 00	20 00
AMELANCHIER Botryapium.				vulgaris. Common Barberry—			
Snowy Mespilus; Juneberry.				12 to 18 in., bushy..1,000, \$75..	25	2 00	15 00
18 to 24 in.....	30	2 50	20 00	18 to 24 in. per 1,000, \$100..	35	2 50	20 00
2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	2 to 2½ ft. per 1,000, \$125..	50	3 50	25 00
Canadensis rotundifolia. 2 ft. ...	25			vulgaris purpurea. Purple Bar-			
nana. 1 ft.....	25	2 00	15 00	berry. 18 to 24 in.....	35	3 00	25 00
AMORPHA canescens. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	12 00	2 to 2½ ft.....	50	4 00	35 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy.....	35	3 00	20 00	BLADDERNUT. See Staphylea.			
fruticosa. Indigo Shrub—				Senna. See Colutea.			
4 to 5 ft.	35	3 00	25 00	BRAMBLE. See Rubus.			
AMYGDALUS nana. White-flower-				BUCKTHORN. See Rhamnus.			
ing Almond. 2 to 3 ft.....	35	2 50	20 00	BUDDLEIA curviflora. 3 to 4 ft...	35		
nana. Pink. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	intermedia. 12 to 18 in.....	50		
2½ to 3 ft., bushy.....	50	3 50	30 00	Japonica. 3 to 4 ft.....	35		
ANDROMEDA ligustrina —				Lindleyana. 18 to 24 in.	50		
18 to 24 in., bushy	50	3 50		5 to 6 ft., heavy	3 00		
Mariana. 8 to 10 in., bushy	25	2 00	15 00	variabilis. 4 to 5 ft., bushy.....	75	6 00	
racemosa. 18 to 24 in.....	35	2 50		BURNING BUSH. See Euonymus.			
ARALIA pentaphylla. 1 to 2 ft....	25	2 00	12 00	BUTTONBALL SHRUB. See Ceph-			
2 to 3 ft.	50	3 00	20 00	alanthus.			
AZALEA amœna. See Evergreens.				CALLICARPA Japonica. 12 to 18 in.	50		
arborescens. 1 ft.	50	4 00	35 00	Mimurazalsi. 1 ft.....	50		
calendulacea. Flame-colored				purpurea. 1 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
Azalea. 2 to 2½ ft.....	1 00	8 50	75 00	2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	50	3 50	25 00
Mollis, Red. Chinese Azalea.				CALYCANTHUS lævigatus. Sweet			
We have a fine stock of				Shrub. 18 to 24 in.....	35		
<i>Azalea Mollis</i> in both red				3 to 4 ft.....	75	4 00	
and yellow varieties—				floridus (true). 18 in.	35	2 50	
12 to 15 in.....	75	5 00	40 00	CARAGANA arborescens. Siberian			
18 in., bushy.....	1 00	7 50	60 00	Pea. 3 to 4 ft.....	50	3 00	20 00
2 ft., bushy	1 50	13 50	125 00	4 ft., bushy	75		
2½ ft., clumps	2 00	17 50		arborescens pendula. Weeping			
Mollis, Yellow. 12 to 15 in.....	75	5 00	40 00	Siberian Pea. Takes up little			
18 in., bushy	1 00	7 50	60 00	room and is very ornamen-			
2 ft., bushy	1 50	13 50	125 00	tal. 3 ft. stems, 2-yr. heads.	1 00	8 00	
2½ ft., clumps	2 00	17 50		3 to 4 ft., 4-yr. heads.....	2 50	22 50	200 00
nudiflora. Wood Azalea—				CARYOPTERIS Mastacanthus.			
12 to 15 in.....	50			Verbena Shrub. Its bright			
Pontica. Ghent Azalea—				blue flowers make a great			
12 to 15 in.	75	6 00	50 00	showing in the fall when			
2 to 2½ ft.	1 50	13 50	100 00	there is a scarcity of bloom.			
viscosa. 18 to 24 in.	50	3 50	30 00	18 in., 7-in. pots.....	50	5 00	40 00
BACCHARIS halimifolia. Ground-				12 to 15 in.....	25	2 00	15 00
sel Shrub. 2 to 2½ ft.....	25	1 50	10 00	2 ft., bushy	35	3 00	25 00
3 to 3½ ft., bushy	50	4 00	30 00	CASSIA Marilandica. See Herba-			
5 to 6 ft., very heavy.....	1 25	10 00		ceous Plants.			
BERBERIS concinna. 6 to 10 in...	35			CEANOTHUS Americanus. Jersey			
Fremontii. 6 to 8 in.	35			Tea. 12 in.	35	2 50	20 00
ilicifolia. 7 to 9 in., pot-grown,				CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis.			
or 12 to 18 in., bushy.....	50	4 50		Buttonball Shrub—			
Sieboldii. 10 to 12 in.....	35			18 to 24 in., bushy	35		
Sinensis. 12 in.....	35			CERCIS Canadensis. See Trees.			
				Japonica. Japanese Judas—			
				12 to 18 in.....	35	3 00	25 00
				18 to 24 in.	50	3 50	30 00
				2½ to 3 ft.	75	5 00	35 00
				3 to 3½ ft.....	1 00	6 00	45 00

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
CHASTE SHRUB. See <i>Vitex</i> .				CRAPE MYRTLE. See <i>Lagerstrœmia</i> .			
CHIONANTHUS Virginica. White Fringe. Plant plenty of this worthy, large-growing shrub.				CRATÆGUS apiifolia. 18 to 24 in..\$0 75			
12 in.	\$0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00	coccinea. Scarlet-fruited Hawthorn—			
2½ to 3 ft., very fine	50	4 00	35 00	2½ to 3 ft.	35	\$3 00	\$20 00
3½ to 4 ft.	75	6 00	50 00	4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	30 00
CHOKE BERRY. See <i>Pyrus</i> .				6 to 8 ft.	1 50	10 00	
CINQUEFOIL, Shrubby. See <i>Potentilla</i> .				cordata. Washington Thorn—			
CLERODENDRON trichotomum.				2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
2 to 3 ft.	50			4 to 5 ft.	1 00	7 50	50 00
CLETHRA alnifolia. Sweet Pepper Bush. 2 ft., 7-in pots.	75	7 50		5 to 6 ft.	1 50	10 00	60 00
18 in.	35	2 50		Crus-galli. Cockspur Thorn—			
COLUTEA arborescens. Bladder Senna. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	12 00	2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 00	20 00	3 to 3½ ft.	50	4 00	25 00
CORCHORUS. See <i>Kerria</i> .				4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	30 00
CORNELIAN Cherry. See <i>Cornus Mas</i> .				flava. 3 to 4 ft.	35		
CORNUS alba (stolonifera). Red-twigged Dogwood—				Japonica. 3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	
18 to 24 in., bushy	35	3 00	25 00	mollis. 5 to 6 ft.	1 00		
3 to 3½ ft., bushy, cut back...	50	3 50	30 00	Oxyacantha. English Hawthorn—			
4 to 4½ ft.	75	5 00	40 00	12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00
alba. Yellow-barked—				2 to 2½ ft., cut back	50	4 50	40 00
2 ft., bushy, cut back.	50	3 50	25 00	3 to 4 ft.	75	5 00	35 00
alternifolia. 2 to 4 ft.	50	3 50		4 to 6 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00
Baileyi. 4 ft., bushy	75	5 00	40 00	Oxyacantha. Double Rose—			
glabrata. 3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50		5 to 5½ ft., very fine	1 00	7 50	
ignorata. 12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	12 00	Oxyacantha. Double White—			
3 to 4 ft., heavy	50			3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	30 00
Mas. Cornelian Cherry—				Oxyacantha. Paul's Scarlet—			
2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00	3½ to 4 ft.	50	4 50	
3 to 4 ft., heavy	50	4 00	30 00	Pyracantha Lalandi. See Evergreens.			
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	CURRENT, Flowering. See <i>Ribes</i> .			
Mas variegata. 12 to 18 in.	50	3 50		CYDONIA. See <i>Pyrus</i> .			
2 to 3 ft.	75	6 00		DAPHNE Cneorum. See Evergreens.			
paniculata. 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 00	20 00	Genkwa. 18 to 24 in.	75		
3 to 4 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	Mezereum. 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00
pubescens. 3½ to 4 ft., bushy....	35	2 50	20 00	Mezereum album. 12 to 18 in. ...	35	2 50	20 00
5 to 6 ft., bushy	75	6 00	50 00	DESMODIUM Japonicum (Lespedeza). White. 2 yrs.	25		
sanguinea. English Dogwood.				penduliflorum (L. Sieboldi).			
3 ft.	50	3 00	20 00	Rose. No lawn or garden is complete without a few plants of this pretty fall-blooming plant—			
5 ft., heavy	1 00			2 yrs.	25	2 00	18 00
sanguinea variegata—				3 yrs., pot-grown	35	2 50	20 00
2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00	6 yrs.	50	3 50	30 00
2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	DEUTZIA crenata—			
3 ft., heavy	75	6 00	45 00	2½ to 3 ft., cut back	50	3 50	30 00
sericea. Silky Dogwood. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	crenata. Double pink. This is the kind of stock any one can feel proud of—			
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	2 to 2½ ft., cut back	35	2 50	20 00
Sibirica variegata elegantissima.				3 to 3½ ft., very fine	50	3 50	25 00
12 to 18 in.	35	2 50	20 00	4 ft., extra heavy	75	5 00	40 00
Sibirica Spathii. 12 to 15 in.	35	2 50	20 00	crenata. Double White—			
stricta. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	12 00	2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 50	25 00
4 ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00	4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	40 00
CORYLOPSIS pauciflora—				crenata candidissima—			
2 ft., 8-in. tubs	1 50			2 to 2½ ft., cut back	35	2 50	20 00
COTONEASTER Simonsi. 1 to 2 ft.	35	2 50	15 00	crenata candidissima plena—			
2 to 3 ft., heavy	50	3 50	20 00	2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
CORYLUS Americana. American Hazel Nut. 2 to 3 ft., bushy.	75			3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 50	25 00
Avellana. European Hazel Nut.				Fortunei. 5 ft., specimens.	1 50		
4 ft., bushy	1 00			gracilis. These are very bushy and thrifty—			
Avellana Pontica. Filbert. 2 ft..	35			10 to 12 in.	25	1 50	12 00
Avellana purpurea. Purple Hazel. Its color and habit make this variety quite useful in shrub plantings—				12 to 15 in.	35	2 00	18 00
2 ft.	50	4 00		12 to 18 in. very bushy	50	3 50	25 00
3 to 4 ft., bushy	1 00	8 00	70 00	gracilis rosea. 8 to 10 in.	25	2 00	15 00
				2 ft.	50	3 50	25 00

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100
Deutzia Lemoinei. One of the best of all. Our plants are remarkably good—			
12 to 18 in., bushy	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
2 to 2½ ft., especially fine.....	50	3 50	25 00
Pride of Rochester. 3 to 3½ ft. ..	50	4 00	30 00
4 ft., extra heavy	75	5 00	40 00
scabra. 2½ to 3 ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00
DIERVILLA sessilifolia. 2 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
See also Weigela.			
DOGWOOD. See Cornus.			
ELÆAGNUS angustifolia (hortensis). Silver Thorn; Russian			
Olive. 10 to 12 in.	25	1 50	10 00
2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
5 to 6 ft.	75		
longipes. 18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	
longipes. Berry-bearing. Of decided ornamental value; and its great crops of pretty berries make an excellent jelly of delicious flavor. 2½ to 3 ft.	50	4 00	
3 to 3½ ft., heavy	75	5 00	35 00
parvifolia. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	
umbellata. 6 to 7 ft., heavy bushes	2 50		
ELDER. See Sambucus.			
EUONYMUS alatus. Winged			
Strawberry Bush. 8 to 12 in.	50	3 50	
Bungeanus. 8 to 9 ft.	1 25		
Europæus. European Burning			
Bush. 4 to 5 ft.	75	6 00	40 00
Europæus latifolius. 6 in.	35		
EXOCHORDA grandiflora. Pearl			
Bush. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	18 00
3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 00	20 00
FILBERT. See Corylus.			
FIRE BUSH. See Pyrus.			
FORESTIERA ligustrina. 1 ft.	35		
FORSYTHIA Fortunei. Drooping			
Golden Bell. 18 to 24 in.	25	1 25	12 00
2½ to 3 ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00
intermedia. 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	
suspensa. 18 to 24 in., bushy	35	2 50	18 00
2½ to 3 ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00
5 to 6 ft., very heavy	1 50		
viridissima. Golden Bell. Every one is glad to see its blossoms, as they appear so early in spring. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 50	30 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	4 00	35 00
viridissima variegata. 3 ft.	50		
FOTHERGILLA alnifolia—			
18 to 24 in.	1 00		
GENISTA scoparia. Scotch Broom. 2 ft.	35		
GOLDEN BELL. See Forsythia.			
Elder. See Sambucus.			
GROUNDSEL SHRUB. See Baccharis.			
HALESIA diptera. Snowdrop			
Tree. Silver Bell. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Meehani. 12 to 15 in.	35		
tetraptera. Snowdrop Tree. Silver Bell. 18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	
HALIMODENDRON argenteum—			
10 to 12 in.	35	2 50	
2 to 3 ft.	50		

	Each	10	100
HAMAMELIS Japonica. Japanese			
Witch Hazel. 2 to 3 ft.	\$0 50		
Virginica. Witch Hazel—			
3 to 4 ft.	50	\$4 00	\$35 00
HAWTHORN. See Crataegus.			
HAZEL NUT. See Corylus.			
HIBISCUS Syriacus (Althæa) varieties—			
Amaranthe. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
Bicolor. 4 to 5 ft.	75		
Blanc de Foudrange. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
Boule de Feu. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Carnation striped—			
3 to 4 ft., heavy	50	3 50	25 00
Carnea plena. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Cœlestis. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Comte de Flandre. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy	35	3 00	
Duc de Brabant. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Duchesse de Brabant. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	
Elegantissima. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Fleur Blanche. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
Jean d'Arc. 2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Lady Stanley. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
3 to 4 ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00
Leopoldi. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Lilac. Double. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Monstrosa plena. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	
2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	
Pœoniflora. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Panache. Double. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Pink. Single. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Pink. Double, red striped—			
2½ ft.	35	3 00	
Pompon Blanc. 2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	
Præcox. Double. 12 in.	25	1 50	
Ranunculiflora. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 50	
Red. Double. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	
Rouge. Purple; double—			
12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
Speciosa. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	
Totus albus. Single; white—			
12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	10 00
18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
4 to 4½ ft., bushy	1 00		
Variegated. Double—			
18 to 24 in., bushy	35	3 00	25 00
Violet Clare. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
White. Double. 3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	
HIPPOPHAE rhamnoides. Sea			
Buckthorn. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	
HOLLY. See Ilex (Evergreen) and Prinos.			
HONEYSUCKLE, Bush. See Lonicera.			
HYDRANGEA arborescens—			
12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	
Hortensia Japonica caerulea—			
8 to 10 in.	25	2 00	15 00
Hortensia Japonica "Imperatrice Eugenie." 8 to 10 in.	25	2 00	
Hortensia Otaksa. 6- and 7-in. pots.	1 00		
12-in. pots	2 00	17 50	
Hortensia Otaksa Thomas Hogg—			
18 in., 8-in. pots.	1 00		
2 ft., 8-in. pots	1 50	15 00	100 00
paniculata. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Hydrangea paniculata acuminata —				Ligustrum ovalifolium, Tree Form.			
18 to 24 in.	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00	5 ft., 4-yr. heads	\$2 00	\$20 00	
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	6 to 7 ft., 4-yr. heads	2 50	20 00	
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00	ovalifolium tricolor. 2 to 2½ ft.	75		
paniculata, Early-flowering —				3 to 3½ ft., or 18 to 24 in. in			
12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00	tubs	1 00	7 50	
18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	18 00	Regelianum. 12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	\$10 00
3½ to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00	Stauntoni. 4 ft., bushy	1 50		
paniculata grandiflora —				vulgare. 12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	12 00
18 to 24 in.	25	1 50	12 00	2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 ft., heavy	50	3 50	20 00	2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00	LILAC. See Syringa.			
paniculata grandiflora, Tree				LINDERA Benzoin. Spice Bush—			
form. 4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00	18 to 24 in.	35	2 00	15 00
quercifolia. Oak-leaved Hydran-				2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
gea. 8 to 12 in.	25	1 25	10 00	3 to 4 ft.	75	6 50	50 00
3 to 4 ft.	1 00			LONICERA Morrowi. Red-berried			
radiata. 8 to 10 in.	25	2 00	15 00	Bush Honeysuckle —			
12 to 18 in.	35	2 50	20 00	3 ft., bushy	50	4 00	30 00
3 to 3½ ft., bushy	75	5 00		Phylomelæ. 5 ft., specimens	1 00		
HYPERICUM aureum. St. John's				Ruprechtiana —			
Wort. 18 to 24 in.	35	3 00		7 to 8 ft., fine specimens	2 50		
densiflorum. 2 to 2½ ft., heavy..	35	3 00	25 00	Standishi. 12 to 18 in.	35	2 00	
Moserianum. Produces large,				18 to 24 in.	50	3 00	
yellow flowers, resembling				Tatarica alba. Tartarian Honey-			
pretty, single roses.				suckle. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
4-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	Tatarica. Red-berried—			
Moserianum tricolor. 6 to 8 in..	35	3 00	25 00	2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
prolificum. 15 to 18 in.	35	3 00		Tatarica grandiflora. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
INDIGO SHRUB. See Amorpha.				4 to 4½ ft.	50	3 50	30 00
INDIAN CURRANT. See Sym-				Xylosteum. Fly Honeysuckle—			
phoricarpus.				6 to 7 ft., heavy specimens	2 00		
ITEA Virginica. 10 to 12 in.	35	2 50	15 00	MIST BUSH. See Rhus.			
JUDAS, Japanese. See Cercis.				MOCK ORANGE. See Philadelphus.			
JUNEBERRY. See Amelanchier.				MYRICA cerifera. Wax Myrtle—			
KERRIA (Corchorus) Japonica.				10 to 15 in., bushy	35	3 00	25 00
Single. 1 ft.	25	1 50	12 00	NEVIUSIA Alabamensis —			
2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	3½ to 4 ft., bushy	1 00	7 50	
Japonica fl. pl. Double. Pretty				OLIVE, Russian. See Elæagnus.			
flowers, leaves and stems.				PEARL BUSH. See Exochorda.			
This is one of the very popu-				PEPPER BUSH, Sweet. See			
lar old-fashioned plants—				Clethra.			
12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00	PHILADELPHUS Columbianus —			
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	18 to 24 in.	50		
Japonica variegata. 18 to 24 in. .	35	2 50	20 00	coronarius. Mock Orange. This			
LAGERSTROMIA Indica. Crape				has an especially pleasing			
Myrtle. Pink or white—				fragrance. 12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00
1 to 2 ft., 8-in. tub	1 50	10 00		2 to 2½ ft., bushy	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft., 8-in. tub	2 00	17 50		5 ft., bushy	75		
LESPEDEZA bicolor. 2 to 2½ ft..	25			coronarius. Tree form—			
See also Desmodium.				5 ft., 4-yr. heads	1 75		
LIGUSTRUM Amurense. Privet—				coronarius aureus. 10 to 12 in.	25	2 00	18 00
12 to 18 in.	35	2 50	18 00	2 to 2½ ft., bushy	50	4 00	25 00
Ibota. Of greater hardiness than				coronarius nanus. Makes a good			
the California Privet. Our				border for shrubbery.			
stock is extra good—				2 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
12 to 18 in.	25	1 50	8 00	2½ ft.	50	4 00	25 00
12 to 18 in., bushy	35	2 00	15 00	2½ to 3 ft.	75	5 00	35 00
2 to 2½ ft., bushy	35	3 00	20 00	coronarius rosea flora plena —			
3 ft., bushy	50	3 50	30 00	10 to 12 in.	25	2 00	18 00
4 to 5 ft., bushy	75	6 00	50 00	coronarius semi plenus —			
Japonicum. See Evergreens.				18 in., bushy	50		
myrtifolium. 3 ft.	75			coronarius Zeyheri. A good			
ovalifolium. California Privet.				Mock Orange of strong-grow-			
For such exceptionally				ing nature. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
thrifty stock these prices are				3 to 4 ft.	50		
very reasonable—				6 to 7 ft.	1 25		
1 ft. per 1,000, \$10..		50	2 50	Gordonianus. 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	15 00
12 to 18 in.	25	1 75	12 00	3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 50	30 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy	35	1 50	10 00				
3 to 4 ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00				
4 to 5 ft., bushy	75	5 00	35 00				
5 to 6 ft., bushy, spec.	1 00	7 50	40 00				
6 to 7 ft., bushy, spec.	1 25	9 00	60 00				

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100
Philadelphus grandiflorus —			
18 to 24 in.	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00
3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 50	25 00
5 to 6 ft.	75	6 00	
Lemoinei . 12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00
Lemoinei erectus . 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
Lemoinei hybrida . 1 to 2 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
2 to 2½ ft.	50	3 00	25 00
PLUM, Flowering . See <i>Prunus</i> .			
POTENTILLA fruticosa . Shrubby			
Cinquefoil. 12 to 15 in.	35	2 00	15 00
18 to 24 in.	50	3 50	25 00
PRINOS verticillatus . Berry-bearing Deciduous Holly—			
12 to 18 in.	50	3 00	25 00
18 to 24 in.	75	6 00	
PRIVET . See <i>Ligustrum</i> .			
PRUNUS Americana . Wild Plum—			
3 to 3½ ft.	35	2 50	
maritima . Beach Plum—			
18 to 24 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Pissardi . Purple-leaved Plum—			
3 to 3½ ft.	50	3 00	
triloba . Flowering Plum—			
2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	
PYRACANTHA . See <i>Cratægus</i> , Evergreens.			
PYRUS arbutifolia . Choke Berry—			
2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
(<i>Cydonia</i>) Japonica . Fire Bush—			
12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00
18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
2 to 2½ ft.	50	3 50	30 00
Japonica Maulei . 12 to 15 in.	25	2 00	15 00
18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
melanocarpa . 3 ft., bushy.	75	5 00	40 00
RASPBERRY, Flowering . See <i>Rubus</i> .			
RHAMNUS cathartica . Common			
Buckthorn. 18 to 24 in.	25	1 25	8 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 00	20 00
crenulata . 18 to 24 in.	25	1 50	10 00
Frangula . 2½ to 3 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
3 to 4 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
RHODOTYPOS kerrioides . At least one of these should be planted on every lawn—			
18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	18 00
2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 00	25 00
RHUS aromatica . Sweet-scented			
Sumach. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	18 00
2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
copallina . Shining Sumach—			
12 to 18 in.	35	3 00	25 00
cotinoides . 2 to 3 ft.	50	4 00	35 00
Cotinus . Mist Bush. 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
3 to 4 ft., bushy.	1 00	8 00	70 00
glabra . 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
glabra laciniata . Cut-leaved			
Sumach. 2 to 3 ft.	35		
Osbecki . Chinese Sumach. 8 ft.	2 00		
succedanea . Lac Sumach—			
8 to 10 ft.	1 50		
typhina . Stag's-horn Sumach—			
4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50	20 00
8 to 9 ft., low-branched.	1 00	7 50	
typhina laciniata . 18 to 24 in.	50	3 50	
RIBES alpinum . European Mountain Currant. 12 to 18 in.	25		
aureum . Flowering Currant—			
2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft., heavy.	75	6 00	50 00

	Each	10	100
Ribes floridum . 3 to 3½ ft., heavy.	\$0 50		
sanguineum . Red-flowering Currant. 12 to 18 in.	25	\$2 00	\$20 00
sanguineum albidum . 3 to 4 ft.	50		
fasciculatum Chinensis —			
3 to 3½ ft., heavy.	50	3 50	
ROBINIA hispida . Rose Acacia—			
2 to 3 ft.	35		
3 to 4 ft.	50		

ROSES

Bush Roses —			
Rosa blanda . 2 to 2½ ft., bushy.	35	3 00	25 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	30 00
canina . Dog Rose. 2 to 3 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
Carolina . 2 to 2½ ft.	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	30 00
Harrison's Yellow . 4-in. pots.	50	3 50	
lucida . 12 to 18 in.	25		
multiflora . 6-in. pots.	50	4 50	
18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00
nitida . 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
rubiginosa . Sweetbrier—			
5-in. pots.	50	3 50	
rugosa . Japanese. 12 to 18 in.	25	2 50	20 00
18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
rugosa alba —			
12 to 18 in., very bushy.	35	2 50	20 00
18 to 24 in., bushy.	50	3 50	30 00
rugosa Blanc double de Coubert . 7-in. pots.	1 00		
rugosa Mad. Georges Bruant —			
5-in. pots.	50	4 50	40 00
Hybrid Perpetual Roses . The best varieties, own root stock, from large pots, spring delivery.	50	4 50	40 00
Running or Trailing Roses —			
Alberic Barbier (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	18 00
5-in. pots.	50	4 50	40 00
Baby Rambler . 1 ft.	75	6 50	
Baltimore Belle . 6-in. pots.	50	4 50	40 00
Climbing Clothilde Soupert —			
18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00
2 to 2½ ft., pot-grown.	50	4 50	40 00
Crimson Rambler . 4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
6-in. pots.	50	4 50	40 00
4 to 5 ft., very heavy.	1 00	7 50	50 00
Dawson . 5-in. pots.	75	6 00	50 00
Dorothy Perkins (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00
Edwin Lonsdale (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
Empress of China . 7-in. pots.	75	6 00	50 00
Evergreen Gem (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	18 00
5-in. pots.	50	3 50	25 00
Gardenia (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 18 to 24 in.	50	3 50	25 00
Gloire de Dijon . 5-in. pots.	50	4 50	40 00
Jersey Beauty (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	18 00
5-in. pots.	50	3 50	
Paul's Carmine Pillar . 12 to 18 in.	50		
Philadelphia Crimson Rambler —			
18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
5-in. pots.	50	4 50	
Pink Roamer (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 5-in. pots.	50	3 50	25 00
Prairie Queen . 5-in. pots.	50	3 50	
Prof. C. S. Sargent (<i>Wichuraiana</i> Hybrid). 2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Reine Andre . 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00
5-in. pots.	50	4 50	40 00

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Running or Trailing Roses—				Spiræa callosa alba. 2 to 2½ ft.,			
Robert Craig (Wichuraiana Hybrid). 18 to 24 in.	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00	very bushy	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00
setigera. Prairie Rose. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	15 00	callosa superba. 18 to 24 in.,			
4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50	20 00	bushy	35	3 00	25 00
South Orange Perfection (Wichuraiana Hybrid). 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	18 00	2 to 2½ ft., bushy	50	4 00	30 00
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	carpinifolia. 3 ft., cut back	50	3 50	25 00
Universal Favorite (Wichuraiana Hybrid). 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	18 00	6 ft., heavy specimens	1 50		
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	crenata. 12 to 18 in.	35		
Wichuraiana, William K. Harris (Wichuraiana Hybrid)—				Douglasii. 18 to 24 in., bushy ...	35	2 00	18 00
2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00	2 to 3 ft., bushy	50	3 00	25 00
Yellow Rambler. 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	18 00	Indica. 4 to 5 ft., bushy	1 00	7 50	
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	opulifolia. 6 ft., specimen	1 25		
ROSE OF SHARON. See Hibiscus.				opulifolia, Tree Form—			
RUBUS fruticosus. Flowering				5 ft., stems, 4-yr. heads	2 00	17 50	125 00
Bramble. 18 in.	25	1 50	12 00	Extra heavy, 3 ft., stems	3 50		
laciniatus. Cut-leaved Bramble—				opulifolia aurea. Golden leaved			
1 to 2 ft.	35			Spiræa. 3 to 3½ ft., bushy ..	35	3 00	25 00
odoratus. Flowering Raspberry—				opulifolia aurea, Tree Form—			
2 ft.	35	2 00	15 00	4 ft., stems, 4-yr. heads	2 00	17 50	125 00
phoenicolasius. Japanese Wineberry. Strong roots	35			prunifolia flore plena. Double			
SAMBUCUS Canadensis. Elder—				Bridal Wreath. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
12 to 18 in.	25	1 25	8 00	2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00	Reevesii. The Reevesii variety, both single and double, is an old-time favorite which never will fall behind in sales. 2½ to 3 ft., bushy....	50	3 50	25 00
Canadensis aurea. Golden-leaved Elder. Well adapted for introducing a mass of bright color into shrubbery beds—				3 to 4 ft.	75	4 00	35 00
2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00	4 to 5 ft., bushy	1 00	6 00	
3 ft., heavy	50	4 00	35 00	Reevesii flore plena. Double—			
nigra. European Elder—				3 ft.	50	4 00	35 00
3 to 5 ft.	25			4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	40 00
nigra laciniata. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	Regeliana. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	5 ft., very fine	1 00	7 50	50 00
pubens. Red-berried Elder—				rotundifolia. 5 ft.	75	5 00	
3 to 4 ft.	50			salicifolia. 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00
6 to 7 ft.	1 00			3 to 4 ft., bushy	50		
racemosa. Red-berried Elder—				sorbifolia. 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	18 00
2½ to 3 ft., cut back	35	3 00	25 00	3 ft.	50	3 50	
SCOTCH BROOM. See Genista.				Thunbergii. Its foliage, as well as its flowers, is attractive—			
SEA BUCKTHORN. See Hippophaë.				2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	25 00
SENNA SHRUB. See Cassia, Herbaceous Plants.				3 to 3½ ft., bushy	50	4 00	
SHRUB, Sweet. See Calycanthus.				tomentosa alba. 12 to 18 in.	35	2 50	
SIBERIAN PEA. See Caragana.				vaccinifolia. 12 to 18 in.	35		
SILVER THORN. See Elæagnus.				Van Houttei. The planter cannot afford to omit this sort—			
SNOWBALL. See Viburnum.				2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	20 00
SNOWBERRY. See Symphoricarpos.				2 to 2½ ft., 7-in. pot	75	6 00	40 00
SNOWDROP TREE. See Halesia.				2½ to 3 ft., bushy	75	5 00	30 00
SPICE BUSH. See Lindera.				STAPHYLEA Bumalda. 18 to 24 in.	25		
SPIRÆA argentea. 4 to 5 ft.	50	3 50		Colchica. Bladder Nut—			
arguta. Include this in your planting. 2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
3½ to 4 ft.	75	6 00	50 00	2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
Billardi. 12 to 18 in., cut back ...	25	2 00	15 00	trifolia. 3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	
3 to 4 ft., cut back	50	3 50	25 00	4 to 5 ft.	75	6 00	50 00
5 ft., very fine, heavy	1 00	7 50	60 00	STEPHANANDRA flexuosa—			
Blumei. 18 in.	35			18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
Bumalda. 2½ ft., 8-in. tub.	75	6 00		2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	20 00
Bumalda, Anthony Waterer. Few plants are as popular—				ST. JOHN'S WORT. See Hypericum.			
12 to 18 in.	25	2 50	15 00	STRAWBERRY BUSH. See Eonymus.			
18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	18 00	STUARTIA pentagyna. 18 to 24 in.	75	5 00	
18 to 24 in., from 7-in. pot.	75	6 00	50 00	Virginica. 3 to 4 ft.	2 00		
callosa. 4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	STYRAX Japonica. 4 to 4½ ft.	75	6 00	
				5 ft., bushy	2 50		
				SUMACH. See Rhus.			
				SWEETBRIER. See Rosa.			
				SYMPHORICARPOS occidentalis.			
				Wolfberry. 18 to 24 in.	35		
				racemosus. White Snowberry—			
				2½ ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00
				3½ to 4 ft.	75	5 00	40 00

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Symphoricarpos vulgaris. Red				Viburnum dentatum—			
Snowberry or Indian Currant. 2½ to 3 ft.	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$20 00	2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$18 00
2½ to 3 ft., 8-in. tub.	75	6 00	40 00	3 ft.	50	3 50	20 00
vulgaris variegatus. 18 to 24 in.	50			4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	
SYRINGA Emodi (villosa). By all means give this odd variety a place. It is a pleasing kind. 18 to 24 in., bushy ...	35	2 50		dilatatum. 2 to 2½ ft., bushy....	35	2 50	
2½ to 3 ft., extra.....	50	3 50	35 00	Lantana. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	20 00
Emodi, Dr. Bretschneider—				3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00		4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	40 00
Japonica alba. 12 to 18 in.	50			Lentago. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
Josikæa. Hungarian Lilac—				2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	30 00
Pekinensis. 18 to 24 in., bushy..	25	2 50	20 00	molle (Nepalensis). 2 to 2½ ft..	35	2 50	18 00
2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00	3 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
Pekinensis pendula. Weeping				4 ft., very heavy I 00	8 00	60 00	
Syringa—				nudum. 2½ ft.	50	4 00	
8 to 10 ft., 6-yr. heads.....	3 00			3 to 4 ft.	75		
Persica alba. 18 to 24 in.	35	2 50		Opulus (Oxycoccus). High-bush			
2 to 3 ft.	50	3 00	25 00	Cranberry. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 50	20 00
Persica alba, Flora de Blanc—				2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	25 00
12 to 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00	2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00
Persica laciniata. 3 to 4 ft.	75	5 00	40 00	Opulus nanum—			
Rothomagensis. 18 to 24 in.	35	2 00	15 00	3 to 4 in. per 1,000, \$80..	25	1 50	10 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy 50	4 50			5 to 6 in. per 1,000, \$120..	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 3½ ft.	75	5 00	30 00	6 to 8 in. per 1,000, \$150..	35	2 50	20 00
3½ to 4 ft. I 00	7 50	50 00		Opulus sterilis. Common Snow-			
villosa. See Emodi.				ball. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 00	18 00
vulgaris. Common Lilac—				3 to 4 ft.	50	3 00	20 00
2 to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00	4 to 4½ ft.	75	4 00	25 00
3 to 3½ ft.	50	4 00	35 00	phlebotrychium. 5 ft.	75		
vulgaris alba. White Lilac—				plicatum. Japanese Snowball—			
2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00	18 to 24 in.	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 4½ ft.	75	6 00	40 00	plicatum rotundifolium—			
vulgaris, Charles X. Reddish				1 to 2 ft., bushy.....	35	3 00	25 00
purple. 2 ft., bushy.....	50	4 00	35 00	prunifolium. 2 ft.	50	3 00	
vulgaris, Mad. Casimir-Perrier.				Sieboldi. Rapid grower and it			
Double white. 2 to 3 ft.	35			has handsome foliage—			
vulgaris, Mad. Lemoine. Double				2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	25	2 50	20 00
white. 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50		2½ to 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
vulgaris Marie Legraye. Single				3 to 4 ft.	50	4 00	35 00
white. 2 to 3 ft.	75	6 00	50 00	4 to 5 ft., heavy.....	75	6 00	50 00
vulgaris Mathieu Dombasii—				5 to 6 ft., heavy..... I 00	7 50	60 00	
2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50		Sieboldi variegatum. 3 ft.	50		
vulgaris rubra insignis. Reddish				tomentosum. Makes a shapely			
lilac. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50		bush. Splendid foliage—			
vulgaris Rubra de Marley. Red.				2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	50	4 50	35 00
3 ft., bushy specimens..... I 00	10 00	100 00		3 to 4 ft.	75	6 00	40 00
TAMARIX Africana. Tamarisk—				4 to 5 ft. I 00	7 50	50 00	
3 to 4 ft.	35	2 00	15 00	5 to 6 ft., bushy specimens.... I 50	12 50	100 00	
5 to 6 ft., tree form.....	75	5 00		Wrightii. An uncommon variety			
Gallica. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	in which we take great pride.			
5 to 6 ft., tree form.....	75	5 00		"It is one of the best things			
Indica. 3 to 4 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	we have on our place," says			
4 to 5 ft.	50	3 00	25 00	Mr. Edward Meehan, who			
Japonica plumosa. Does well al-				has always lived among his			
most everywhere, even at the				plants, seldom if ever coming			
seashore. Its feathery foliage				near the office—			
is much admired. 2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00	2½ to 3 ft., bushy.....	75	5 00	40 00
3 to 4 ft.	50			VITEX Agnus-castus. Blue.			
3 to 4 ft., 8-in. tubs.....	75	6 00	50 00	Chaste Shrub. 18 to 24 in. ..	25	2 00	15 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	4 00	30 00	Agnus-castus alba. 12 to 18 in. ..	35		
Odessana. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 50		incisa. Chinese Chaste Shrub—			
tetrandra purpurea. 2 to 3 ft. ...	35	3 00	20 00	5 to 6 ft.	75	6 00	50 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00	WAX MYRTLE. See Myrica.			
3 to 4 ft., tree form.....	75	5 00		WEIGELA (Diervilla), Abel Car-			
TEA, JERSEY. See Ceanothus.				riere. 2 to 2½ ft., bushy	50	3 50	25 00
VERBENA SHRUB. See Caryop-				amabilis. 3 to 4 ft., bushy 50	3 50	25 00	
teris.				4 to 5 ft.	75	5 00	35 00
VIBURNUM cassinoides. 4 to 5 ft..	75			amabilis variegata. Has very			
cotinifolium. 2 ft.	35			ornamental foliage—			
				2½ ft., 8-in. tubs..... I 00	8 00	65 00	
				3 to 4 ft.	75		
				arborea versicolor. 3 ft.	50		
				candida. White.			
				2 to 3 ft., bushy.....	35	3 50	30 00
				3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
				4 ft., heavy 75	5 00	40 00	

PRICE-LIST OF DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Weigela Desboisii —				Weigela rosea , continued.			
2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$25 00	2½ to 3 ft.	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
Eva Rathke . 12 to 18 in.	35	2 50	20 00	2½ to 3 ft., 8-in. tubs.....	75	6 00	45 00
2½ to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	4 to 5 ft., heavy	75	6 00	45 00
floribunda . 18 to 24 in.	35			6 ft., heavy specimens	1 00	8 00	75 00
nana variegata . Compact, shapely and useful—				WHITE FRINGE . See Chionanthus.			
18 to 24 in., 7-in. pots	75	6 00	40 00	WITCH HAZEL . See Hamamelis.			
18 to 24 in., extra.....	35	3 00	25 00	WILD PLUM . See Prunus.			
rosea . Its pretty rose-colored flowers and neat habit of growth endear this variety to lovers of pretty plants—				XANTHOCERAS sorbifolia —			
				7-in. pots	1 00	10 00	75 00
				ZANTHORHIZA apiifolia —			
				1 ft., clumps	75	5 00	40 00

Price-List of Hardy Evergreens

CONTAINS COMMON NAMES

Buyers are favored with the 10 rate quoted on each item if 25 or more Evergreens in any assortment are taken; the 100 rate for 100 in any assortment; 5 plants of any one variety and size receive the benefit of the 10 rate, and 25 at the 100 rate. Where 10 or 100 rates are not named, special prices cannot be made on those items.

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
ABIES alba . White Spruce—				Abies polita . Tiger Tail Spruce—			
12 to 15 in., bushy	\$0 50	\$3 00	\$20 00	2 to 2½ ft.	\$3 00		
18 to 24 in.	50	4 00	30 00	pungens . Koster's and Meehan's			
Alcockiana . 18 in., 2½ ft. broad. 2 00				Colorado Blue Spruce. 15 in. 3 00			
Amorika . 2 to 3 ft.	2 50			18 in.	3 50		
3 to 4 ft.	5 00			2 ft.	4 50		
5 ft., specimens.....	6 00			2½ ft.	5 00		
Canadensis . Hemlock Spruce—				3 ft.	6 00		
15 to 18 in., bushy.....	50	4 50	40 00	See also Picea.			
18 to 24 in., bushy	75	6 00	50 00	ADAM'S NEEDLE . See Yucca.			
Heavy specimens...\$3, \$5 and 8 00				ANDROMEDA calyculata —			
Douglasii . Douglas' Spruce—				12 to 15 in.	50	\$3 50	\$25 00
18 to 24 in., sheared.....	1 00	8 00	70 00	(<i>Leucothoe</i>) Catesbaei . 12 to 18 in. 50		4 00	
2 to 3 ft., sheared	2 00	17 50	150 00	floribunda . 1 ft.	60	5 00	
3 to 4 ft.	2 50	20 00		Japonica . 1 ft.	75	6 50	60 00
Engelmanni . Engelmann Spruce.				See also Trees and Shrubs.			
A rare and beautiful evergreen of great hardiness—				ARBORVITÆ . See Biota and Thuja.			
2½ ft.	2 50			AZALEA amena . Evergreen Azalea. Very pretty. Not common. Plant it with Rhododendrons, Azaleas, shrubs, or in beds, groups or as a specimen. Our thrifty pot-grown stock can be transplanted with great success and little effort. 3-in. pots.....	35	3 00	25 00
3 ft.	3 50			5-in. pots.....	50	5 00	45 00
3½ ft.	\$4 50 to 6 00			12 to 15 in., bushy, pot-grown. 75		7 50	60 00
Engelmanni nana glauca . Of unusually fine color and neat style of growth. 2 ft.	2 50			See also Shrubs.			
2½ ft.	3 50			BALSAM FIR . See Picea.			
3 ft.	5 00			BIOTA orientalis . Chinese Arborvitæ. 2 to 3 ft.	1 00	7 50	60 00
4½ ft., heavy specimens	8 00			3 to 4 ft., heavy	2 25	15 00	100 00
excelsa . Norway Spruce—				4½ ft., specimens	2 50		
18 to 24 in.	35	2 00	18 00	orientalis compacta —			
2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	30 00	2 ft., bushy specimens	1 75	15 00	125 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy	75	6 00	50 00	orientalis elegantissima . Rollinson's Golden Arborvitæ—			
3 to 4 ft.	1 50			2½ to 3 ft.	2 00	17 50	150 00
excelsa aurea . 2 to 3 ft.	2 00			orientalis filifolia . 3 ft.	3 50		
3 to 4 ft.	4 00			orientalis nana aurea . 10 to 12 in. 1 00		7 50	
excelsa compacta . 2 to 2½ ft.	3 00			15 in., bushy	2 00		
excelsa inverta . 18 to 24 in.	2 00	17 50		BOX-EDGING . See Buxus.			
2 to 2½ ft.	2 50	20 00		BUXUS Japonica aurea . Golden Box. 8 to 12 in., bushy	1 00		
3 ft.	3 00	25 00		2 to 2½ ft., specimens	2 50	20 00	
3½ ft.	3 50	30 00		2½ to 3 ft.	3 50		
excelsa monstrosa . 2 to 3 ft.	2 50			2½ to 3 ft., in cedar tubs	6 00		
3½ to 4 ft.	5 00			3 to 4 ft., specimens.....	5 00	40 00	
excelsa pyramidalis . 4 to 5 ft.	3 50	35 00					
5 to 6 ft.	4 00	40 00	350 00				
excelsa . Wales' Weeping—							
2 to 3 ft.	2 50						
3 to 4 ft.	3 50						
4 to 5 ft.	4 00						
nigra . Black Spruce. 3 to 4 ft.	1 50						
nigra Doumetti . 18 to 24 in., bushy	2 00						
orientalis . Oriental Spruce—							
2½ to 3 ft.	3 00	25 00					

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY EVERGREENS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Buxus rotundifolia. 2 ft., bushy...	\$2 00	\$15 00		Ilex monticola. 18 to 24 in.....	\$0 35	\$2 50	
4 to 5 ft.....	\$5 to 7 00			opaca. American Holly—			
sempervirens. Box-Edging—				6 to 10 in.....	25		
4 to 6 in.....per 1,000, \$50..	20	1 00	\$5 00	6 to 8 in., in pots.....	50	4 00	\$35 00
6 to 8 in.....	20	1 75	15 00	IVY, BUSH. See Hedera, Vines.			
8 to 10 in.....	25	2 00	18 00	JUNIPERUS Chinensis. Chinese			
10 to 12 in.....	35	2 50	20 00	Juniper. 12 to 15 in.....	75		
7 to 8 in., very bushy.....	50	3 50	25 00	communis aurea. Douglas' Gol-			
2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	1 50			den Juniper—			
sempervirens arborescens. Tree				8 to 10 in., broad.....	35	3 00	25 00
Box. 18 to 24 in., bushy.....	2 00	15 00		18 to 24 in., broad.....	2 00	17 50	150 00
2 to 3 ft.....	3 00			2 to 2½ ft., broad.....	3 75		
sempervirens arborescens. Pyra-				Hibernica. Irish Juniper—			
mids. 3 ft., tubs.....	3 00			12 to 15 in.....	35	3 00	25 00
5 ft., 16-in. tubs.....	10 00			18 to 24 in.....	75	6 00	50 00
sempervirens decussata—				3 to 3½ ft.....	1 50	12 50	
3 to 3½ ft.....	3 50			3½ to 4 ft., specimens.....	2 50	20 00	
sempervirens Handsworthii—				Japonica aurea. Japanese Gol-			
6 to 10 in.....	25	2 00	18 00	den Juniper. 2 to 2½ ft.	1 75	15 00	125 00
3 to 3½ ft.....	2 50	20 00		2½ to 3 ft., bushy.....	3 50		
3 ft., bushy, tubs.....	3 50			pendula. Weeping Juniper—			
sempervirens myrtifolia. 2 ft. ...	1 75			2½ to 3 ft.....	2 00		
3 ft.....	3 00			prostrata. Prostrate Juniper—			
3 ft., tubs.....	3 50			6 to 10 in.....	35	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft., bushy.....	7 00			12 to 15 in., sheared.....	50	4 50	40 00
sempervirens myrtifolia. Stan-				18 to 24 in., high.....	75	6 00	50 00
dards—				3 ft., specimens.....	2 50		
2 to 2½ ft. stems, 18-in. heads.	3 50	30 00		2½ ft., broad, heavy.....	3 50		
sempervirens Hardwickensis—				Sabina. Savin Juniper—			
2½ ft., specimens.....	2 50	20 00		12 to 15 in., heavy.....	50	4 00	30 00
Sinensis. 10 to 12 in., bushy.....	35	2 50	20 00	15 to 18 in.....	75	6 00	
12 to 15 in., bushy.....	50	3 50	25 00	Schottel. 6 to 7 ft.....	3 50		
sempervirens pyramidalis varie-				Sinensis argentea variegata. 4 ft.	2 50		
gata. 2 ft.....	1 00			4½ ft.....	8 00		
2 to 2½ ft., bushy specimens..	2 25	20 00		stricta. Very compact and of a			
CALLUNA vulgaris. Scotch Heath.				beautiful silvery green color.			
Pot-grown.....	50	3 50	30 00	1 ft.....	75	6 00	50 00
CEDAR. See Cedrus and Retinis-				Suecica. Swedish Juniper—			
pora.				8 to 10 in.....	50	3 50	25 00
CEDRUS Libani. Cedar of Leba-				18 to 24 in.....	1 25	9 00	75 00
non. 18 to 24 in., 6-in. pots... 2 00	17 50	150 00		Suecica compacta. 12 to 18 in...	75	6 00	50 00
Libani pyramidalis. 5-in. pots... 1 00				18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	
CRATÆGUS Pyracantha Lelandi—				2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50	10 00	
6 to 10 in.....	35			Virginiana. Red Cedar—			
CUPRESSUS Lawsoniana. Lawson				12 to 18 in.....	35	2 50	20 00
Cypress. 2 ft.....	1 75	15 00		5 ft., bushy specimens.....	5 00		
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00	20 00		Virginiana alba spica—			
Lawsoniana Alumi. 2 ft.....	2 00	20 00		8 ft., specimens.....	3 50		
Lawsoniana stricta viridis. 2½ ft.	2 00			Virginiana glauca. 4 to 5 ft.	3 50	35 00	250 00
CYPRESS. See Cupressus, Thu-				5 to 7 ft.....	4 00	37 50	
jopsis and Trees.				5 ft., specimens.....	5 00		
DAPHNE Cneorum. A most inter-				Waukegan. Low Trailing Juni-			
esting plant, bearing through-				per. 12 in.....	75	6 00	50 00
out the season several crops				Waukegan. Trailing Juniper—			
of pretty pink flowers of lilac-				8 to 10 in.....	35	2 50	20 00
like fragrance. Pot-grown..	35			18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	60 00
ERICA carnea. Heath. Pot-grown.	50	3 50	25 00	2 to 2½ ft.....	1 25	9 00	75 00
stricta. Pot-grown.....	50	3 50	25 00	KALMIA angustifolia. Narrow-			
vagans capitata. Pot-grown....	50	3 50	25 00	leaved Laurel—			
EUONYMUS Japonicus. 12 to 18 in.	35	3 00		18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	
Japonicus aureus. 1 to 2 ft.....	1 00	8 00		latifolia. Broad-leaved Laurel—			
Sieboldianus. 2 to 2½ ft.....	1 00	7 50		18 in.....	75	7 50	
7 ft., extra fine specimens.....	5 00			LAURUS Schipkænsis—			
FIR. See Picea and Abies.				3-in. pots.....	50		
FURZE. See Ulex.				LEUCOTHOE. See Andromeda.			
HEATH. See Erica and Calluna.				LIBOCEDRUS decurrens. 3 ft.	2 50		
HOLLY. See Ilex and Shrubs.				LIGUSTRUM Japonicum. Ever-			
ILEX Aquifolium. English Holly—				green Privet. 2 ft.....	50		
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00			MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-			
crenata. Japanese Holly—				leaved Barberry. These			
12 to 18 in.....	75			plants are very thrifty—			
12 to 18 in., bushy.....	1 50			12 to 18 in.....	35	2 50	20 00
18 to 24 in., bushy.....	2 50			MAGNOLIA grandiflora. Ever-			
				green Magnolia. 12 to 15 in.	1 50		

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY EVERGREENS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
MT. ATLAS CEDAR. See <i>Cedrus</i> .				Retinispora pisifera aurea. A golden evergreen, graceful and much prized—			
MYRICA. See Shrubs.				3 to 4 ft., specimens.....	\$3 00	\$27 50	\$275 00
NORDMANN'S FIR. See <i>Picea</i> .				5 to 6 ft.....	4 50	40 00	350 00
OSMANTHUS Aquifolium—				5 to 6 ft., specimens.....	5 00	45 00	
12 to 18 in., bushy.....	\$1 50	\$12 50		plumosa. 18 in., bushy.....	1 00	7 50	65 00
PICEA balsamea. Balsam Fir—				4 to 5 ft.....	4 00	40 00	350 00
18 to 24 in.....	1 00	8 00	\$70 00	5 to 6 ft.....	4 50	45 00	400 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	1 00			plumosa aurea. Of this popular golden-leaved evergreen we have one of the prettiest stocks to be seen anywhere.			
2 to 3 ft.....	1 50	12 50	100 00	8 to 12 in., sheared.....	75	6 00	50 00
concolor. Colorado Silver Fir.				12 to 18 in., sheared.....	1 00	7 50	60 00
Grows rapidly and is very hardy. One of the most desirable of all evergreens. Especially fine plants—				15 to 18 in., bushy, 8-in. pots or 18 to 24 in.....	1 50	12 50	100 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	5 00	45 00	400 00	2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00	17 50	125 00
nobilis glauca. 1 ft.....	1 50			2½ to 3 ft., heavy.....	3 00	25 00	
Nordmanniana. Nordmann's Fir.				4 to 5 ft.....	4 00	40 00	350 00
For making a specimen this hardly has an equal—				4 to 5 ft., heavier specimens.....	5 to 8 00		
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 50			plumosa argentea. 2½ to 3 ft., bushy.....	2 00		
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00	27 50		Rosedale hybrid—			
3 to 3½ ft.....	4 00	35 00		12 to 15 in., bushy specimens..	1 00	8 00	70 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	5 00			squarrosa. 12 to 18 in., bushy...	1 00	7 50	60 00
4 to 5 ft.....	6 00			2 to 3 ft.....	2 50		
pectinata. European Silver Fir—				3 to 4 ft.....	3 50		
1½ to 2½ ft.....	50	3 50	30 00	4 to 5 ft.....	4 50		
2½ to 3 ft.....	1 00	7 50		RHODODENDRON hybrids. Rose Bay. For spring delivery. Varieties and prices on application.			
Pichta. Siberian Silver Fir—				maximum. Native Mountain Rhododendron—			
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00			3 to 5 ft., heavy clumps.....	2 00	17 50	150 00
sub-alpina. 18 in.....	1 75			Special prices on car-load lots.			
Veitchii. 3 ft.....	2 00			SCIADOPITYS verticillata. Japanese Umbrella Pine—			
5 to 6 ft.....	8 00			2 ft., 8-in. tubs.....	3 00		
See also <i>Abies</i> .				2½ ft., 8-in. tubs.....	5 00		
PINUS Austriaca. Austrian Pine—				SKIMMIA Japonica. From pots ..	35		
18 to 24 in.....	1 00	6 00		SPRUCE. See <i>Abies</i> and <i>Picea</i> .			
2 to 3 ft., bushy.....	1 50	12 50	90 00	TAXUS adpressa. Japanese Yew—			
3 to 4 ft.....	2 00	17 50	150 00	2½ to 3 ft.....	2 00		
Bungeana. 9 ft., bushy spec.....	15 00			baccata. English Yew—			
cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. This interesting Pine should have a place made for it on almost every lawn. 12 to 18 in.....	1 00	7 50	75 00	12 to 18 in.....	1 00	7 50	60 00
18 to 24 in.....	1 50	12 50	100 00	2 to 2½ ft.....	2 50		
3 to 4 ft.....	3 00	27 50	250 00	2½ to 3 ft.....	3 25		
4 to 4½ ft.....	3 50	32 50	300 00	baccata aurea. Golden—			
excelsa. Himalayan Pine—				2½ to 3 ft.....	2 50	20 00	200 00
12 to 15 in.....	1 25	10 00	80 00	3 to 3½ ft.....	3 25		
flexilis. 2 to 2½ ft., bushy.....	2 50			baccata compacta. 2½ ft.....	2 50	20 00	
inops. Jersey Pine. 18 to 24 in.....	1 50			baccata Hibernica. Irish Yew—			
Mughus. Dwarf Mountain Pine—				12 to 18 in.....	75		
12 in., broad.....	75	6 00		2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00	15 00	
resinosa. 2 to 2½ ft.....	75	6 00		2½ to 3 ft.....	2 50	17 50	150 00
rigida. 2 to 3 ft.....	1 25			baccata Hibernica aurea. Golden.			
Strobus. White Pine. 2 ft.....	50	4 00		2½ to 3 ft.....	2 00	17 50	150 00
sylvestris. Scotch Pine—				baccata pyramidalis. 3 ft.....	2 50		
2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50	10 00	85 00	cuspidata. Japanese Yew—			
3 to 4 ft., bushy.....	2 00	17 50	150 00	Specimens.....	\$2.50 to 8 00		
PYRACANTHA. See <i>Crataegus</i> .				Washingtoni. Golden—			
RETINISPORA filicoides. Japanese Cedar. 1 to 2 ft.....	1 50			12 to 18 in.....	75		
filifera. 3 to 3½ ft.....	3 00	25 00	200 00	THUJA occidentalis. American Arborvitae. 12 to 18 in.....	25	2 00	18 00
5 to 6 ft.....	4 00			18 to 24 in.....	35	2 50	20 00
filifera aurea. Golden—				2 to 3 ft.....	50	3 00	25 00
12 to 18 in.....	1 25	10 00		2½ to 3 ft., heavy.....	1 25	10 00	
lycopodoides. 18 to 24 in.....	1 50			4 to 5 ft., heavy.....	2 00	17 50	
obtus. 3½ to 4 ft.....	2 50			5 to 6 ft., specimens.....	2 50		
4 to 5 ft.....	3 50	30 00		Tree form, 5 to 6 ft., 3-yr. hds..	2 50		
6 to 7 ft.....	4 50	40 00	375 00				
obtus compacta. 8 to 10 in.....	25	2 00	18 00				
18 to 24 in., bushy.....	1 50	15 00	125 00				
obtus gracilis. 4 to 5 ft.....	2 50						
obtus nana. 6 to 8 in.....	25	2 00	18 00				
obtus nana aurea. 18 to 24 in.....	1 50						
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00	17 50					
pisifera. 6 to 8 ft.....	5 00						

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY EVERGREENS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
<i>Thuja occidentalis aurea</i> , George Peabody. Golden. The heavy specimens are particularly good and are reasonably priced. 3½ to 4 ft.....	\$2 50	\$22 50	\$200 00	<i>Thuja occidentalis Sibirica</i> . Siberian Arborvitæ. Retains its beautiful color even in winter.			
5 to 6 ft., specimens.....	4 00	35 00	300 00	12 to 18 in.	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
<i>occidentalis filifolia</i> . Fern-leaved. 18 to 24 in.....	1 00	8 00	70 00	18 in., from 8-in.-pots.....	1 00	7 50	75 00
2 to 2½ ft.	2 00	15 00	125 00	18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	50 00
<i>occidentalis globosa</i> . American Globe Arborvitæ—				2 to 2½ ft.....	1 25	10 00	100 00
12 to 18 in., bushy.....	1 00	8 00	65 00	2 to 2½ ft., bushy specimens ..	1 50	15 00	150 00
<i>occidentalis horizontalis</i> . Weeping specimens.....	\$4.50 and 7 50			<i>occidentalis Tom Thumb</i> . 2 ft.	1 50		
<i>occidentalis Hoveyi</i> . 12 to 18 in..	75	5 00	40 00	<i>occidentalis Victoria</i> —			
18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	60 00	2 to 2½ ft.	1 50	10 00	80 00
15 in., bushy, 7-in. pot.....	1 00	7 50	75 00	2½ to 3 ft., specimens.....	2 00	17 50	
<i>occidentalis Little Gem</i> —				<i>occidentalis Vervæveana</i> —			
1 ft., broad.....	75			4½ to 5 ft.....	3 50	30 00	250 00
<i>occidentalis Meehani</i> . Golden-tipped Arborvitæ—				5 to 6 ft., specimens.....	4 00	35 00	350 00
18 to 24 in.....	1 50	10 00	80 00	THUJOPSIS borealis . Nootka Sound Cypress. 2 ft.....	1 50		
3 ft., heavy	2 50			ULEX Europæa . Furze. 3-in. pots.	35	3 00	25 00
<i>occidentalis pumila</i> . German Globe Arborvitæ—				UMBRELLA TREE , Japanese. See <i>Sciadopitys</i> .			
12 to 18 in., heavy.....	1 25	10 00	60 00	YEW . See <i>Taxus</i> .			
<i>occidentalis pyramidalis</i> . Pyramidal Arborvitæ. Handsome in form and desirable in every way—				YUCCA aloifolia . 6-in. pots.....	50		
3 ft., bushy, in 10-in.-pots or 3 to 3½ ft.....	1 25	9 00	60 00	<i>angustifolia</i> . Adam's Needle—			
4 to 4½ ft.....	1 50	12 50	90 00	4-in. pots	50		
4½ to 5 ft.	2 00	15 00	125 00	<i>filamentosa</i> . The strong stock we offer is worth planting—			
<i>occidentalis spiralis</i> . 3 ft.	2 00	15 00		4-yr.	25	2 00	18 00
4 ft.....	2 50			5-yr.	35	2 50	20 00
				Extra-heavy clumps....	75c. to 2 50		
				<i>filamentosa pendulifolia</i> . 4-yr....	35	2 50	15 00
				5-yr.	50	3 00	18 00
				Heavy clumps	2 00		
				<i>gloriosa recurva</i> . 1-yr.	50		

Price-List of Vines and Climbers

CONTAINS COMMON NAMES

Buyers are favored with the lowest rate quoted on each item if 25 or more vines in any assortment are taken; 5 plants of any one variety and size receive the benefit of the 10 rate, and 25 at the 100 rate. Where 10 or 100 rates are not named, special prices cannot be named on those items.

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
ACTINIDIA arguta . 18 to 24 in. ..	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00	Bignonia grandiflora . Chinese Trumpet Vine. Gorgeous flowers. 5-in. pots	\$0 50	\$3 50	
3 ft., 5-in. pots	35	2 50	20 00	6-in. pots.....	75	5 00	
<i>arguta</i> . Seed-bearing—				2 to 3 ft.	50	3 50	\$35 00
3 ft., 5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	radicans . American Trumpet Vine. Looks very good at all times, especially in mid-summer, when its large, gaudy flowers appear. Grow it on trees, porches or pergolas—			
AKEBIA quinata . One of the best of all hardy vines. 2 ft.....	25	1 50	12 00	2 ft.....	35	2 00	15 00
2 to 2½ ft., 5-in. pots.....	50	3 50	25 00	3 to 4 ft., heavy	50	3 50	20 00
AMPELOPSIS bipinnata —				Pot-grown	50	3 50	25 00
Pot-grown	50			<i>radicans aurea</i> . Golden flowered. Pot-grown.....	1 00		
Veitchii . Japanese, or Boston Ivy. 2-yr., transplanted	25	1 50	12 00	BITTER SWEET . See <i>Celastrus</i> .			
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	CELASTRUS articulatus . Japanese Staff Vine—			
Virginica (<i>quinquefolia</i>). Virginia Creeper. 1 to 2 ft.....	25	2 00	15 00	2 to 2½ ft., pot-grown	50	3 50	25 00
2 to 3 ft., heavy	35	2 50	20 00	2 to 2½ ft.....	35	2 00	15 00
Virginica Engelmanni . An improved form of the popular Virginia Creeper—clings more readily. Pot-grown....	50	3 50	25 00	<i>punctatus</i> . 2 to 3 ft.	35		
<i>dissecta</i> . Pot-grown	50			<i>scandens</i> . Staff Vine, or Bitter Sweet. 18 to 24 in.....	25	2 00	20 00
ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho . Dutchman's Pipe. Heavy plants..	1 00	7 50	50 00	2½ ft., pot-grown	50	3 50	25 00
<i>tomentosa</i> . 1 to 2 ft.	35			CLEMATIS coccinea . Scarlet-flowered Clematis. 5-in. pots ...	50	3 50	
BIGNONIA capreolata . Cross Vine. (Evergreen). 3-in. pots.	35	3 00	20 00				
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00				

PRICE-LIST OF VINES AND CLIMBERS

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
Clematis crispa. 4-in. pots	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00	Lonicera brachypoda. Evergreen			
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	Honeysuckle. 12 to 18 in....	\$0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
Flammula. 5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	2 ft.	35	2 50	18 00
graveolens. Yellow. 5-in. pots..	50			brachypoda aurea. Golden-leaved			
Hybrids. Large-flowered, as-				Honeysuckle. Great for cov-			
sorted colors, best named				ering banks and fences, up-			
varieties, including Duchess				on which it is very effective—			
of Edinburgh, Henryi and				2 ft.	25	1 50	12 00
Jackmani	50	4 00		2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 00	15 00
montana grandiflora. 5-in. pots.	50			5-inch pots	50	3 50	25 00
paniculata. Japanese. Produces				fuchsoides. 18 to 24 in.	25		
great masses of sweet-				Halleana. Hall's Honeysuckle.			
scented, star-shaped flowers				Its flowers are very fragrant—			
late in summer. 3-yrs.	25	1 50	12 00	1 to 2 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00
Virginiana. Wild Clematis—				punicea. 2 to 3 ft.	50	3 00	20 00
2 to 3 ft.	25	1 50		sempervirens. Scarlet Coral Hon-			
Vitalba. Virgin's Bower. Eng-				eyssuckle—			
lish. 6-in. pots	50			2½ to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
viticella Kermesina.	50	4 00		5-inch pots	50	3 50	25 00
CROSS VINE. See Bignonia.				Lonicera Sinensis. Chinese Hon-			
DECUMARIA barbara. 5-in. pots..	50	3 50	25 00	suckle. 1 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
DIOSCOREA Batatas. Yam Vine—				18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	15 00
2 yrs.	25	1 50	10 00	5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00
Pot-grown	50	3 50	25 00	KUDZU VINE. See Dolichos.			
DOLICHOS Japonicus. Japanese				LYCIUM Chinense (barbarum)—			
Kudzu Vine	50	4 50	40 00	Washington's Bower. 3 to 4 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
DUTCHMAN'S PIPE. See Aristo-				MENISPERMUM Canadense.			
lochia.				Moon Seed. 1 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
EUONYMUS radicans. Climbing				Dauricum. 1 ft.	35		
Euonymus. 1 ft.	25	1 50	12 00	MOON SEED. See Menispermum.			
12 to 18 in., heavy	35	2 50	16 00	PERIPLOCA Græca. Silk Vine—			
Pot-grown, bushy.	50	3 50		2 ft.	25		
radicans. Broad-leaved—				PUERARIA. See Dolichos.			
18 to 24 in.	35	2 50	20 00	SILK VINE. See Periploca			
radicans variegata—				STAFF VINE. See Celastrus.			
Pot-grown, bushy	50	3 50	25 00	TRUMPET VINE. See Bignonia.			
12 to 18 in., heavy	35	2 50	18 00	VIRGINIA CREEPER. See Ampe-			
GELSEMIUM sempervirens. Car-				loopsis.			
olina Jasmine. 4-in. pots	35	2 50	20 00	VITIS Coignetia. 18 to 24 in.	25	2 00	
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	heterophylla variegata. Varie-			
See also Jasminum.				gated Grape. 18 to 24 in. ...	25	2 00	15 00
GRAPE, Ornamental. See Vitis.				2 ft., heavy, or 5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00
HEDERA Helix. English Ivy	50	3 50	25 00	indivisa. 2½ to 3 ft.	25	2 00	
We have a very good col-				riparia. Flowering Grape—			
lection of varieties of the				2 to 3 ft.	25		
English Ivy. Many of the				WASHINGTON'S BOWER. See			
sorts are to be much prized.				Lycium.			
List of kinds on application.				WISTARIA frutescens. Ameri-			
Helix Taurica. 3-in. pots	50	3 50		can Wistaria. 6-in. pots	1 00	7 50	
Helix, Bush Form. Black-fruited.				magnifica. 2 to 2½ ft.	35	2 50	25 00
5-in. pots	50	3 50		multijuga. Japanese Wistaria—			
Helix, Bush Form. Yellow-				6 to 10 in.	35		
fruited. 5-in. pots	50	3 50		6-in. pots	1 00	7 50	
Helix, Bush Form. Palmata—				multijuga alba—			
5 in. pots	50	3 50		6 to 10 in.	35		
HONEYSUCKLE. See Lonicera.				6-in. pots	1 00		
HUMULUS Lupulus. Hop Vine—				Sinensis. Chinese Wistaria—			
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
HYDRANGEA scandens. Climbing				5-in. pots	50	4 00	35 00
Hydrangea. 4-in. pots	50			8-in. pots, heavy	1 00		
IVY. See Ampelopsis and Hedera.				3 to 4 ft., heavy specimens....	1 50	10 00	
JASMINUM nudiflorum. Yellow				5 ft., extra heavy	3 00		
Jasmine. 5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	Sinensis alba. The White-flower-			
officinale. White Jasmine—				ing Chinese Wistaria should			
5-in. pots	50	3 50	25 00	be more frequently planted.			
See also Gelsemium.				On old trees, or on walls,			
LONICERA Belgica. Belgian Hon-				fences, etc., it is very attrac-			
eyssuckle. 12 to 15 in.	25	1 75	12 00	tive. 18 to 24 in.	35	3 00	25 00
2 ft.	35	2 00	15 00	3 to 5 ft., strong plants, or from			
				6-in. pots	1 00	7 50	50 00
				YAM VINE. See Dioscorea.			

Price-List of Hedge Plants

Special care has been given this stock. The plants in every instance are very thrifty and will give prompt results. The figures in italics following the sizes indicate the exact distance the plants should be placed apart in order to secure the best effects.

Twenty-five plants of one kind and size are sold at the 100 rate, and 250 at the 1,000 rate.

	Per 100	1,000		Honey Per 100	1,000
ABIES Canadensis. Hemlock Spruce—			GLEDITSCHIA triacanthos.		
15 to 18 in., bushy (<i>1-1½ ft.</i>).....	\$40 00		Locust. 1-yr. (<i>6 in.</i>).....	\$4 00	\$25 00
18 to 24 in., bushy (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	50 00		2-yr. (<i>6 in.</i>).....	6 00	40 00
excelsa. Norway Spruce—			HIBISCUS Syriacus (Althæa). Assorted		
18 to 24 in. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	18 00		colors. 12 to 18 in. (<i>6 in.</i>).....	10 00	
2 to 3 ft. (<i>2 ft.</i>).....	30 00		18 to 24 in. (<i>9 in.</i>).....	15 00	
AZALEA amœna. Evergreen Azalea—			HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora.		
Young, thrifty stock, from 3-in.			Hardy Hydrangea—		
pots (<i>6 in.</i>).....	25 00		18 to 24 in. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	12 00	
From 5-in. pots (<i>9 in.</i>).....	45 00		2 to 3 ft. (<i>1¼ ft.</i>).....	15 00	
From 5-in. pots, bushy plants, 12			LIGUSTRUM Ibot. The hardiest		
to 15 in. high (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	60 00		Privet. 12 to 18 in. (<i>6 in.</i>).....	8 00	
BERBERIS Thunbergii. Japanese Bar-			12 to 18 in., bushy (<i>9 in.</i>).....	15 00	100 00
berry. 12 to 18 in. (<i>9 in.</i>).....	15 00	\$110 00	2 to 2½ ft., bushy (<i>15 in.</i>).....	20 00	
18 to 24 in. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	20 00	140 00	3 ft. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	30 00	
vulgaris. Common Barberry—			ovalifolium. California Privet—		
12 to 18 in. (<i>6 in.</i>).....	15 00	75 00	18 to 24 in., 1-yr. (<i>6 in.</i>).....		18 00
18 to 24 in. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	20 00	100 00	18 to 24 in., 2-yr. (<i>9 in.</i>).....		30 00
2 to 2½ ft. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	25 00	125 00	2 to 3 ft., 2-yr. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....		50 00
vulgaris purpurea. Purple Barberry—			3 to 4 ft., 3-yr. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....		80 00
18 to 24 in. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	25 00		4 to 5 ft., bushy (<i>2 ft.</i>).....		120 00
2 to 2½ ft. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	35 00		vulgare. European Privet—		
CARPINUS Americana. American			12 to 18 in. (<i>6 in.</i>).....	12 00	80 00
Hornbeam. 18 to 24 in. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	15 00		2 to 2½ ft. (<i>15 in.</i>).....	20 00	120 00
2 to 3 ft. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	25 00		MACLURA aurantiaca. Osage Orange—		
CRATÆGUS coccinea. American White			1-yr. (<i>6 in.</i>).....		4 00
Thorn. 2 to 3 ft. (<i>15 in.</i>).....	20 00		2-yr. (<i>6 in.</i>).....		8 00
3 to 4 ft. (<i>2 ft.</i>).....	25 00		RHAMNUS cathartica. Buckthorn—		
Crus-galli. Cockspur Hawthorn—			2-yr. (<i>6 in.</i>).....		40 00
2½ to 3 ft. (<i>15 in.</i>).....	20 00		SPIRÆA Bumalda, Anthony Waterer—		
3 to 4 ft. (<i>2 ft.</i>).....	25 00		12 to 18 in., bushy (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	15 00	
4 to 4½ ft. (<i>2 ft.</i>).....	30 00		18 to 24 in., bushy (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	18 00	
Oxyacantha. English Hawthorn—			Van Houttei. 2 to 2½ ft. (<i>15 in.</i>).....	20 00	
2½ to 3 ft. (<i>15 in.</i>).....	18 00		2½ to 3 ft., bushy (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	30 00	
DEUTZIA gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia—			THUJA occidentalis. American Arbor-		
12 to 15 in. (<i>9 in.</i>).....	18 00		vitæ. 15 to 18 in. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	15 00	
12 to 18 in., bushy (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	25 00		18 to 24 in. (<i>15 in.</i>).....	18 00	
FORSYTHIA viridissima. Golden Bell—			2 to 3 ft. (<i>1½ ft.</i>).....	25 00	
2 to 3 ft. (<i>15-18 in.</i>).....	30 00		occidentalis Sibirica. Siberian Arbor-		
			vitæ. 12 to 18 in. (<i>1 ft.</i>).....	40 00	

Price-List of Fruit Trees and Small Fruits

The most worthy varieties only are offered in stronger, thriftier stock than is usually sold.

	Each	10	100		Each	10	100
APPLES—				GRAPES. 2 and 3 yrs. old.....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
Stocky trees.....	\$0 50	\$4 50		Campbell's Early and Green			
Extra-sized.....	75 cts. and 1 00			Mountain.....	35	3 00	25 00
Crab. Stocky trees.....	50	4 50		PEACHES. 1 yr. old.....	25	2 00	15 00
Extra-sized.....	75			2 yr., heavy.....	50	3 50	20 00
APRICOTS—				PEARS, Standard. Stocky trees..	75	6 00	
Thrifty trees.....	50c. and 75	5 00		Extra-sized.....	\$1 and 1 50		
BLACKBERRIES. Strong canes..		75	\$5 00	Dwarf. Stocky trees.....	50	4 50	
CHERRIES—				PLUMS, European. Stocky trees..	75	6 00	
Sweet. Stocky trees.....	75	5 00		Japanese. Stocky trees.....	75	6 00	
Sour. Stocky trees.....	75	6 00		QUINCE	50	4 50	
CURRENTS. 2-yr., strong.....		1 00	10 00	RASPBERRIES. Strong canes...		75	5 00
"Perfection." New.....	50	4 50		STRAWBERRIES—			
FIGS. 2 to 2½ ft.	1 00			Potted plants ready Aug. 1.			
GOOSEBERRIES—				Ask for list.....			
Columbus.....	25	2 00	15 00	per doz. 50c., 1,000 \$25..			3 50
Downing.....	25	1 50	12 00	Runners.....per 1,000 \$8..			1 00
Industry.....	25	2 00	15 00	ASPARAGUS—			
Red Jacket.....	25	2 00	15 00	2-yr. roots.....per 1,000 \$8..			1 25
Smith's Improved.....	25	1 50	12 00	RHUBARB. Extra strong clumps.	25	2 00	15 00

Hardy Herbaceous Perennials

OLD-FASHIONED GARDEN FLOWERS OF ALL KINDS, ROCK PLANTS,
BULBS, GRASSES, FERNS, ETC.

PRICES

Single plants of any variety	\$0 25	One hundred plants in any assortment . . .	\$15 00
Ten plants in any assortment	2 00	One hundred plants, our selection	10 00

Write for prices on special selections on large quantities

The only exceptions we make to these prices are Peonies and Hardy Grasses. When plants are usually sold at lower price, owing to their being naturally small as individual plants, such as Lily-of-the-Valley Pips, *Eranthis hyemalis*, *Hyacinthus candicans* and *Lilium superbum*, we do not count singly but send out clumps to the value of our quotations, as no one wishes to plant such kinds singly. Special rates quoted on lots of one thousand or more. Five plants are sold at the ten price and twenty-five plants at the hundred rate.

Plants suitable for Rockeries marked with an asterisk (*). Plants suitable for Shady Places marked with two asterisks (**). Plants suitable for planting in Swampy Ground, marked with a dagger (†).

	Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering		Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering
<i>Achillea</i> Eupatorium	2-3	Yellow	6-8	* <i>Arabis</i> albida. Rock Cress	½	White	4
Millefolium. Yarrow	1	White	7-8	* <i>Armeria</i> maritima. Thrift	½-1	Pink	5
" roseum	1	Rose	7-10	* maritima alba	½-1	White	5
Ptarmica fl. pl., The Pearl	2-2½	White	7-8	* " splendens	½-1	Pink	5
taygetea	1½	Canary-yel.	6-7	<i>Artemisia</i> Abrotanum. Old			
* tomentosa	½	Yellow	7	Man, Southern Wood	2-3		
<i>Aconitum</i> Napellus. Monkshood	3-4	Blue	8-9	Absinthium. Wormwood	2-3		
** <i>Actæa</i> spicata. Cohosh	2-3	White	5	Dracunculus. Tarragon	1		
* <i>Adonis</i> vernalis	1	Yellow	4	* Pontica. Old Woman	1	Feathery fol.	
<i>Ægopodium</i> podagraria varie-				* Stelleriana	½	Silvery fol.	
gata	½	Var. foliage		<i>Asclepias</i> Hallii			
<i>Agave</i> Virginica	3		8	tuberosa. Butterfly Weed	1-1½	Orange	7
<i>Agrostemma</i> coronaria. Mul-				* <i>Aster</i> alpinus. Mountain Aster	½	Blue	6-7
lein Pink	1½	Crimson	5	amethystinus. Starworts	3	Blue	9-10
* <i>Ajuga</i> genevensis. Bugle	½	Blue	5	longifolius, Lady Trevelyan	2	White	9-10
* reptans. Bugle	¼	Blue	5	amellus elegans	1½	Light blue	9-10
<i>Allium</i> senescens. Flowering				incisa (Calimeris)	1-2	Light blue	7-10
Onion	1	Pink	6	Mackii	1	Blue	9
Tataricum (odorum)	1	Greenish	6	Novæ-Angliæ	3	Purple	9-10
* <i>Alyssum</i> argenteum. Gold Dust	1	Yellow	4	" rosea	3	Rose	9-10
* saxatile compactum	¾	Yellow	4	Novi-Belgii, Purity	3	Lavender	9-10
<i>Amsonia</i> salicifolia	2	Blue	6	" Top Sawyer	3-4	Lavender	9-10
<i>Anchusa</i> Italica	4	Blue	6-9	" White Queen	3-4	White	9-10
<i>Anemone</i> Japonica alba. Jap-				ptarmicoides	1-1½	White	7-8
anese Anemone	2-3	White	9-11	Pyrenaicus			
Japonica elegans	2-3	Pink	9-11	Tataricus	5-6	Blue	10-11
" elegantissima	2-3	Rose	9-11	turbinalis	2-3	Mauve	10
" Queen Charlotte	2-3	Dbl. pink	9-11	Never overlook including the			
" rosea	2-3	Pink	9-11	varieties Novæ-Angliæ and			
" Whirlwind	3-4	Dbl. white	9-11	rosea			
coronaria. St. Bridget Ane	1	Various	4-6	<i>Bachelor's Buttons</i> . See Ra-			
Pulsatilla. Pasque Flower	½-1	Violet	4	nunculus.			
** sylvestris fl. pl. Snowdrop				<i>Baptisia</i> australis	2-3	Blue	6-7
Windflower	¾	White	4-5	tinctoria	1-2	Yellow	6-7
<i>Anthemis</i> nobilis. Chamomile	½	White	6	<i>Bee-Balm</i> . See <i>Monarda didy-</i>			
tinctoria	1-2	Yellow	6-7	ma.			
" pallida	1-2	Cream	6-7	<i>Belamcanda</i> Chinensis. Black-			
<i>Anthericum</i> Liliastrum. St.				berry Lily	1-1½	Orange	8
Bruno's Lily	1	White	5-6	<i>Bellflower</i> . See <i>Campanula</i> .			
<i>Apios</i> tuberosa	Vine	Chocolate	7-8	<i>Bellis</i> perennis. English Daisy	¾	Various	4-6
<i>Aquilegia</i> . Columbine—				<i>Bergamot</i> . See <i>Monarda</i> .			
* Canadensis	1½	Red	4-5	<i>Betonica</i> (Betony) officinalis	1½	Pink	7
chrysantha	3	Yellow	4-5	orientalis	1½	Pink	7
flabellata nana alba. Japan	1	White	4-5	rosea	¾	Salmon-pink	7
vulgaris	2-3	Various	4-5	<i>Bleeding Heart</i> . See <i>Dicentra</i> .			
" alba	2-3	White	4-5	<i>Bocconia</i> cordata. Plume Poppy	6-8	White	7
Our plants of <i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i> are especially strong,				<i>Boltonia</i> . False Starwort—			
field-grown ones, in a pleasing assortment of colors.				glastifolia	4-5	White	8-9
				latisquama	4-5	Pink	8-9

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

	Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering		Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering
Bugle. See Ajuga.				Crane's Bill. See Geranium.			
Burning Bush. See Dictamnus.				Creeping Jenny. See Lysimachia.			
* Brunella vulgaris grandiflora .. ½		Blue	6-8	Daisy. See Bellis.			
* grandiflora alba ½		White	6-8	Day Lily. See Hemerocallis.			
Cactus. See Opuntia.				Delphinium Chinense. Chinese			
* Callirhoe involucrata. Poppy				Larkspur..... 1½-2	Blue	6-8	
Mallow Trailing		Magenta	6-9	Chinense alba 1½-2	White	6-8	
Campanula. Bellflower—				elatum. Tall Larkspur..... 4-5	Blue	6-8	
* carpatia ½		Blue	7-9	English Hybrids 6-7	Various	6-8	
* alba ½		White	7-9	formosum 2-3	Indigo	6-8	
glomerata 1½-2		Blue	6	Some especially choice tall-			
grandis 1-1½		Blue	7	growing English Delphiniums			
latifolia macrantha 1-1½		Blue	6	are offered at prices one-third			
Media. Canterbury Bells.... 1-2		Blue	5-6	of those asked by English			
alba 1-2		White	5-6	growers.			
calycanthema. Cup-				Dianthus barbatus. Sweet			
and-Saucer 1-2		Blue	5-6	William 1	Various	5-6	
persicifolia. Peach-leaved				plumarius, Her Majesty ½	White	5	
Bell-flower... 1-1½		Blue	6-7	Lord Lyons..... ½	Rose	5	
alba 1-1½		White	6-7	Mrs. Sinkins..... ½	White	5	
Moorheimi 1-1½		White	6-7	Scotch Pink..... ½	Pink	5	
pyramidalis 4-5		Blue	7-9	variabilis..... ½	White & mar'n	5	
alba 4-5		White	7-9	Dicentra eximia ¾	Pink	5-8	
rapunculoides 2-2½		Blue	6-7	spectabilis. Bleeding Heart. 1-2	Pink	4-6	
rotundifolia. Harebell ½-1		Blue	5-7	Dictamnus Fraxinella. Gas			
Candytuft. See Iberis.				Plant 1-2	Red	5-7	
Cardinal Flower. See Lobelia				Fraxinella alba..... 1-2	White	5-7	
cardinalis.				Digitalis. Foxglove—			
Cassia Marilandica 3-4		Yellow	7-9	* grandiflora 2-3	Yellow	6-7	
Centaurea amara 1-2		Purple	5-6	lanata..... 2-3	Gray & white	6-8	
dealbata 3-4		Yellow	8-9	* purpurea 2-3	Purple	6-7	
macrocephala 3-5		Yellow	7	alba 2-3	White	6-7	
montana 1-1½		Blue	6-7	Doronicum plantagineum excel-			
alba 1-1½		White	6-7	sum. Leopard's Bane 1½-2	Yellow	4-6	
nigra variegata ½		Yellow fol.		Echinacea purpurea. Cone-			
<i>C. macrocephala</i> is a most de-				flower 2-3	Purple	7-10	
sirable variety.				Echinops Ritro 3-4	Blue	6-8	
* Cerastium tomentosum. Mouse-				stricta. Globe Thistle 2-3	Blue	7-10	
ear ¼		White	4-5	Eranthis hyemalis ¼	Yellow	3-4	
Chelone barbata. See Pentste-				Erigeron speciosus 2	Lilac	6-10	
mon barbatus.				Eryngium amethystinum. Sea			
glabra 4-5		White	8-9	Holly 2-3	Blue	7	
Lyoni 2-3		Pink	8-9	planum..... 2-3	Blue	7	
Christmas Rose. See Helleborus.				Eupatorium ageratoides. White			
Chrysanthemum, Hardy 2		Various	9-10	Snake-root 2-3	White	9	
nipponicum 2		White	7-8	coelestinum. Hardy Agera...			
Shasta Daisy 1½-2		White	6-9	tum 1-2	Blue	9-10	
See page 59 for our interesting list				purpureum. Joe-Pye Weed.. 5-6	Purple	8-9	
of Hardy Chrysanthemums.				Euphorbia corollata 1½	White	7-9	
We have a wonderful collection.				Evening Primrose. See Oenothera.			
Every plant will produce a mag-				Flag. See Iris.			
nificent display next fall. Very				Flax. See Linum.			
thrifty and desirable stock.				Forget-me-not. See Myosotis.			
Cimicifuga racemosa. Snake-				* Funkia cordifolia. Plantain Lily. 1½	Purple	7-8	
root 2-3		White	6-8	* Japonica, subcordata or alba.	White	7-8	
Clematis Davidiana. Bush Cle-				* lancifolia 1½	Blue	7	
matris 2-3		Blue	8-10	ovata 1	Lilac	7	
recta 2-3		White	6-8	* undulata variegata ¾	White fol.		
Colchicum. Autumn Crocus—				* Gaillardia grandiflora com-			
autumnale ¼		Various	9-10	pacta. Blanket Flower 1½	Various	7-9	
Parkinsoni ¼		Pur. & white	9-10	The Gaillardia seems to enjoy			
Columbine. See Aquilegia.				the hot sun.			
* Convallaria. Lily-of-the-Vally—				* Geranium Ibericum album 1½	White	5	
majalis ½		White	4-5	* maculatum 1½	Pink	5	
variegata. Col foliage. ½		White	4-5	* pratense 1½	Purple	5	
Coreopsis grandiflora 1-1½		Yellow	5-9	* Richardsoni 1½	White	5	
lanceolata 1-1½		Yellow	5-9	* sanguineum 1	Red	6-9	
* rosea ½-¾		Rose	7-8				
senifolia 1-2		Yellow	6-9				
Coronilla varia. Crown Vetch.. Trailing		Pink	6-8				

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

	Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering		Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering
Geum Aldrichi.....	½	Orange	6-7	Iris aphylla Swertii.....	1-1½	Blue	5-6
coccineum.....	½	Scarlet	6-7	Cengialti.....	1	Lavender	5-6
Gillenia trifoliata.....	2	Blush-pink	6-7	cristata.....	½	Light blue	5
Globe Flower. See Trollius.				florentina. Orris Root.....	2-2½	White	5
Globe Thistle. See Echinops.				Germanica. Fleur de Lis.			
* Gnaphalium Leontopodium.				Flags.....	2-3	Various	5-6
Edelweiss.....	½	White	5	For list of varieties, see Page—			
Goldenrod. See Solidago.				† lævigata. Japanese Iris.....	3-4	Various	7
Grape Hyacinth. See Muscari.				ochroleuca.....	3	Yellow	7
Gypsophila paniculata. Baby's				pallida Dalmatica.....	3-4	Lavender	6
Breath.....	2	White	7-8	" speciosa.....	2	Indigo	5
repens monstrosa.....	½-1	White	5-7	† spectabilis.....	3	Dark blue	6
Harebell. See Campanula ro-				prismatica. Rainbow Iris....	1-1½	White	6
tundifolia.				† pseud-acorus. Water Flag..	2-3	Yellow	5-6
Helleborus niger. Christmas				pumila. Early Dwarf Flag..	½	Various	3-4
Rose.....	½	White	3-4	† Sibirica.....	2-3	Blue	6
Helenium autumnale superbum.				† " alba.....	2-3	White	6
Sneezewort.....	3	Yellow	8	" orientalis.....	2-3	Indigo	6
grandicephalum striatum....	2½	Brown & yel.	8	* tectorum. Chinese Roof Iris..	1-1½	Lavender	6
Hoopseii.....	2	Orange	5-6	Jacob's Ladder. See Polemo-			
<i>Helenium Hoopesii</i> is especially				nium.			
fine for cutting.				Kniphofia. See Tritoma.			
Helianthus doronicoides.....	4	Yellow	6-7	* Lamium purpureum variegatum½		Purple	5
giganteus.....	6-8	Yellow	8-9	Larkspur. See Delphinium.			
lætiflorus.....	4-5	Yellow	8-9	Lathyrus latifolius. Perennial			
Maximiliani.....	6	Yellow	9-10	Pea.....	5-6	Pink	6-8
mollis.....	3	Yellow	8	albus.....	5-6	White	6-8
multiflorus plenus. Double				Lavandula vera. Lavender....	2-3	Lavender	7-8
Sunflower.....	3	Yellow	7-8	spica. Lavender.....	2-3	Lavender	7-8
multiflorus plenus Soleil d'Or.	3	Yellow	7-8	Leopard's Bane. See Doroni-			
" maximus. Single				cum.			
Sunflower.....	6	Yellow	6-8	Liatris pycnostachya.....	5	Purple	8-9
orgyalis.....	6-8	Yellow	9-10	scariosa. Blazing-star.....	2-3	Purple	8-9
rigidus. Miss Mellich.....	5-6	Orange	8-9	spicata.....	2-3	Purple	7-8
The hardy border is incomplete				Lilium auratum. Gold-banded			
without plenty of perennial				Lily of Japan.....	2-3	White Sp't'd	7-8
sunflowers.				candidum. Annunciation			
Heliopsis lævis.....	3	Orange	6-8	Lily.....	6	White	6
lævis Pitcheriana.....	3	Orange	6-8	elegans.....	1-2	Orange	5-6
Hemerocallis aurantiaca major..	1-2	Orange	6-7	Canadense.....	5-6	Yellow	7-8
Dumortieri (Sieboldi).....	1½-2	Orange	6	longiflorum. Trumpet Lily..	2½	White	6
flava.....	2	Yellow	6	speciosum album.....	2½-3	White	8-9
fulva.....	3	Bronze	8	" roseum.....	2½-3	Rose	8-9
" fl. pl. (Kwanso).....	8	Bronze	8-9	** superbum.....	4-5	Or'ge-Red	7-8
rutilans.....	1½	Orange	5-6	tigrinum splendens. Tiger			
Thunbergi.....	2	Lemon	7-8	Lily.....	4-5	Or'ge-sp't'd	8
<i>Hemerocallis flava</i> is the best of				Plant the magnificent <i>Lilium</i>			
the yellow day-lilies.				<i>candidum</i> in September.			
Hesperis matronalis. Rocket.				Linum perenne. Flax.....	1½	Blue	6
* Heuchera brizoides.....	1-1½	Red		Lobelia cardinalis. Cardinal			
* sanguinea.....	¾-1	Scarlet	5-6	Flower.....	1½	Cardinal	8
* Wheeleri.....	1-1½	Greenish		Loosestrife. See Lysimachia.			
† Hibiscus militaris.....	4-5	Pink	8-10	* Lotus corniculatus. Trefoil....	½	Yellow	6-10
† Moscheutos. Mallow.....	4-5	Pink	8-10	Lupinus polyphyllus. Lupine..	2-3	Purple	4-6
For over six years we have been				polyphyllus albus.....	2-3	White	4-6
working to make a sensation				Lychnis chalconica. Scarlet			
in the Hibiscus family. Next				Lightning.....	3	Scarlet	7
year we may be ready to sell a				diurna plena.....	1	Red	6
few.				Haageana. Maltese Cross....	½	Various	6-7
* Hieracium aurantiacum.....	½	Or'ge Red	6-7	Flos Jovis. Flower of Jove..	1¼	Scarlet	5
stoloniferum.....	½	Yellow	6-7	viscaria splendens.....	1	Red	7
Hollyhocks (<i>Althæa rosea</i>)....	6-8	Various	6-8	Lysimachia ciliata.....	1-1½	Yellow	7
* House Leek. See Sempervivum.				clethroides. Loosestrife....	2-3	White	7-9
Hyacinthus candicans. Giant				verticillata.....	2-3	Yellow	7-9
Summer Hyacinth.....	3-4	White	7-8	† vulgaris.....	3-4	Yellow	7-9
Iberis. Hardy Candytuft.				Lythrum Japonicum elatum....	2-3	Red. pur.	6-7
* sempervirens.....	½-1	White	4-6	Salicaria.....	4-5	Red. pur.	7-8
* Tenoreana.....	½-1	White	4-6	" roseum superbum.....	4-5	Rose	7-8
Iceland Poppy. See Papaver				Mallow. See Hibiscus.			
nudicaule.				Mentha crispa. Crested Mint..	1-2		
Inula Helenium. Elecampane..	4-5	Yellow	6-8	Pulegium. Pennyroyal.....	¼		
				viridis. Spearmint.....	1-2		

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

	Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering
† <i>Monarda didyma</i> . Bergamot ..1-2	Scarlet	7-9	
† <i>didyma splendens</i> 1-2	Scarlet	7-9	
† <i>fistulosa alba</i> 2-2½	White	7-9	
<i>purpurea</i> 2-2½	Purple	7-9	
Monardas are very fragrant and attractive.			
Monkshood. See <i>Aconitum</i> .			
Montbretia <i>crocosmiflora</i> 2	Orange	8-9	
Moss Pink. See <i>Phlox subulata</i> .			
Muscaria <i>botryoides</i> ¼	Blue	4	
Myosotis <i>palustris semper-florens</i> . Forget-me-not ...¼	Blue	4-6	
* Nepeta <i>Glechoma variegata</i> . Creep'g	Blue	4-5	
* Oenothera <i>Missouriensis</i> ½-1	Yellow	6-9	
* <i>riparia</i> ½-1	Yellow	6-9	
* <i>speciosa</i> 1-2	White	6-8	
<i>Youngii</i> 1½	Yellow	6-9	
* Opuntia <i>Rafinesquii</i> . Cactus...½-1	Yellow	6	
Origanum <i>vulgare</i> . Sweet Mar-jorum 1-2	Pink	7-9	
Oswego Tea. See <i>Monarda didyma</i> .			
** Pachysandra <i>procumbens</i> ½	Maroon	3-5	
** <i>terminalis</i> ½-1	Whitish	5	

PAEONIES

A magnificent lot of plants not yet in general cultivation are in our immense collection. The fall is the most satisfactory season for transplanting, so we prefer to sell them at that time. Read the announcement we make on page 63, and remember that we will offer another section of Terry's wonderful creations next autumn. We will keep a fairly large stock in a dormant condition for sending out with our special Hardy Garden Offers Number Seven and Eight.

PASSION FLOWERS

The beautiful flowers of the Passion Vine are of a rare beauty. Its history is quite interesting, as may be noticed from the account on page 63. Grows rapidly. Sometimes it keeps its owner guessing, as it will frequently make its appearance in spring in a different spot than the one it was located in the previous year. Pot-grown, 25 cts.

ORIENTAL POPPIES

The great flaming flowers of a sheen and texture of scarlet satin are a distinct feature in any garden. We have a big stock.

PHLOX

All hardy kinds in colors which will never offend the eye. Our assortment is not large, because it contains only the most prized varieties of a very extensive assortment. List is given on page 61. We do not offer tiny plants, nor do we try to sell old, worn-out clumps, our stock being young, thrifty and of just the class to give pleasing results.

	Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering
* Papaver nudicaule . Iceland			
Poppy.....½	Yellow	5-8	
* <i>nudicaule alba</i> ½	White	5-8	
* " orange ½	Orange	5-8	
<i>orientale</i> . Oriental Poppy...2-2½	Scarlet	6	
The gorgeous display of the Oriental Poppies is without a rival. We have a choice stock.			
Pardanthus Chinensis. See <i>Belemcanda</i> .			
Passiflora incarnata . Passion			
Flower.....	Trailing Blue	7-9	
* Pentstemon <i>barbatus</i> 2-2½	Red	6-7	
* <i>diffusus</i> 1	Blue	6	
<i>Digitalis</i> 2½-3	White	7	
Periwinkle. See <i>Vinca</i> .			
Phlox <i>tuberosa</i> 3-4	Purple	7	
* <i>Phlox amœna</i> ¼	Rosy pink	5-6	
<i>decussata</i> . Garden Phlox...1-3	Various	7-9	
We have an especially choice assortment of Phlox. Descriptions are given elsewhere in this catalogue.			
* <i>divaricata</i> 1	Blue	5-6	
<i>maculata</i> 1½-2	Purple	7-9	
* <i>subulata</i> . Moss Pink ¼	Rose	4-6	
* " alba.....½	White	4-6	
* " Sadie ½	Lavender	4-6	
Physostegia <i>denticulata</i> 3-4	Lilac	8-9	
<i>Virginica</i> . Obedient Plant..2-3	Lilac	8-	
" alba 2-3	White	8-	
Pinks. See <i>Dianthus</i> .			
Plantain Lily. See <i>Funkia</i> .			
Platycodon grandiflora . Chinese			
Bellflower.....2	Blue	6-10	
<i>Mariesii</i> 1½	Blue	6-10	
* Plumbago <i>Larpenæ</i> ¾	Blue	8-10	
Plume Poppy. See <i>Bocconia</i> .			
Polemonium <i>cæruleum</i> . Jacob's			
Ladder.....1½-2	Blue	5-7	
** <i>reptans</i> ½	Blue	5	
<i>Richardsoni</i> 1½	Blue	5-7	
Potentilla <i>Hybrids</i> 1-1½	Various	6-8	
* Polygonum <i>cuspidatum</i> 5-6	White	8-9	
Poppy. See <i>Papaver</i> .			
Primula <i>Polyanthus</i> ¾	Various	4-6	
<i>suaveolens</i> . Cowslip.....½	Various	4-6	
Prunella. See <i>Brunella</i> .			
Pycnanthemum <i>linifolium</i> 2	Greenish		
Pyrethrum <i>Balsamita</i> . Cost-			
mary 1½-2			
<i>roseum</i> 1-1½	Various	6	
<i>uliginosum</i> . Oxeye Daisy...2-2½	White	8-9	
Use the pressed leaves of the fragrant old-fashioned herb, <i>P. Balsamita</i> , for book-markers.			
†* Ranunculus acris fl. pl. Bache-			
lor's Buttons 1-1½	Yellow	4-6	
Red-hot Poker. See <i>Tritoma</i> .			
Rock Cress. See <i>Arabis</i> .			
Rudbeckia <i>fulgida</i> 1½-2	Orange	8-9	
<i>laciniata</i> . Golden Glow 5-6	Yellow	8-9	
<i>Newmani</i> . Black-eyed Susan.1½-2	Orange	8-9	
<i>subtomentosa</i> 2½-3	Orange	8-9	
* Ruellia <i>ciliata</i> ½	Blue	6-8	
Ruta <i>graveolens</i> . Rue 1½	Yellow		
* Salvia <i>argentea</i> 1½-2	White		
<i>azurea grandiflora</i> 3	Blue	8	
<i>glutinosa</i> 1½	Yellow	7-9	
<i>nutans</i> 1½-2	Blue	6-7	
Santolina <i>incana</i> . Lavender			
Cotton.....1	Silvery		
Saponaria <i>officinalis</i> . Bouncing			
Bet.....2-2½	Pink	8-10	

PRICE-LIST OF HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

	Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering		Height in feet	Color	Month of flowering
* <i>Saxifraga crassifolia</i>	1	Pink	3-5	<i>Stonecrop</i> . See <i>Sedum</i> .			
<i>Scabiosa Caucasica</i>	1½	Blue	6-7	<i>Sunflower</i> . See <i>Helianthus</i> .			
<i>Sea Holly</i> . See <i>Eryngium</i> .				<i>Symphytum asperum</i> . Com-			
* <i>Sedum album</i> . <i>Stonecrop</i>	¾	White	7-9	frey.....	3-4	Blue	8-9
* <i>conciatum</i>	¾	White	8-9	<i>Thalictrum</i> —			
* <i>Fabaria</i>	¾	Pink	8-9	* <i>aquilegifolium roseum</i>	2-2½	Pink	5-6
* <i>Hispanicum</i> . <i>Spanish Sedum</i>	¾	Pinkish	7	<i>dioicum</i>	2-3	Greenish	
* <i>hybridum</i>	¾	Yellow	7-8	<i>Thermopsis Caroliniana</i>	3-4	Yellow	6
* <i>Kamptschaticum</i>	½	Yellow	7-9	<i>Thrift</i> . See <i>Armeria</i> .			
* <i>sexangulare</i> . <i>Love Entangle</i>	¾	Yellow	6-7	* <i>Thymus Serpyllum</i> . <i>Thyme</i>	¾	Pink	5-6
* <i>spectabilis</i> . <i>Showy Sedum</i>	1	Pink	8-9	* <i>Serpyllum variegatum</i>	¾	White lvs.	
<i>Telephium purpureum</i>	1-1½	Pink	8-9	* <i>vulgaris</i> . <i>Common Thyme</i>	½	Pink	5-7
Sedums are unexcelled for rock-				<i>Tradescantia Virginica alba</i> .			
eries and for dry situations.				<i>Spiderwort</i>	1-1½	White	5-7
<i>Senecio pulcher</i>	1½	Rosy car.	7-8	<i>Virginica fl. pl.</i>	1-1½	Purple	5-7
<i>Sidalcea malvæflora</i>	2-3	Pink	5-7	** <i>Tricyrtis hirta nigra</i> . <i>Toad</i>			
<i>Silphium laciniatum</i> . <i>Compass</i>				<i>Lily</i>	1	Brownish	8-10
<i>Plant</i>	6-8	Yellow	7-9	<i>Tritoma uvaria</i> . <i>Red-hot-poker</i>			
<i>Solidago</i> . <i>Goldenrod</i> —				<i>Plant</i>	2-2½	Red-yel.	8-10
<i>altissima</i>	3-4	Yellow	9-10	<i>uvaria Pfitzeri</i>	1½-2	Coral	7-10
<i>Canadensis</i>	4-5	Yellow	9-10	<i>Valeriana officinalis</i>	2½-3	Pinkish	5-7
<i>nemoralis</i>	2-3	Yellow	9-10	<i>Vernonia Jamesii</i>	1½-2	Purple	8-9
<i>sempervirens</i>	3-4	Yellow	9-10	* <i>Veronica candida</i> . <i>Speedwell</i>	½	Blue	6-7
<i>serotina</i>	4-5	Yellow	9-10	<i>circaoides</i>	¾	Blue	6
<i>Spiderwort</i> . See <i>Tradescantia</i> .				<i>longifolia</i>	1½-2	Blue	6-8
<i>Spiræa aruncus</i>	4-5	White	6-7	<i>subsessilis</i>	1½	Blue	8
<i>filipendula fl. pl.</i>	1	White	5-8	<i>montana</i>	1	Blue	6
* <i>Japonica</i>	1-1½	White	5-6	<i>Teucrium</i>	1	Blue	6
** <i>multiflora compacta</i>	1	White	5	<i>Virginicum</i>	3	White	7-9
† <i>Kamtschatica</i>	5	White	6-7	* <i>Vinca minor</i>	Trailing	Blue	
<i>lobata</i>	2	Pink	6	<i>minor purpurea</i>	Trailing	Purple	
† <i>palmata</i>	2½-3	Crimson	3	** <i>Viola cornuta alba</i> . <i>Tufted</i>			
† <i>Ulmaria alba plena</i>	3	White	6-7	<i>Pansy</i>	¾	White	5-6
* <i>Stachys lanata</i> . <i>Bunnie's Ears</i>	1	Pink	7-8	** <i>cucullata</i> , <i>Pink Gem</i>	¾	Pink	4-5
* <i>Statice latifolia</i> . <i>Sea Lavender</i>	1-1½	Lavender	6-8	<i>odorata</i> . <i>Sweet Violet</i>	¾	Blue	4-5
<i>St. Bruno's Lily</i> . See <i>Antheri-</i>				<i>alba</i> . <i>Sweet Violet</i>	¾	White	4-5
<i>cum</i> .							
<i>Stokesia cyanea</i> . <i>Stoke's Aster</i>	½-1	Blue	6-9				

** HARDY FERNS

Ferns might be used in gardens much more than they are, for not only are they beautiful in summer, but many of them are evergreen, affording something green for rockwork and other places in winter time. Ferns like shade, but at the same time must have some air. Damp, shady places are the ones they prefer, and as such spots do not suit many plants, ferns are especially valuable for the purpose. Evergreen sorts are marked (E).

Single plants of any variety \$0 25
Ten plants in any assortment..... 2 00

Adiantum pedatum. *Maidenhair Fern*.

Aspidium acrostichoides. *Christmas Fern*. (E.)

cristatum. *Crested Shield-Fern*. (E.)

marginale. *Marginal Fern*. (E.)

spinulosum. (E.)

Thelyptera. *Lady Fern*.

Asplenium angustifolium. *Narrow-leaved Spleen-*
wort.

One hundred plants in any assortment \$15 00
One hundred plants, our selection 10 00

Onoclea sensibilis. *Sensitive Fern*.

Struthiopteris. *Ostrich Fern*.

Osmunda cinnamomea. *Cinnamon Fern*.

Claytoniana. *Flowering Fern*.

regalis. *King Fern*.

Polypodium hexagonopterum.

vulgare. *Rock Polypod*. (E.)

Pteris aquilina. *Brake*, or *Bracken*.

† HARDY GRASSES

Good clumps, 25 cts. each; extra-sized clumps, 35 cts. and 50 cts. each

The Hardy Grasses are invaluable for giving distinct effects. The structure of the plants is so different from shrubs and trees as to always create a pleasing contrast. In isolated clumps on lawns and near water they are especially pleasing.

	Height in feet		Height in feet
† <i>Arundo Donax</i> . <i>The Giant Reed</i> . <i>Bluish-green</i> .	12-15	† <i>Eulalia Japonica</i> , var. <i>variegata</i> . <i>Green and</i> <i>white-striped</i> . <i>Very handsome</i>	5-7
† <i>Donax</i> , var. <i>variegata</i> . <i>A very handsome</i> , <i>variegated variety of the former</i>	8-10	† <i>Japonica</i> , var. <i>zebrina</i> . <i>Green, barred with</i> <i>bronzy yellow</i> . <i>Very striking</i>	5-7
† <i>Bambusa Metake</i> . <i>Evergreen Bamboo</i>	5-6	<i>Gynerium argenteum</i> . <i>True Pampas Grass</i>	7-8
† <i>Erianthus Ravennæ</i> . <i>Has beautiful plumes in</i> <i>the fall</i>	8-10	† <i>Phalaris arundinacea variegata</i> . <i>Ribbon Grass</i> . <i>An excellent dwarf grass for clumping in</i> <i>the foreground of shrubberies</i> .	
† <i>Eulalia Japonica</i> . <i>False Pampas Grass</i> . <i>Green</i> , <i>broad leaf</i>	8-10	<i>Uniola latifolia</i> . <i>A pretty grass with plumes</i> , <i>useful for vases</i>	2½-3
† <i>Japonica</i> , var. <i>gracillima univittata</i> . <i>Very</i> <i>narrow blades, making a very graceful and</i> <i>pretty plant</i>	5-7		



Imagine the glorious sight this *Magnolia stellata* (Halleana) must be, as it blooms very early in the spring. Its star-shaped, nearly double flowers are of a delightful fragrance

Magnolias Produce Great Displays

Even before the leaves appear, the early-flowering Magnolias make a great display; especially attractive so soon after the dreary features of winter. We welcome them gladly. Every one likes the flowers, which can be obtained in several colors and forms, some varieties possessing a delicate fragrance.

We make quite a feature of offering plants which can be planted late in the season, even in summertime, with very satisfactory results. This class frequently saves a year's time, as Magnolias are not adapted for fall transplanting.

Figures in parentheses indicate a fair maximum height

Magnolia Alexandrina. (20 feet.) An early variety resembling the Soulangeana. 3 to 4 ft., \$2 each.

M. conspicua. (20 to 25 feet.) Large, pure white flowers appear very early in great abundance. Our heavier grade is very choice.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ ft., pots.....	\$1 50	\$15 00	\$125 00
3 to 3½ ft.	2 00		

M. Lennei. (20 to 25 feet.) The very large, cup-shaped, rich claret-colored flowers are unlike any of the others, and the display lasts for a long period. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50 each, 5 for \$10.

M. purpurea. (6 to 10 feet.) Bushy, compact growth, rich purplish flowers which are later in appearing than most others. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50 each, 5 for \$10.

M. Soulangeana. (15 to 20 feet.) Perhaps the most popular of all Magnolias, being of vigorous growth, and blooming profusely, even when quite small. The flowers are large, pink on the outside of petals and white inside. In average seasons the flowers open in the third week in April. It can be grown as a small tree or large shrub.

Magnolia Soulangeana, continued

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 ft., choice	\$2 50	\$25 00	\$200 00
8 to 9 ft., standards	5 00		

M. speciosa. (15 to 20 feet.) Resembles the preceding sort a great deal. It is rather later in opening its flowers in spring, and the flowers are larger and of a darker pink.

	Each	10	100
3 to 3½ ft., in tubs	\$2 50	\$25 00	\$200 00
3 to 4 ft.	2 00		

M. stellata (Halleana). (5 to 6 feet.) One of the most valuable ornamental plants in cultivation. It is of dwarf habit, very compact, growing into a form like a large ball, and its thick foliage is very attractive. Very ambitious, even tiny plants producing more than their share of the exceptionally early, star-shaped, pinkish white, nearly double flowers of a delightful fragrance. Fairly well developed bushes appear to be completely covered with these pretty flowers of such pleasing fragrance. One of the best for massing or for use as a specimen.

	Each	10	100
12 to 15 in., from pots	\$1 75	\$15 00	\$125 00
12 to 18 in., bushy	2 00	17 50	150 00
2 to 2½ ft., tubs	2 50	20 00	
2½ to 3 ft., bushy	3 00	25 00	200 00

Use These Pretty Maples

FAMOUS FOR THEIR BEAUTIFUL FOLIAGE

The Purple-leaved Norway Maple is renowned for its rich, dark color in the spring and fall, and its blood-red tips of new growth in midsummer; and the Sugar Maple for its magnificent fall foliage effects, yellow and red predominating. Both are of good, thrifty growth. True there are plenty of other desirable Maples, but these are so worthy of mention and we have such a fine stock that it is to our own and our customers' interests to make a feature of them.

SCHWEDLER MAPLE. Purple-leaved Norway. Not only have these far cleaner, thriftier growth than is customary with this tree when young, but we are able to offer low-branched plants adapted for lawn use—see illustration elsewhere—as well as some which have been trimmed up to five or six feet for street or avenue planting. Always state which class is desired.

	Each	10	25
6 to 7 feet, low-branched	\$2 00	\$20 00	\$50 00
9 to 10 feet.....	2 00	17 50	37 50
10 to 12 feet.....	2 50		

SUGAR MAPLE—

	Each	10	25
7 to 9 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$12 50
10 to 12 feet	1 00	7 50	15 00
12 to 14 feet.....	1 50	12 50	25 00
15 to 16 feet.....	2 00	17 50	37 50
15 to 18 feet, heavy specimens.....	\$5 to 8 00		

A New Weeping Tree

The Weeping Siberian Pea would not be so seldom seen if its merits were better known.

The space it occupies on a lawn is hardly worth considering, as it is not a rank grower. Grafted on a sturdy stem the plant trails its branches gracefully toward the ground. The leaves are small and neat.



We have an especially fine stock of Oaks of all the desirable kinds. The Pin Oak, illustrated, is one of the best for street or lawn. Rapid grower.

Early in spring great quantities of flowers appear, reminding one of yellow sweet-pea blossoms, and these are followed by pods of yellowish green, same shape as those of the garden pea, only smaller, which give a very pretty effect.

Of Siberian parentage, its great hardiness is unquestioned.

Look in Shrubs for bush forms, which are so greatly needed for shrubbery planting in cold regions.

	Each	10	100
3 feet stems, 2-year heads.....	\$1 00	\$8 00	
3 to 4 feet stems, 4-year heads ...	2 50	22 50	\$200 00

Bearing-Size Japanese Chestnuts

What a fine sight these are already making with their burden of burs, which later will open and make an attractive display of large nuts.

The Japanese Chestnut should be planted because of its ornamental value as well as for its fruit. Its medium growth is much in favor and big crops appeal to those who expect more of a tree than foliage and flowers.

This is an ambitious plant. Even the smallest has more than its share of burs. 3 to 4 ft., bushy, bearing size, \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10, \$20 for 25.

One of Our Future Features

Indications point to a great future for the **Cedrela Sinensis**. Without a doubt this tree is destined to become one of the few great trees adapted for general planting, for street or lawn.

At the present time our stock is not extensive enough to describe its many virtues. In a year or two, however, we shall have nearly enough to meet the demand a little advertising will create. Our confidence in the value of this tree is so great that we are growing it by the thousands, and, as soon as these are ready for the market, its merits will be made known over all this country.

The tree resembles the ailanthus in its good features, yet its long and graceful strings of flowers do not have an unpleasant odor. It grows rapidly, symmetrically, and in every way is a tree to be much admired. Suitable for the seaside. 14 to 15 feet, \$3 each.

The Katsura Tree is of Great Beauty

Have at least one **Cercidiphyllum Japonicum** on the lawn. The common name, Katsura Tree, is less formidable.

According to our opinion, which is also that of every one who has seen it growing, this tree is one of the prettiest and most desirable in American cultivation.

The even, pyramidal habit of growth appeals to those who value beauty of outline. Its leaves are not large, they are heart-shaped, of a dark tint when unfolding and light green later on, in fall changing to attractive colors of bright yellow or partially scarlet.

Our plants are bushy almost to the ground; adapting them for specimens or prominent positions on the lawn.

	Each	10	25
5 to 6 feet	\$1 25	\$10 00	\$22 50
6 to 8 feet	1 75		

Persimmons are Ornamental

When covered with bright golden balls, later changing to red, always glistening in the sunlight, the old-fashioned, though too uncommon Persimmon makes a good display. Its corky bark, new wood and leaf-stems of a reddish tint and excellent foliage are features which must not pass unnoticed.

There is no excuse for the increasing rarity of this tree. Near Germantown there are so few that the boys who have "discovered them" jealously guard the secret of their location. A specimen or two can well be placed on every lawn of any size.

From early spring until late fall the Persimmon is an attractive tree. Its plentiful foliage of a very dark green, unchanging color and its shapely nature commend it.

Externally the fruit resembles the Japanese Plum. What jokes have been played on the innocent with its aid! but, when the frost has made it soft and removed its tendency to pucker the mouth, it is truly delicious. 6 to 7 feet, \$1.50 each, \$10 for 10, \$18.75 for 25.

How to Get Very Low Prices. It is doubtful if stock of equal quality, upon which so much time and care have been spent to make it of the highest class, can be obtained at such favorable rates as ours. Look at our two dozen pages of prices in the rear of this catalogue. Take our word for it, the rates are low. Figures alone cannot, must not be compared, unless the health, form, condition and many other details of greatest importance which help make the quality which regulates the price are considered. Comparisons are not odious; we welcome them.

To get the benefit of especially low figures, take twenty-five plants from any one department and then you receive the advantage on each item of the price at which it is quoted by the ten. On one hundred plants in any assortment from any one department, the benefit of the hundred rate on each and every item is given.

For example, order twenty-five trees and you secure the advantage of the ten rate on each and every item making up the twenty-five. This favorable rule applies to Vines, Evergreens and Perennials as well, though the plants could not be taken from the several departments to make the total of twenty-five necessary to obtain the benefit of the ten rate. For example, ten trees and fifteen shrubs could not be combined to secure it. This ruling applies to the hundred rate.

Five plants of any one variety and size are sold at the ten rate, and twenty-five at the hundred rate. Special quantity prices cannot be made where no ten or hundred rates are quoted.

Save money on both plants and freight by inducing some neighbor to include his order with yours.

The Ash Deserves Much Credit

The Ash is a very pretty tree and grows with a satisfactory rapidity. Then why, we ask, is it not more generally planted? We feel that it could well take the place of many more popular yet less worthy trees. It attains a good size, it is excellent for shade, it is never so heavily foliated as to shut out the breezes so precious in summer, and it thrives almost everywhere.

A few sorts which we wish to have better known are mentioned.

FOR STREET, AVENUE OR LAWN

FRAXINUS excelsior. English Ash. Of rounded outline; and with large, green leaves which do not fall until late in the autumn. It is a good kind for street use, and also thrives in moist ground.

	Each	10	25
8 to 10 feet.....	\$1 00	\$8 00	
10 to 12 feet.....	1 50	12 50	\$25 00
12 to 14 feet.....	2 00	15 00	31 25
14 to 16 feet, heavy specimens.....	4 00	40 00	

F. viridis. American Green Ash. One which can always be used to an advantage in almost any position. A good tree with very satisfactory foliage, and admirable for street planting. 10 to 11 ft., \$1.50 each, \$15 for 10, \$25 for 25.

FOR TASTY LAWNS AND BORDERS

FRAXINUS aucubæfolia. Rarely seen. The foliage is marked beautifully with golden and green. Odd and attractive. For the lawn.

	Each	10
6 to 10 feet.....	\$1 50	\$12 50
11 to 12 feet.....	2 50	

F. Ornus. Well known as the Flowering Ash. Considered a most ornamental tree of medium growth, attaining a height of about 25 feet. Flowers appear in large bunches and the masses of seeds which follow impart an uncommon effect. Most suitable for the lawn. 8 to 9 ft., specimens, \$1.50 each, \$15 for 10, \$31.25 for 25.

F. globosa. Mentioned because of its rarity. Grafted on small stems, its compact, globe-formed heads present an unique appearance. Try it. 7 to 8 ft., stems, \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10.

Japanese Varnish Tree

The *Kœlreuteria paniculata*, commonly the Varnish Tree, a native of China and Japan, is a useful one for lawn planting.

Its ornamental value cannot be questioned. The foliage is unlike any seen on our native trees, and immense panicles of yellow flowers appear in July. The seed-pods which show up so well in July and August are queer-looking, but not objectionable objects, resembling small bladders—or balloons, as many prefer to say.

The succession of effects must be seen to be appreciated. First the neat, early appearing foliage, not unlike that of the Trumpet Vine; then the great masses of flowers contrasting nicely; then the crop of seed-pods, looking like greenish yellow apples from a distance; and last of all the handsome fall foliage tints.

When young this tree is inclined to be a trifle awkward, a habit soon outgrown. To make our plants present a good appearance from the first, we have taken extra pains in staking and training, an extra attention deemed unnecessary and expensive by the few other growers.

	Each	10	25
4 to 5 feet.....	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$12 50
5 to 6 feet.....	1 00	9 00	18 75
10 to 12 feet.....	1 50	12 50	22 50

No Charge for Packing. Packing is free. The rule in force since 1854 has been abolished. No longer do we make a charge to cover the actual expense of packing shipments, even though the especially careful manner in which we do this important work makes it a very costly item for us to stand.

Plants are prepared for shipment to any distance in the best manner, and we deliver them to our freight stations or express offices without charge.

This new ruling has a slight variation. When necessary to send stock in large boxes a charge is made to cover their actual cost; but even this is rebated if they are returned empty to us by freight at our expense.

Choice Plants for Specimens

There is a liberal reward in store for the person who has the foresight, good luck or judgment to place any of these choice plants in prominent positions on his lawn.

ANDROMEDA arborea. Sorrel Tree. The only tree of all Andromedas. A very valuable, medium-sized tree, bearing racemes of white flowers in mid-July. In autumn the foliage changes to brilliant crimson. It is usually grown as a large bush. A beautiful tree for massing or as a single specimen. 18 to 24 in., bushy, \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10, \$18.75 for 25.

CERCIDIPHYLLUM Japonicum. Mentioned elsewhere, yet it deserves a place in this list.

	Each	10	25
5 to 6 feet.....	\$1 25	\$10 00	\$22 50
6 to 8 feet.....	1 75		

STYRAX Obassia. A great acquisition to a collection of lawn specimens. Its pretty leaves are from four to six inches in diameter. The flowers are a striking feature, being produced in profusion along stems five to seven inches in length

Styrax Obassia, continued.

These are white and sweet-smelling, and appear in May. Maximum height, 30 to 40 feet.

	Each	10	100
4 to 5 feet.....	\$1 25		
5 to 6 feet.....	1 50	\$12 50	\$100 00

SYRINGA Rothomagensis. Its flowers are produced in great profusion, and are composed of large panicles of a good shade of reddish purple. Its habit is more open and graceful than many other kinds, the branches not being so heavy, and its foliage is also quite distinct.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches	\$0 35	\$2 00	\$15 00
2 to 3 feet, bushy	50	4 50	
3 to 3½ feet.....	75	5 00	30 00
3½ to 4 feet.....	1 00	7 50	50 00

S. villosa differs from the garden lilac, and some would doubt that it belonged to the same family.

It has large shining foliage and heads of whitish flowers. It blooms in early June, and is particularly useful on this account, other lilacs being out of flower then.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches, bushy ..	\$0 35	\$2 50	
2½ to 3 feet, extra.....	50	3 50	\$35 00

VIBURNUM Wrighti. Shapely grower and bears clusters of small, very beautiful red berries. One of the Snowball family. 2½ to 3 ft., bushy, 75 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.



The Weeping Mulberry is so ornamental and takes up so little room that even a small lawn could find a place for one to an advantage. It grows rapidly and its graceful lines appeal favorably to all.

Oriental Planes are Satisfactory

Reasons for the heavy demand for the **Platanus orientalis**, commonly Oriental Plane, or Sycamore, are easily understood. Do not confuse this tree with the American Plane or Buttonwood, which is its inferior in many ways.

Oriental Planes grow with great rapidity, always symmetrically; they transplant with ease and are a success for lawn or street.

This tree may readily be kept within the limits of any individual requirement, as it is a tree which not only can be pruned severely but thrives upon this treatment.

We have a large and good stock. As we grow it by the tens of thousands, it could be expected that we have plenty of fine, thrifty plants on hand.

	Each	10	25
8 to 10 feet	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$12 50
10 to 12 feet	1 50	12 50	25 00
14 to 15 feet	2 50	22 50	50 00
Extra-heavy specimens.	5 00		

Splendid for Fall Foliage

Those who know the *Photinia villosa* think it one of the most ornamental plants in American cultivation.

Growing to a height of 10 or 12 feet, it is but little more than a large shrub. From early until late the foliage is highly attractive, the small, glossy leaves taking on particularly brilliant fall tints.

Clusters of white flowers appear toward the close of May. Berries of a bright red color make a great sight in the autumn, showing up all the better after the leaves have fallen. They seem to encourage birds.

	Each	10	25
2 to 2½ feet	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$5 00
6 to 7 feet	1 00	7 50	15 00

Hop Trees are Not Common

Add a Hop Tree or two to your collection. It really is a good thing, and it is not probable that there will ever be enough produced to make it a plant one sees everywhere. This is a small-sized tree, seldom attaining a greater height than 20 feet, bush-like, with three-parted leaves. Odd and interesting hop-like seeds follow the clusters of white flowers.

Both the green-leaved and the golden-leaved forms are desirable. The latter is especially worthy, as it has an attractive, bright golden color, which it retains well through the summer; a little pruning enhances the beauty by stimulating new growth.

Some are grown as trees—that is with a single stem—and others in bush form.



California Privet Hedge and *Catalpa Bungei*. Our Privet plants, grown in highly cultivated soil, are strong and thrifty and exceptionally favorably priced. We have a limited stock of the Catalpa with heavy, well-developed heads.

	Each	10	25
Green-leaved, Bush form. 2 to 3 feet	\$0 35	\$2 00	\$3 75
" " Tree form. 6 to 7 feet	1 00	7 50	12 50
Golden-leaved, Bush form. 6 to 7 feet	1 00	7 50	15 00
" " Tree form. 6 to 7 feet	1 25	10 00	20 00

American Elms are Graceful

Few, indeed, are the persons who have failed to admire the majestic proportions of the noble American Elm; often termed the Wineglass Elm because of its outline.

It makes a tall, stately specimen, its branches sweeping gracefully toward the ground.

Our stock is far above the average. Extra attention was given it and our interest in growing an unusually shapely lot of trees never relaxed. We know from observation that we have the best collection of shapely, thrifty, young specimens of any nursery.

These are fine.

	Each	10	100
9 to 11 feet	\$1 50	\$12 50	\$90 00
11 to 12 feet	2 00	15 00	100 00
12 to 14 feet, heavy	3 00	25 00	
15 feet., specimens	4 00		

Deutzias are Invaluable

Plantings of shrubs are woefully incomplete if the choice varieties of the *Deutzia* are omitted. A feature of the spring season is the magnificent display they make. They are thrifty of growth, require little attention and can be depended upon to give a good showing of dainty white or light pink flowers every spring. They are adaptable for every use, being satisfactory from all points of view.

Some especially desirable kinds are mentioned. Do not overlook these. Make a bed or group of them, include plenty in the shrubbery border, always placing the variety *Gracilis* in the foreground, as it never grows tall. *Lemoinei* is next in height.

DEUTZIA crenata candidissima. Double white.
2 to 2½ ft., cut back, 35 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10, \$20 per 100.
3 to 3½ ft., 50 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$25 per 100.

D. crenata. Double pink. Very fine.

2 to 2½ ft., cut back, 35 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10, \$20 per 100.
3 to 3½ ft., very fine, 50 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$25 per 100.
4 ft., extra heavy, 75c. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

D. crenata. Double white. Grand variety.

	Each	10	100
2½ to 3 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 50	\$25 00
4 to 5 feet.....	75	5 00	40 00

D. gracilis. Of very dwarf and compact nature, growing only to about 2½ or 3 feet. It enjoys the world-wide reputation of being one of the most beautiful of shrubs. The long racemes of pure white flowers, reminding one of those of the Lily-of-the-Valley, completely cover the plant.



Of all the hardy shrubs we consider *Deutzia Lemoinei* one of the most valuable

	Each	10	100
Deutzia gracilis, continued.			
10 to 12 inches	\$0 25	\$1 50	\$12 00
12 to 15 inches	35	2 00	18 00
12 to 18 inches, very bushy	50	3 50	25 00

D. Lemoinei. Resembles the *Gracilis* very closely, but it is a stronger grower, attaining a height of 3 to 4 feet, and, consequently, making a greater display. Almost indispensable. New.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches, bushy.....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
2 to 2½ feet, especially fine....	50	3 50	25 00

D., Pride of Rochester. A very fine double pink sort with splendid foliage.

	Each	10	100
3 to 3½ feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 00	\$30 00
4 feet, extra heavy.....	75	5 00	40 00

To Make Delicious Jelly

Ladies of a practical turn of mind will like this plant. Even without its fruit, the *Elæagnus longipes* is of considerable ornamental value. The heavy crops of bright red berries, as large as cherries, add much to its beauty, and they are also easily converted into a jelly with a delicious flavor and of a color which delights the housewife. But, keep this in mind, all plants do not bear these prized berries. That is why it is best, by far, to obtain our stock, which is of the fruiting form and certain to bear. The summer past they have been fruiting abundantly.

	Each	10	100
2½ to 3 feet	\$0 50	\$4 00	
3 to 3½ feet	75	5 00	\$35 00

Big Shrubs at a Big Bargain

HERE IS A BARGAIN IN THE FULLEST SENSE OF THE WORD

Think of it! 25 fine, big, specimen shrubs, of the most desirable varieties, carefully packed for shipment and delivered to our freight station or express office for \$10. We deliver them free by our own teams within our local delivery service.

For good reasons we are more anxious to sell this stock than to make a proper profit. When stating that each of the plants should bring at least double, we are not varying one particle from the truth.

The sacrifice pays us in some ways. Each plant is personally selected with care. We aim to pick them out so as to allow the remaining stock more room to develop into high-priced specimens.

This stock is above the ordinary in desirable qualities. It is just the kind we would use on our own lawn, if we were planting one. The plants are good in every respect, strong, thrifty, well-developed specimen bushes, of the class of which any one could well feel proud.

These are suitable for creating immediate effects. They are adapted for use as single specimens on a lawn or for planting in shrub borders. From 12 to 16 square feet of space can be nicely occupied by each of them.

Though large, they are thrifty, well rooted and will transplant with ease. We would recommend judicious pruning after setting them out, and this will tend to insure highly satisfactory results.

25 HEAVY SPECIMENS 4 TO 6 FEET IN HEIGHT FOR \$10

2 Cornus Mas	1 Euonymus Europæus	1 Viburnum Sieboldi
1 Deutzia crenata , Double Pink	1 Ligustrum Ibota	2 Viburnum tomentosum
2 Deutzia crenata , Double White	1 Ligustrum ovalifolium	2 Weigela rosea
2 Deutzia , Pride of Rochester	2 Spiræa callosa	1 Viburnum molle
2 Hydrangea paniculata , Early-flowering	2 Spiræa Reevesii	2 Viburnum Opulus sterile
	1 Spiræa Regaliana	

A Praiseworthy Shrub

The popular **White Fringe** (*Chionanthus Virginica*) can always retain its reputation for being a shrub which earns a right to be included in every planting of shrubbery. It really is too good to be hidden, and deserves to be more largely used as a specimen.

Our book, "Hardy Plants for Every Purpose," which is sent free to applicants, has this to say in its favor, which is little enough for such a desirable thing.

For planting in wet ground, it is admirable, though not demanding more than ordinary amount of moisture. It seems to thrive almost everywhere. Large-growing, and with splendid dark green foliage, it is good for backgrounds and as a screen.

	Each	10	100
12 inches	\$0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
2½ to 3 feet, very fine.....	50	4 00	35 00
3½ to 4 feet	75	6 00	50 00

Its Flowers Appear Early

Highly valued are the flowers that come early in spring. Naturally after winter's dreary features outdoor bloom is highly valued and its effect is cheering. **Cornus Mas**, known popularly as the Cornelian Cherry, but really a dogwood, is a strong-growing shrub, which very early in spring bears a profusion of small yellow flowers along its leafless stems. Branches with closed flower-buds taken into the house in late winter and placed in water soon make a glowing floral display. Berries, bright red or cornelian in color and about the size of a cherry, are also ornamental, and said to be good for preserving. The plants offered this season are especially fine.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
3 to 4 feet, heavy.....	50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 feet	75	5 00	40 00

Pink Flowers are Rare in Autumn

The *Desmodium penduliflorum* belongs in every garden. No trouble to successfully grow it. It is hardy. Each year it expands in size and increases in beauty, though its stems die to the ground every winter. A display as good as it makes is not common, even in spring, and coming during fall's dull season it is doubly valuable. A matured bush is four feet or more in height, the same in diameter, and when completely covered with flowers of a form reminding one of the Sweet Pea, and of a good pink color, the sight calls for admiration. Plant plenty of it in shrubbery beds or hardy perennial borders, or by itself. Its bright display comes at a time when most needed.

	Each	10	100
2 years	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$18 00
3 years, pot-grown	35	2 50	20 00
6 years	50	3 50	30 00



The hardy *Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora* is known and valued by every one at all interested in horticulture. In masses it is magnificent, and even a single specimen makes a great showing in August. It is doubtful if there is a finer lot anywhere than those we are offering at trifling prices. The heavy grade is exceptionally reasonable.

Hydrangeas are Extremely Popular

No hardy shrub can take the place of the Hydrangea. Its immense flowers make a great showing when most needed, in August. Hydrangeas thrive almost everywhere with ordinary attention. Close winter pruning tends to increase the growth of new wood, and it is upon this that the great heads appear. We think it unlikely that better plants than ours are obtainable. The heaviest grades are especially fine.

Use more than one kind, that a succession of bloom will be secured. The *Paniculata grandiflora*, of course, makes the largest heads,—simply immense,—but the two other varieties mentioned, one coming before and the other after it in flowering, are of great interest, and should be included in every planting.

HYDRANGEA paniculata.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
3 to 4 feet	50	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 feet	75	5 00	35 00

H. paniculata. Early-flowering—

12 to 18 inches	25	2 00	15 00
18 to 24 inches	35	2 50	18 00
3½ to 4 feet	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 feet	75	5 00	35 00

H. paniculata grandiflora—

18 to 24 inches	25	1 50	12 00
3 to 4 feet, heavy	50	3 50	20 00
4 to 5 feet	75	5 00	35 00

Valuable Spiræas

Everybody knows the value of the Spiræas. Unless there are plenty of them in an assortment of shrubs it could hardly be called complete. Our plants are above the ordinary in these few especially desirable kinds.

Take this hint. Make a hedge of the variety Van Houttei.

Spiræa, Anthony Waterer. A most beautiful variety of Bumalda. In habit of growth it is the same as its parent. The flowers are crimson in the bud and when first open, fading afterward to a deep pink. It blooms about the first of June, and if the flowers are cut off as fast as they commence to decay there will be a continuance of them throughout the season, to some extent.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches	\$0 25	\$2 50	\$15 00
18 to 24 inches	35	3 00	18 00
18 to 24 inches, from 7-in. pots.	75	6 00	50 00

S. arguta. A species new in cultivation and already very popular. Its sprays of showy white flowers are considered at least the equal of any other Spiræa. The leaves are quite small.

	Each	10	100
2½ to 3 feet	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$30 00
3½ to 4 feet	75	6 00	50 00

S. Billardi. Bears spikes of rosy pink flowers about the middle of June, continuing to some extent all summer.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches, cut back	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
3 to 4 feet, cut back	50	3 50	25 00
5 feet, very fine, heavy	1 00	7 50	60 00



The popularity of the *Spiræa Van Houttei* is easily explained after noticing the profuse floral display it makes every spring. Pretty flowers, neat foliage and graceful habit all combine to retain its hold on the plant-loving public.

Spiræa callosa. Flowers pink, and in large, flat heads. Blooms the first week in July, and continues for several weeks. 4 to 5 feet, 75c. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

var. alba. The same as above, but with a dwarf growth and white flowers. 2 to 2½ feet, very bushy, 50 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$30 per 100.

var. superba. This too, is of dwarf growth. The pinkish white flowers appear in late June.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches, bushy	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
2 to 2½ feet, bushy	50	4 00	30 00

S. Douglasii. Bears pink flowers in finger-like panicles.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches, bushy	\$0 35	\$2 00	\$18 00
2 to 3 feet, bushy	50	3 00	25 00

S. Reevesii, Single. The beautiful clusters of white flowers appear about the 20th of May.

	Each	10	100
2½ to 3 feet, bushy	\$0 50	\$3 50	\$25 00
3 to 4 feet	75	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 feet, bushy	1 00	6 00	

S. Reevesii, Double. The same as the preceding, but with double flowers, which open a few days later. Both are compact in their habit and have slim twigs and branches.

	Each	10	100
3 feet	\$0 50	\$4 00	\$35 00
4 to 5 feet	75	5 00	40 00

S. Regeliana. Dense panicles of pink flowers appear about the close of June. From young shoots of the same season there is often a fresh crop of flowers in late summer.

	Each	10	100
2½ to 3 feet	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00
5 feet, very fine	1 00	7 50	50 00

S. Van Houttei. A very good kind, bushy and hardy, like Reevesii, but perhaps better. The flowers are white, in bunches, and appear in great quantities about May 15. Its habit of growth is drooping and graceful, especially when in flower.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$20 00
2 to 2½ feet, 7-inch pot.	75	6 00	40 00
2½ to 3 feet, bushy	75	5 00	30 00

BARGAIN. 25 plants of above kinds, nicely assorted, largest sizes, for \$10.

Ask Us to Help You Give us one chance to show how well we can serve you. Tell us about your home. Ask us to inform you how to plant its grounds to greatest advantage with a minimum expenditure of money and energy. Allow us to help in the making of selections of hardy perennials suitable for certain positions or for special purposes. On request we will make special lists of trees or shrubs or evergreens. No matter how long or intricate the lists or how difficult the inquiries, it never will be considered any trouble to be of assistance. We do everything within our power to make friends. Ours is a liberal policy. We are trying to create an establishment greater in usefulness to every one interested in any branch of horticulture rather than an organization for the mere growing and marketing of nursery stock.

Snowballs with Attractive Foliage

Foliage is not the chief charm of this selection of Snowballs. Berries and flowers count for something.

Viburnum dentatum. A bushy sort; very pretty when its white flowers expand in early June. The berries which follow change to a black color when ripe.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet, bushy	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$18 00
3 feet	50	3 50	20 00
4 to 5 feet	75	5 00	

V. molle. Of much resemblance to *Dentatum*, but of larger growth. The blue-black berries are handsome.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$18 00
3 feet	50	3 50	25 00
4 feet, very heavy	1 00	8 00	60 00

V. Opulus (Oxycoccus). High-bush Cranberry. Flowers in large, flat heads in the latter part of May. The outer flowers are of good size, the inner ones quite small. In the fall it is full of bright red berries.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches	\$0 25	\$2 50	\$20 00
2 to 2½ feet	35	3 00	25 00
2½ to 3 feet	50	3 50	30 00

V. Opulus sterile. Common Snowball. This well-known shrub finds great favor with planters. The large balls come singly, hanging by stems along the branches, expanding toward the close of May, a little in advance of the Japanese.

Viburnum Opulus sterile, continued	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet	\$0 35	\$2 00	\$18 00
3 to 4 feet	50	3 00	20 00
4 to 4½ feet	75	4 00	25 00

V. Sieboldi. This bears clusters of white flowers about May 20, succeeded by clusters of berries, changing from green to pink and from pink to bluish black. The leaves are very large, heavy and dark green. It may be an evergreen in the South. It makes almost a small tree. A most desirable sort; No planter should overlook it.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet, bushy	\$0 25	\$2 50	\$20 00
2½ to 3 feet	35	3 00	25 00
3 to 4 feet	50	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 feet, heavy	75	6 00	50 00
5 to 6 feet, heavy	1 00	7 50	60 00

V. tomentosum. A very desirable species, bearing large, flat heads of white flowers, which perfect themselves about the second week of May. The berries which appear in August are remarkably showy, though small, becoming scarlet and then black.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ feet, bushy	\$0 50	\$4 50	\$35 00
3 to 4 feet	75	6 00	40 00
4 to 5 feet	1 00	7 50	50 00
5 to 6 feet, bushy specimens ..	1 50	12 50	100 00

V. Wrightii. Red-berried in fall, makes a good display. 2½ to 3 ft., bushy, 75 cts. each, \$5 for 10, \$40 per 100.

A Hardy Hedge Plant

More desirable in some ways than the California Privet, which has been planted by the million. The **Ibota Privet** is considered better because it is far more hardy and has successfully endured winters and localities which were fatal to the California Privet. It is also adapted for liberal use in shrub borders. In June it bears white flowers, which are followed by ornamental berries.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches	\$0 25	\$1 50	\$8 00
12 to 18 inches, bushy	35	2 00	15 00
2 to 2½ feet, bushy	35	3 00	20 00
3 feet, bushy	50	3 50	30 00
4 to 5 feet, bushy	75	6 00	50 00

Everyone Wants a Mock Orange

A fragrance, delicate yet penetrating, is the feature of the beautiful blossoms of the Mock Orange. The large, single, pure white flowers shine like stars against their background of deep green foliage. The effect appears to a particularly good advantage and the odor most noticeable in the hours of spring twilight. One naturally draws a deep breath to get all of the benefit of the perfume.

Take great bunches of flowers into the house and see how well adapted they are for table or mantel decoration. Notice how pretty they look and how sweetly they scent the home.

Try at least one of each of these varieties, though it would be but fair to use a larger proportion of the variety *Coronarius*, as it is the most fragrant of all; the others are only delicately scented. *Grandiflorus*, for its large flowers, must not be omitted.

Philadelphus coronarius—	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
2 to 2½ feet, bushy	35	3 00	20 00
5 feet, bushy	75		

P. Gordonianus—			
18 to 24 inches	35	2 50	15 00
3 to 3½ feet	50	3 50	30 00

P. grandiflorus—	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00
3 to 3½ feet	50	3 50	25 00
5 to 6 feet	75	6 00	

P. Lemoinei—			
12 to 18 inches	25	2 00	15 00
P. Lemoinei erectus. 2 to 3 feet...	35	2 50	20 00



One of our blocks of Evergreens. It contains a very fine lot of the Golden Japanese Cypress (*Retinispora plumosa aurea*), especially shapely and of magnificent color

GOOD EVERGREENS

These Evergreens will delight the person who appreciates something above the average. We have grown an immense lot of very fine plants. They are shapely and exceptionally thrifty. Frequent transplantings have promoted a vigorous root growth.

The prices are low. The plants represent an extra good value for the figures we ask. Remember that we take the time to personally select every specimen ordered, whether it be large or small. The executive who happens to take charge of your order takes special pains that only choicest plants are sent to our customers.

ABIES Douglasii. Douglas Spruce. A beautiful, rapid-growing tree, with nice, dark green foliage. It is a splendid tree for lawn planting, and is used in all work where a particularly choice tree is required. Ours is the hardy Colorado one.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches, sheared	\$1 00	\$8 00	\$70 00
2 to 3 feet, sheared	2 00	17 50	150 00
3 to 4 feet	2 50	20 00	

BIOTA orientalis. Of upright growth, slender and bright green foliage. Growth is flat, twigs arranged almost vertically.

	Each	10	100
2 to 3 feet	\$1 00	\$7 50	\$60 00
3 to 4 feet, heavy	2 25	15 00	100 00
4½ feet, specimens	2 50		

var. elegantissima. Of a beautiful golden tint when growth is young, changing to bronze in autumn. Upright habit. 2½ to 3 feet, \$2 each, \$17.50 for 10, \$150 per 100.

PICEA concolor. A stately and beautiful sort. The foliage of this is of a silvery green color. It is a fairly rapid grower, and is a most desirable sort for the lawn. Extremely hardy, and a good companion for the Colorado Blue Spruce. 3½ to 4 feet, \$5 each, \$45 for 10, \$400 per 100.

PINUS Austriaca. Austrian Pine. Well known for its hardy character. A robust grower, with long, stiff, dark green leaves.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 inches	\$1 00	\$6 00	
2 to 3 feet, bushy	1 50	12 50	\$90 00
3 to 4 feet	2 00	17 50	150 00

P. cembra. Where a dwarf Pine of conical outline is required, this is the one to plant. Its growth is very slow.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches	\$1 00	\$7 50	\$75 00
18 to 24 inches	1 50	12 50	100 00
3 to 4 feet	3 00	27 50	250 00
4 to 4½ feet	3 50	32 50	300 00

RETINISPORA plumosa aurea. Compact-growing, and makes a nice ornamental tree. See illustration of one of the finest patches in this country; every plant a perfect specimen.

	Each	10	100
8 to 12 inches, sheared	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$50 00
12 to 18 inches, sheared	1 00	7 50	60 00
15 to 18 inches, bushy, 8-inch pots or 18 to 24 inches	1 50	12 50	100 00
2 to 2½ feet	2 00	17 50	125 00
2½ to 3 feet, heavy	3 00	25 00	
4 to 5 feet	4 00	40 00	350 00
4 to 5 feet, heavier spec. ...	\$5 to 8 00		

GOOD EVERGREENS, continued

RETINISPORA pisifera aurea. An evergreen of tree-like character when mature. The under-side of foliage is silvery; the upper bright golden.

	Each	10	100
3 to 4 feet, specimens	\$3 00	\$27 50	\$275 00
5 to 6 feet.....	4 50	40 00	350 00
5 to 6 feet, specimens	5 00	45 00	

THUJA occidentalis. Common American Arborvitæ. Its tall, columnar growth fits it nicely for hedging and screening, as well as for single specimen purposes. Very hardy.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$18 00
18 to 24 inches	35	2 50	20 00
2 to 3 feet.....	50	3 00	25 00
2½ to 3 feet, heavy.....	1 25	10 00	
4 to 5 feet, heavy.....	2 00	17 50	
5 to 6 feet, specimens.....	2 50		
Tree form, 5 to 6 ft., 3-yr. hds..	2 50		

Thuja occidentalis aurea. George Peabody. Lovely golden foliage.

	Each	10	100
3½ to 4 feet.....	\$2 50	\$22 50	\$200 00
5 to 6 feet, specimen	4 00	35 00	300 00

var. pyramidalis. Close-growing, fine green, columnar habit.

	Each	10	100
3 feet, bushy, in 10-inch pots			
or 3 to 3½ feet	\$1 25	\$9 00	\$60 00
4 to 4½ feet	1 50	12 50	90 00
4½ to 5 feet	2 00	15 00	125 00

var. Sibirica. Siberian. Slow-growing, broad-spread, conical outline.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 inches	\$0 75	\$5 00	\$40 00
18 inches, from 8-inch pots....	1 00	7 50	75 00
18 to 24 inches	1 00	7 50	50 00
2 to 2½ feet.....	1 25	10 00	100 00
2 to 2½ feet, bushy spec.	1 50	15 00	150 00

Junipers are Hardest Evergreens

Plant plenty of Junipers. Many are the uses to which they may be placed to an advantage. Great assortment of colors and styles of growth make it possible to use quantities without the risk of making them tiresome. A few of the popular sorts of which our plants are very desirable are listed.

JUNIPERUS communis aurea. Douglas' Golden. A flat-topped, spreading variety, with lovely golden foliage.

	Each	10	100
8 to 10 in., broad	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
18 to 24 in., broad.....	2 00	17 50	150 00
2 to 2½ ft., broad	3 75		

J. Hibernica. Irish Juniper. Columnar outline.

	Each	10	100
12 to 15 in.	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
18 to 24 in.	75	6 00	50 00
3 to 3½ ft.	1 50	12 50	
3½ to 4 ft., specimens.....	2 50	20 00	

J. Japonica aurea. Golden tinted foliage. The Japanese dwarf this and sell at fabulous prices. Very attractive.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$1 75	\$15 00	\$125 00
2½ to 3 ft., bushy	3 50		

J. stricta. A silvery blue sort, of dwarf, compact growth. One of the best. 1 ft., 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10, \$50 per 100.

Juniperus Sabina. Of low, open-top growth, a pretty and desirable sort. Bright green in color—an unusually pretty tint.

	Each	10	100
12 to 15 in., heavy.....	\$0 50	\$4 00	\$30 00
15 to 18 in.	75	6 00	

J. Suecica compacta. Swedish.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in.....	\$0 75	\$6 00	\$50 00
18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	
2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50	10 00	

J. Virginiana glauca. Bluish foliage. One of the favorites.

	Each	10	100
4 to 5 ft.	\$3 50	\$35 00	\$250 00
5 to 7 ft.....	4 00	37 50	
5 ft., specimens	5 00		

J. Waukegan. Of almost trailing habit. Excellent for rockeries and dry banks.

	Each	10	100
8 to 10 in.	\$0 35	\$2 50	\$20 00
18 to 24 in.....	1 00	7 50	60 00
2 to 2½ ft.	1 25	9 00	75 00

Hardy Evergreen Azalea

Those who have seen in flower a fair-sized bush of the **Azalea amœna**, the Evergreen Azalea, need not be urged to purchase. A suggestion is all that is necessary, as the recollection of the charming sight remains long in the minds of all lovers of pretty plants. The flowers could not be considered large, but they surely more than make up in quantity for their unnoticed lack of size. The bright, claret-colored blossoms seem to completely cover well-developed plants, making them appear just like balls of bloom.

This beautiful and as yet little-known variety has small, oval, glossy leaves, which remain all year, in winter changing to a dark color. It is a comparatively slow grower, of compact habit, is readily kept in good form, and is in every way a pleasing plant. We have reasons to feel proud of this desirable plant and of our exceptionally fine stock. Notice that we grow it in pots, a feature of greatest importance to the buyer, as the risk of transplanting is thus reduced to almost nothing at all.

Make a hedge, a group or a bed of it. Often planted successfully in beds with Rhododendrons.

	Each	10	100
3-in. pots	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
5-in. pots	50	5 00	45 00
12 to 15 in., bushy, pot-grown	75	7 50	60 00

Roses of Unusual Value

You will have some trouble and waste much time in trying to locate a stock of Roses as good as ours. The high grade of plants we make such a feature of selling is all too seldom offered, except to the better class of local retail trade. In the large catalogues it is almost unknown.



We offer an exceptionally fine lot of Roses grown on their own roots in pots. Read what we say about Killarney and Souvenir de Pierre Notting.

other grades, that they are of the best value, and consequently are a more attractive investment from every standpoint. Notice the desirable assortment. Not many kinds, 'tis true, but those that are listed are sorts of which you need never be ashamed. These are not depending upon fads, fancy names, or high prices for their popularity.

Send your order early, so that we may reserve your plants. We must admit that our stock is not overly extensive, and probably a few kinds will be cleared out before the season is half over. The shipping season commences about the middle of April (try to have your plants reserved before then) and closes about Memorial Day or early in June. We cannot make these to order, as is sometimes done by sticking a dormant Holland plant in a pot, and selling it at a price representing the value of an established potted specimen.

Potted plants are most convenient when it comes to the planting. Just see that the pot-ball is well soaked in a pail of water before it is put out, and give the soil a heavy mulch of manure.

To reduce weight and lessen shipping expenses we remove the clay pot before shipping and substitute a very light, patented paper one. They can be safely sent to very distant points.

50 cts. each, 10 for \$4.50, 25 for \$10, excepting Killarney and Souvenir de Pierre Notting at 50 cts., no reduction for quantity

Gruss an Teplitz. Intense scarlet. One of the most desirable of the Roses of recent introduction. One of the best amateur growers in Philadelphia, who has a fine collection of all kinds, says if he would be restricted to three varieties he would

Experience has perhaps taught how difficult it is to secure good, big, **pot-grown Roses on their own roots.** Ours are prepared especially for those who want the best, realizing that the few cents extra they pay to get quality is more than made up in the superior results and greater satisfaction obtained.

Remember that this stock is not recently rooted cuttings dignified by the term "Mailing Sizes," but it is composed of sturdy, well-developed bushes, grown on their own roots, and which have been frequently transplanted to induce a vigorous, active root-system. All are now in 5- or 6-inch pots.

Please do not class these with the imported, cheaply grown Holland stock, often to be had for but little more than the asking. That grade is always "budded," which means the variety you want is grown on the root of another but stronger-growing kind. The root, being more vigorous, frequently throws up shoots which eventually choke out the good plant, leaving in the latter's place a mean sort bearing little, single flowers.

Tiny rooted slips or budded stock do not interest our regular customers—they know too much to waste time and to run the risk of final disappointment. They know that potted plants on their own roots cost a trifle more, but that they give results more promptly than

Gruss an Teplitz, continued

take Killarney, Souvenir de Pierre Notting and Gruss an Teplitz. It is a vigorous, free ever-bloomer, splendid foliage, delightfully fragrant. Hybrid Tea. Great for bedding.

ROSES OF UNUSUAL VALUE, continued

Hermosa. Every one knows it by sight if not by name. A good, old-fashioned and highly popular variety. Bright rose color, continually in flower, very hardy, blooming even after the first frost or two. The flowers are not unusually large, but they are noted for their pleasing odor, which is distinct and easily remembered.

Ideal. An uncommon sort which has a great future. Already it sells as well with us as the better known varieties. It is a Hybrid Tea of remarkable beauty and merit. It surpasses its parent, La France, in beauty and hardiness; is a stronger and more sturdy grower. Bears large pink flowers in great profusion, deeper in color than the La France, and these are especially adapted for cutting, having unusual keeping qualities.

General Jacqueminot (Jack or General Jack). Large, brilliant crimson. One of the best known of all Roses. Very fragrant.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. White, with lemon-tinted center. Vigorous grower, free in flowering, excellent foliage, large. Hybrid Tea.

Killarney. No Rose climbed into popular favor so quickly. Flowers are large, of a beautiful pink color, highly scented and are produced in abundance from early until late. Hybrid Tea. 50 cts.

La France. Silvery rose, changing to pink. Large, full and globular. Constant bloomer, of rich fragrance. Hybrid Tea.

Magna Charta. Strong, vigorous; very large, full and fragrant pink flowers. Hybrid Perpetual.

Clothilde Soupert. Its large flowers appear in satisfactory crops from early spring until late in the fall. Glowing pink center, shading to white. Very double, cup-shaped. Ideal for bedding or for cemetery use.

Souvenir de Pierre Notting. This is counted one of the grandest Tea Roses of recent introduction. Its magnificent color, its strong, vigorous growth, its habit of bearing so freely all tend to make a friend of every one who sees it. The flowers are large, of exquisite form, clear apricot-yellow in color and of a rich fragrance. 50 cts.

Climbing, or Trailing Roses

What a lot of good work one can do with the aid of the desirable Wichuraiana Roses and their many beautiful and valuable hybrids! There is some place on your property which will be the better for having a few of this pretty Wichuraiana race of Roses growing on it. Grow them on your fences, over rocks and walls, let them cover boulders or unsightly places on the ground. The change they will make in appearances within a remarkably short time will surely be pleasing.

The flowers are especially attractive, the foliage more so. The leaves are very glossy, shining in the sun, and they successfully resist the most furious attacks of insects.

The rapidity of growth is but little short of marvelous. Ten feet a season is not out of the ordinary; and they often make as much headway and accomplish as much good in one year as you would expect in three, if you did not know of their vigorous nature.

Can this assortment be improved? Not likely. We offer these choice varieties, strong, pot-grown plants at the very low rate of

50 cts. each, 10 for \$3.50, 25 for \$6.25. Special

Alberic Barbier, Evergreen Gem, Gardenia, Jersey Beauty, Pink Roamer, South Orange Perfection, Wichuraiana, Rene Andre, Dorothy Perkins. Allow us to make up for you a special assortment of the best plants.

See page 19 and note the good selection of Roses we are listing: Big Crimson Ramblers, excellent Japanese Roses (rugosa) red and white—these are insect-proof—Dawson, Yellow Rambler, etc.



Notice the splendor of the flowers and foliage of one of the hybrids of the Wichuraiana, or Memorial Rose. The leaves are very attractive, the despair of insects, and the flowers—in this instance about half of life size—are beautiful, often quite double, and frequently delightfully fragrant.

GARDEN OF HARDY SHRUBS

Special Low Rates on Choice Stock

Every lawn needs a desirable and thoroughly ornamental assortment of Hardy Shrubs. As Hardy Shrubs are permanent features, and are not planted merely for a few years, it is best to obtain right at the start an assortment well worth owning. Look around and it will be noticed that there is too much sameness in most all shrub plantings. Avoid this monotonous appearance by obtaining a collection varied in sorts, and each the best of its kind. Very thrifty stock is offered—vigorous, well rooted, and worthy; but plainly understand that this is not a heavy grade. The plants are not the same as the bushy ones in our general list—many persons prefer a lighter grade and it saves shipping expense. The sizes in some cases are now as large as 3 to 4 feet; others, less rapid-growing, are from 1 to 3 feet in height. No changes in assortments are permitted. If any changes are made in the list we will find it necessary to increase the price.

FROM BLOCK 22 Ask for Special HARDY SHRUB OFFER "A"		FROM BLOCK 22 Ask for Special HARDY SHRUB OFFER "B"	
25 Hardy Shrubs, \$4.00		50 Hardy Shrubs, \$7.50	
<i>Carefully packed and delivered to our freight station or Ex. office</i>		<i>Carefully packed and delivered to our freight station or Ex. office</i>	
1	SPIRÆA opulifolia aurea. The flat heads of white flowers open about the first of June, and its golden foliage is very attractive in spring.	1	
1	S. Anthony Waterer. Dwarf, close grower. Its crimson flowers appear in June, and, if the flowers are cut as fast as they get past their best, others will follow until quite late in the fall.	1	
1	S. Van Houttei. A fair idea of the great beauty of this graceful variety may be had from the illustration which appears on page 42.	3	
1	S. Reevesii fl. pl. One of the most popular of all shrubs. Its double flowers appear in May.	1	
1	S. Billardi. Its spikes of rosy pink flowers appear not only in early summer but all through the heated term.	1	
1	LONICERA Tatarica grandiflora (Bush Honeysuckle). This fine variety is one of the best of the Bush Honeysuckles, bearing in May larger pink flowers than is usual and being of a compact growth.	1	
	L. fragrantissima (Sweet Bush Honeysuckle). This Chinese shrub is greatly valued for its exceedingly sweet-scented, pinkish white flowers, which appear in the earliest days of spring. It retains its green leaves nearly or quite all winter. We should be justified in classing it as evergreen. It continues flowering a long time.	1	
1	L. Ruprechtiana (Bush Honeysuckle). The abundance of bright red fruit, ripening in late June, is quite attractive.	2	
1	L. Tatarica (Red Bush Honeysuckle). Its red berries are highly ornamental.	2	
1	WEIGELA arborea. A valuable sort with pink flowers. Much used for decorations on Memorial Day.	3	
1	W. amabilis variegata. This is esteemed for its variegated leaves, as well as for its light pink flowers.	1	
1	DEUTZIA, Pride of Rochester. Has an excellent habit of growth, splendid foliage which retains its good dark green color in the fall, and bears flowers double white, tinged with pink.	1	
1	D., Double White. A strong-growing variety which produces great displays of white flowers.	1	
1	TAMARIX Africana. The leaves of all the Tamarisks are very small. This sort has light pink flowers, in small, slender racemes, which appear toward the close of May. The Tamarisk thrives well at the seashore.	2	
	T. Gallica. It flowers in May and its light, feathery foliage is much needed to give variety to shrubby planting.	1	
1	FORSYTHIA viridissima (Golden Bell). One of the greatest sights in the spring is that produced by the flowers of the Golden Bell appearing very early. They are much admired.	1	
1	RIBES floridum (Flowering Currant). Its attractive yellow flowers are followed by black edible berries.	1	
1	PHILADELPHUS coronarius (Mock Orange). Sweet-scented. A prime favorite with planters because of its sprays of sweet-scented white flowers, which appear in the first days of June.	1	
1	P. grandiflorus. A large-flowered, strong-growing sort. Sweet-scented.	2	
1	SYMPHORICARPOS vulgaris (Red Snowberry). This one bears red berries, which, though not so large as those of the other one, are more thickly clustered along the stems. It is also used in large plantings and for bordering masses.	2	
1	S. racemosus (White Snowberry). White-fruited Snowberry. This shrub is very much valued for its white berries in the fall. It is very ornamental when planted in masses.	3	
	SALIX aurea pendula (Golden Weeping Willow). Its neat, weeping habit, and bark of a bright yellow are attractive at all seasons. May be allowed to make a tree, or pruning will keep it within any limit desired.	1	
	S. vitellina Britzensis (Flame-barked Willow). A most beautiful Willow for winter use. The shoots are then of a bright flame color. A clump of this, or of any of the colored twigged sorts, make a striking object in winter.	1	
1	S. pentandra (Laurel-leaved Willow). Laurel-leaved. Makes a nice ornamental tree for the lawn. The habit may be confined to tree form, or it may be left bushy. The leaves are very broad and shining green. Thrives in high or low ground, and at the seashore.	2	
1	CORNUS stolonifera (Red-twigged Dogwood). This bears bunches of white flowers in early June. In winter the young shoots become of deep blood-red color, for which it is much valued. It should be cut to the ground every spring and allowed to make entirely new growth each summer to secure the best color to the wood, if wanted solely for winter effect.	3	
1	LIGUSTRUM Ibota (Japanese Privet). A Japanese sort, with good-sized, shining green leaves.	2	
1	BERBERIS Thunbergii (Japanese Barberry). Very neat kind, dwarf, very ornamental berries, which create a splendid effect in winter.	2	
1	HIBISCUS Syriacus (Rose of Sharon). This old-fashioned plant, flowering in August, is growing more popular every year.	3	
1	HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. Bears great heads of white flowers in August, which change to pink tints as they grow old.	2	
1	VIBURNUM Opulus sterilis (Old-fashioned Snowball). One of the earliest of the Snowballs to flower.	2	

25 Hardy Shrubs Comprising Offer "A"

Hardy Shrubs in Our Special Offer "B" 50



The great masses of white, sweetly scented blossoms of *Clematis paniculata* appear in August. We have a large stock of extra-vigorous pot-grown plants of this rapid-growing vine.

These Vines Give Quick Results

Grown in pots, hardy, thrifty, vigorous in growth and root-action. The headway this stock makes the first season will surely be satisfactory; it will surprise many and please all. This stock is produced for persons who want results and want them promptly, with all risk of disappointment minimized and without an increase in cost worthy of mention.

Grow Hardy Vines on the house; enhance the beauty of trees by training pretty sorts to grow on them; or grow them on fences, walls, rocks, or even on the ground,—for example, Honeysuckles are excellent for keeping banks or steep grades from washing away during heavy rains. Cultivate some kinds indoors in winter, just to get the benefit of their cheerful foliage and delightfully fragrant flowers. We'll tell which ones to use for any particular purpose. Don't set out this potted stock too early—nothing is gained by early planting and there is a chance a spell of cold weather will check the new and vigorous growth. The first of May, generally speaking, is not too soon. Local weather conditions govern the date to a certain extent, so we closely watch our weather map. This stock may be planted all through the summer very successfully.

50 cts. each, 10 for \$3.50, 25 for \$6.25, unless otherwise priced, though every plant in this list would be the best kind of an investment at 50 cts. straight

Actinidia arguta, female. Japanese. Strong-growing, very hardy.

Akebia quinata. Very pretty, rapid grower.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. Japanese or Boston Ivy.

A. Virginica Engelmanni. An improvement on the much-admired Virginia Creeper.

Aristolochia Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). Very heavy plants. \$1 each, 5 for \$3.75, 25 for \$12.50.

Bignonia capreolata (Evergreen Trumpet Creeper).

B. grandiflora (Chinese Trumpet Vine).

B. radicans. The well-known Trumpet Vine, flowering in July and August. Ornamental on trees.
var. aurea. A new sort of great value, its flowers being a beautiful yellow.

Celastrus (Staff Vine). Orange-colored berries.

Clematis paniculata. Produces great masses of white flowers in August. See illustration.

Decumaria. A very desirable native vine.

Dioscorea (Chinese Yam or Cinnamon Vine).

Dolichos Japonicus (Pueraria). The Japanese Kudzu is one of the most interesting of all vines, and the most useful for producing prompt effects. Grows a foot a day. 50 cts. each, 5 for \$2.25, 25 for \$10.

Euonymus radicans. Both green and variegated. Adapted for walls and for a ground covering or for trees. Both sorts can be used with ornamental effect on red brick walls. Could be used for edging evergreen beds if kept bushy by clipping.

Gelsemium (Carolina Jasmine). Very attractive and delightfully fragrant flowers.

Hedera Helix (English Ivy). Known everywhere. We have quite a large number of new, and very handsome varieties of this popular vine.

Humulus (Hop Vine). Rapid grower.

Jasminum. Yellow and white. Very early in flowering. The yellow variety may be grown as a bush.

Lonicera. The Honeysuckles, the green-leaved, the golden, the red, the Hall's Japanese green-leaved, the Old-fashioned Coral—all bear pretty flowers, and plenty of them.

Vitis. The Japanese Variegated-leaved Grape has very ornamental foliage, berries and stems, and the *Vitis riparia* has sweetly scented flowers.

Wistaria multijuga. A Japanese sort which bears bunches of purple flowers of enormous length. \$1 each, 5 for \$3.75.

var. alba. The white-flowered variety of the above. \$1 each.

W. Sinensis. This is the purple Wistaria of which every one is proud. From 5-in. pots, 50 cts. each, 5 for \$2, 25 for \$8.75.

var. alba. The white-flowered Chinese Wistaria is not often seen, though it really deserves to be as much planted as the popular purple one. Strong stock, from 6-in. pots, \$1 each, 5 for \$3.75, 25 for \$12.50.

Fruits of the Right Kind

Let quality have some say. Buy fruit trees for what they will produce. In no other class of nursery stock are results looked forward to with such eagerness; in no other class is the wait so long in many cases and so disappointing in others. Select fruits upon the merits of the variety and upon the quality, age, condition and size of the stock. Place little faith in the marvelous colored pictures displayed by the energetic though unlearned tree peddler, and give less credence to descriptions reading like romances. Dealing in air-castles built by some agent's eloquence is not very profitable.

We offer fruit trees of a far better grade than usually sold. Our stock is strong, thrifty, free from disease, of the highest quality, and, best of all, true to name.

No matter whether the customer orders by mail or in person, every tree is personally selected for him, tagged and reserved until ready for delivery. This extra care may take much time and reduce our already small profit, but it is an inducement which the buyer finds nowhere else. He can feel certain he will secure a tree good in every way and one which will surely please him.

Only varieties of the most satisfactory nature are grown. Where others list fifty we offer but a dozen; but that dozen is made up with the first selection of all worthy kinds. Untested novelties—there are dozens and dozens—or varieties of doubtful value cannot gain admittance.

Compare our prices and they will seem low if the quality, size and real value of our plants is considered. Leave the selection to us and we will pick out a good assortment.

STANDARD APPLES

Summer. Early Harvest, Red Astrachan, Sweet Bough, Yellow Transparent.

Autumn. Duchess of Oldenburg, Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush, Rambo, Smoke-house, Wealthy.

Winter. Baldwin, Ben Davis, Fallwater, Grimes' Golden Pippin, King, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening, Roxbury Russet, Smith's Cider, Wine-sap, Yellow Bellflower, York Imperial.

Stocky trees, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10; Extra-sized, 75 cts. and \$1 each

CRAB APPLES

Red Siberian, Transcendent, Yellow Siberian.

Stocky trees, 50c. each, \$4.50 for 10; Extra-sized, 75c.

CHERRIES

Sweet. Black Eagle, Black Tartarian, Elkhorn, Gov. Wood, Ida, May Duke, Napoleon Bigarreau, Rockport, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor, Yellow Spanish.

Sour. Early Richmond, English Morello.

Sweet, stocky trees, 75 cts. each, \$5 for 10; Sour, stocky trees, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10

STANDARD PEARS

Summer. Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite.

Autumn. Beurre d'Anjou, Frederick Clapp, Howell, Kieffer, Seckel, Sheldon, Vermont Beauty.

Winter. Duchesse d'Angouleme, Lawrence.

Stocky trees, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10; Extra-sized, \$1 and \$1.50 each

DWARF PEARS

Summer. Clapp's Favorite.

Autumn. Beurre d'Anjou, Kieffer, Seckel.

Winter. Lawrence, Duchesse d'Angouleme.

Stocky trees, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10

PEACHES

Early. Amsden's June, Champion, Hale's Early, Troth's Early, Yellow St. John.

Medium. Crawford's Early, Elberta, Morris White, Mountain Rose, Oldmixon.

Late. Chair's Choice, Crawford's Late, Salway, Stump the World, Ward's Late.

One year old, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$15 per 100; 2 yr., heavy, 50c. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$20 per 100

PLUMS

Bradshaw, German Prune, Imperial Gage, Lombard, Reine Claude.

Stocky trees, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 100

JAPANESE PLUMS

Abundance, Burbank, Wickson.

Stocky trees, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10

JAPANESE WINEBERRY

Two year, \$1.50 for 10, \$10 per 100

Examine Shipment—Pay Afterwards. While it is natural that we should prefer cash in advance from persons who have never before bought from us, we are willing to wait for payment until the shipment has been received and examined. We could not afford to make this liberal proposition unless we had implicit confidence in our stock and in our ability to deliver it to remote sections in the best of conditions. When we accept an order it is understood that we will do everything within our power to make the transaction a satisfactory one to the purchaser. Complaints are surprisingly few and when made upon receipt of shipment we do all within reason to adjust them in a pleasing manner.

Fertilizers and Grass Seeds

DOES A SAVING OF TIME AND MONEY INTEREST YOU?

It is a deplorable waste of good money and valuable time to attempt to get satisfactory results from any but the highest grade of fertilizers or grass seeds. Quality is a feature of utmost importance in these supplies. First cost is of secondary consideration. Everybody wants results. It pays to secure them by investing a few cents more in the original purchase. Labor usually is more expensive than material, and it is a poor kind of economy to save a trifle in the first cost and waste a good sum in patching and doing over work which did not turn out right. No trouble is spared to secure the highest class of seeds and fertilizers. We are at all times willing to pay high prices to secure the best the market affords. This policy cuts down our already small profit, but it pays us in many other ways. We sell on close margins, and we believe that stock of equal quality is not offered at lower rates. Special prices will be quoted on quantities.

GRASS SEEDS

Peerless Mixture. This is one of the best of all special mixtures for quickly and economically producing a fine lawn. It is strictly our own combination of a number of the best seeds that money can buy, and is adapted for successful use under many conditions. After many years of experiment our Landscape Department produced this formula, and continues to use it in its many operations in various parts of this country with uniformly good results. 35 cts. per lb. by mail postpaid; bus. of 20 lbs., \$4.50, 5 bus. at \$4.25, 10 bus. at \$4, 25 bus. at \$3.75. Sow three to five bushels to an acre.

Kentucky Blue Grass. (14 lbs. to bus.) 25 cts. per lb. by mail; bus. \$1.75, 100 lbs. \$12.

Sheep Fescue. (12 lbs. to bus.) 28 cts. per lb. by mail; bus. \$2.25, 100 lbs. \$15.

Sweet Vernal. 80 cts. per lb. by mail.

Rhode Island Bent. 45 cts. per lb. by mail; bus. of 14 lbs. \$4, 100 lbs. \$28.

Timothy. 18 cts. per lb. by mail; 100 lbs. \$8.

White Dutch Clover. 38 cts. per lb. by mail; 10 lbs. \$3.

Crimson, or Scarlet Clover. 20 cts. per lb. by mail; 100 lbs. \$10.

Red-top. (32 lbs. to bus.) Fancy, extra recleaned. 25 cts. per lb. by mail; bus. \$4.50, 100 lbs. \$10.

WOOD ASHES

Meehans' Canada Unleached Hardwood Ashes are a useful, all-round plant-food, especially good for lawns or fruit. They are rich in potash and phosphoric acid, both fertilizing elements of great value, and the wood lime contained in them is of service in sweetening sour soil and making it lighter and better. We started to handle them during the fall of 1898, and many of the buyers of that season still come to us for them. We go to the section of Canada in which hard wood exclusively is used as fuel, and make certain to obtain the finest grade. The many differences in wood ashes have a great bearing on their value. Those from softer wooded trees are not nearly so desirable as those from such as hickory, etc. Our brand is sifted clean. Spread 100 pounds to 1,000 square feet of space, or one to two tons to an acre. 50 lbs. \$1, 100 lbs. \$1.50, bbl. \$2.50, ton \$18, or delivered by team within easy driving distance for \$20.

BONE MEAL

Bone Meal is one of the most popular of all fertilizers. It is not generally known that there are several grades, the prices of which are regulated by the amount of plant-food contained in them. Our brand is the highest grade, yet our rate is about as low as any firm makes. 25 lbs. 75 cts., 50 lbs. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$2, ton \$30, or \$32 if delivered within easy driving distance.

Distant Customers are Well Served Practically every person lives next door to our nursery. The world is small. Mails are quick. Distance can no longer be considered a reason for not dealing with us. Our trade is not confined to any one country or continent. Try and find that hundreds, yes, thousands of miles shrink to almost nothing at all. The time separating us from our customers counts for but little. We seem to ship everywhere. South Africa and Australia do not seem far away. A good customer in Greendale, Canterbury, New Zealand, has just written:

"I am very pleased with the plants and the condition they arrived in at this end. Their condition is as good as if they had come from the nearest nursery, 33 miles away, and I am hopeful that they all will grow."

Hundreds of letters similar in tone to the above reach us in the course of a year, most of them coming from distant customers, as it is the faraway buyer who most appreciates the thoroughness of our service. The hardness of our stock should cause little or no anxiety. It is strong in constitution and very thrifty. Great quantities are sent every season to the North and great Northwest. It seldom fails to give entire satisfaction in cold sections and exposed situations if a reasonable amount of care is given.



This gives some idea of the effect created by a mass of Canterbury Bells

Most Satisfactory Hardy Perennials

There are the best of reasons why our Hardy Herbaceous Perennials should be used.

The extent of our collection alone is an argument for orders that is most convincing. It is doubtful if a more carefully selected lot of really choice, high-class perennials can be found in any one place. We have the stock, it is here growing right on our own grounds, and we invite and do not discourage inquisitive visitors. Lists are not padded for the purpose of making a brave showing; in fact, we grow plenty of kinds which are not represented in the general price-list.

Careful buyers are attracted by the quality of our stock. The Herbaceous Department is one of the features of our business. It is unusually well organized. Its superintendent, a Kew graduate of exceptionally wide experience, and its foremen are above the average of the outside nursery executive. These men certainly do know how to grow and handle plants to the advantage of our customers.

Our plants are of honest pedigree,—as true to name and description as human skill and care can make them. We grow them properly and are never in the least haste to dispose of them before they are ready—a most common happening, as many may know.

And our packing for shipment—that's the feature which wins many words of praise. Few indeed are the customers who fail to tell us of the satisfactory way we have of making shipments and of the splendid condition of stock upon arrival. Neat, carefully wrapped and labeled packages, tightly and properly compressed in a box really do make an attractive appearance.

The trouble we take in the labeling is a matter of great interest to the amateur gardener, and to the professional as well. Unnamed bunches of roots are hard to identify, as many who do not deal with us have found to their sorrow.

Our plants are just right always. Not too young and weak or too old and deficient in vitality.

The way to plant and care for this stock is contained in a special booklet sent to those who order of us.

Hardy Perennials are Very Useful

Charming effects are secured with very little effort by using Hardy Herbaceous Perennials. Their character indicates that an informal method of setting out be employed—no stiff, straight lines. The regulation of flowering periods and their relation to the artistic blending of color is a detail in control of the planter and is one not difficult to regulate—in fact, much enjoyment comes from this work.

What if a plant or two does appear to be out of place on the first trial? The error is a natural one and can be readily remedied. The offending color or form is placed in a more suitable position the following fall or spring with the loss of little time. Half of the pleasure comes from making a garden represent your own ideas.

Of course, in extensive or complicated plantings it is best by far to have a complete practical plan drawn, showing the system of arrangement and exact locations. This work may be undertaken at small expense by our Landscape Department, a separate organization at Mt. Airy, Philadelphia, which makes a great feature of planning old-fashioned gardens.

Everything within our power is gladly done to help garden-makers. No charge is made for giving advice through correspondence or for making lists of special selections adapted especially to their needs. Take advantage of our experience.

Our Horticultural Sensation

No name for it yet. No plants for sale.

Next year or later, when we have sufficient stock to meet the advance demand, we will tell more about it—about our six years or more of patient labor creating this marvel; about the beauty and value of its immense, dazzling scarlet flowers, which are at their best in late summer, commencing with us on August first. Imagine all the good things you can, and it is probable that even then justice is not done the plant. The hint is enough.



One of the best of all hardy perennials for every use is the *Campanula persicifolia*. For cut-flower use it is very valuable

Prune, Prune, Prune! Attention, planters! One of our most difficult tasks is to convince planters of the importance of pruning. It appears to be nearly a crime to remove a portion of a limb, though it almost always is of the greatest benefit to the newly planted tree. Reasons for pruning are obvious. If a specimen has had its feeding system reduced by one-half, for example, it seems more than plausible that its branches which use the nourishment should be reduced at least in the same proportion. Otherwise it is to be expected that the plant would soon exhaust itself trying to meet the demands for sap, particularly if hot, dry weather follows the moving operation. The roots could not keep up sufficient supply, and a gradual weakening would follow. Strong, vigorous trees, like the ones we produce, are best able to survive the transplanting. Many a loss comes from too much kindness—too little pruning and either too much or too little water—and in ninety cases out of a hundred, or more, the planter is to blame and not the nurserymen. Always prune when planting, and prune sharply. Do not fear to use the knife or shears freely. Mistakes can be made more readily by too little than by too severe pruning. Weak branches should be the special object of consideration; most of them are best removed entirely. A booklet of great value on pruning, planting and winter protection has been prepared. It will save many a dollar. We send it without charge to persons who order of us.

Greatest of the Garden Flags

Here's a beautiful plant! Any hardy garden will be the better for its presence in liberal quantities. The attractive features of the numerous varieties of Iris, commonly known as Flags, or Fleur de Lis, make them popular in all sections. Of the dozens of good kinds there is one in which we take especial

interest. It is not an old variety and its merits are yet but little known. A few years ago we recognized its sterling qualities and imported it heavily. Ever since we have been propagating it in order to obtain a stock sufficiently large to meet the demands its merits will surely create for itself.

The name is **Silver King**. Appropriate!

The flowers are large and handsome and as near a pure white in color as can be found in the Iris family. They are produced in great abundance on long, strong stems—excellent for cutting—and they are fragrant to a very pleasing extent. They are decidedly ornamental and their texture is more substantial than that of the Japanese class, and therefore they are more satisfactory and lasting for cut-flower purposes.

Use this variety freely. Place it in your garden of hardy plants, plant it in beds—you should see the sight one of ours makes when in bloom—and arrange it here and there in the foreground of shrubby plantations.

Strong clumps, 25 cts. each; 10 for \$2, 25 for \$3.75



The beautiful, large, white flowers of Iris Silver King possess a double charm because of their exquisite fragrance.

Three Showy Plants

Adapted for very sunny positions.

Gaillardia grandiflora compacta. Non-sprawling. Flowers almost all summer. Brilliant in color.

Shasta Daisy. One of Burbank's creations. Its large flowers create a splendid effect in mid-summer. Good foliage.

Platycodon Mariesi. Compact Chinese Bellflower.

All of these are of good habit, dwarf and compact of growth and appear to revel in the blazing sun. A long season of bloom brings them at their best in mid-summer. They are invaluable for cutting, lasting long in water.

25 cts. each, 10 for \$2, 25 for \$3.75

Finest English Larkspur

Our imported Delphiniums, the tall-growing English Larkspurs, must be seen to be appreciated. The exquisite colorings cannot be fairly described, ranging through the blues and purples. In no other flowers are these colors so perfected. Every plant is a prize; and fancy prices could rightly be charged for this stock. These are strong, field-grown roots—not worn out stools of exhausted vitality. Plant them this year in well-prepared ground and they will throw up stems six to eight feet high bearing enormous spikes of bloom. Deeply dug ground is essential to good results, and let it be well manured. When sending up flower-spikes Delphiniums grow very rapidly, so they must not suffer for want of food or moisture at that period, or they will be stunted. 25 cts. each.



This is a portion of one of our beds of choice German Iris, of which we have a fine collection.

BEST GERMAN IRIS

The Iris may well be considered the Royal Family of the hardy plant kingdom. The German branch is noteworthy, having many good features to commend it to the garden lover. German Irises are remarkably sociable, they succeed almost everywhere, they require but ordinary care, and they can always be depended upon to make a display which will surely merit admiration. Sometimes they are known as the Poor Man's Orchid, an appropriate name which their splendid form and magnificent color at once suggest. Ornamental plantings are incomplete without them. There are many good kinds, but the eighteen listed are worth having above all. The descriptions do not do them justice.

"Standard" refers to the three standard, or upright curling petals. "Fall" refers to the three falls, or drooping petals. "Self" means that the flower is one solid color.

25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$3.75 for 25

Aurea. A beautiful clear yellow self.

Bessie. Standards deep yellow. Falls yellow, heavily veined with brown.

Canary Bird. Standards lemon-yellow. Falls canary yellow, highly veined.

Cœlestine. A very delicate lavender self.

H. Cramer. Lavender self, with slightly darker falls.

Josephine. Purple self. One of the best.

Juliette. Standards pure yellow. Falls yellow, veined brown.

Kingfisher. Standards yellow. Falls pinkish purple.

Lady Stumpp. Standards lavender. Falls dark blue.

La Tendre. Standards buff. Falls purple.

Louis Van Houtte. White ground, edged and veined lavender.

Mrs. Chas. Wheeler. Standards lavender. Falls dark purple.

Mrs. Neubronner. Deepest yellow self.

Queen of May. A beautiful rosy lilac self.

Rosamond. Standards lavender-buff. Falls pinkish purple.

Sanson. Standards orange. Falls yellow, lightly veined brown.

Silver King. A pure white self, very fragrant.

Yolande. Standards blue. Falls velvety purple. One of the best.



The Old-fashioned Hardy Garden is one never-ending source of delight. From early spring until late fall it is charming

Great Bargains in Hardy Gardens

Every one loves the dear Old-fashioned Garden. Its charm depends not upon artificial formal lines, nor expensive elaborate arrangement, but upon the simple yet effective treatment of old floral friends.

How glad we are to see them when they cheerfully greet us in the spring! One floral display succeeding another, they continue to make the garden gay with color until the first hard frost or two has defeated all but the glorious Hardy Chrysanthemums, which make a brave effort to give a brilliant display in the midst of death and desolation.

All of us have many favorites among this class of plants. Some bring back pleasant recollections of childhood's happy days, when our efforts to improve mother's garden failed to receive the appreciation we then thought they deserved. There are the best of reasons for the ever-increasing popularity of the delightful Old-fashioned Gardens. The long season of bloom, the abundance of flowers from which many a bouquet and bunch for indoor decoration may be cut, and the ease with which beautiful results can be secured without skilled care and at a most trifling expense, are all features worthy of consideration.

The initial cost is practically the only one. There is no trouble or expense replanting or replacing every year—the plants are hardy. Think of the advantages they have over the ever-present Geraniums, Coleus and the like. We offer two great bargains. For the past three or four years we have made quite an enviable reputation on our Hardy Garden Offers. The ones which we have prepared with such care for the spring of 1906 will doubtless make more friends for us than ever before.

These assortments are exceptionally choice, the plants having been so selected as to make the most in securing a long, continuous and harmonious floral procession; the stock is of the highest quality, strong and vigorous; and, best of all, the price is so low as to make the expense too trifling to deter any one from ordering. Figure how much the plants are worth if you paid 15 to 25 cts. each for them and paid 25 to 50 cts. each for the beautiful Peonies included. No offer of hardy plants made this year will approach ours in attractive features—that is certain.

Hardy Garden Number Seven will nicely plant 150 square feet of space, and Hardy Garden Number Eight will cover over 300 square feet of space. About three years from now, after some varieties become ambitious and begin crowding their neighbors, they can be taken up, divided and replanted. Some eager friends will always be found on hand if there is any surplus to give away when these occasional replantings are in progress.

In former years many a buyer took three or four of these collections at one time. We will get plenty of orders like these this season, and we also expect that a good number of these special assortments will be used as presents to flower-loving friends. There is not a garden owner who would fail to be highly pleased if sent Hardy Garden Number Eight with your compliments.

HARDY GARDEN NUMBER SEVEN—\$5.00

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>2 <i>Pæonies</i>, Single. 2 feet. Fine crimson. Large, thrifty clumps.</p> <p>1 <i>Pæony</i>, Double. 2 feet. Finest pink variety.</p> <p>3 <i>Papaver orientale</i> (Oriental Poppies). 2 to 2½ feet. The well-known large flaring red Poppy.</p> <p>2 <i>Artemisia Abrotanum</i> (Old Man). 1½ to 2 feet high. A small shrub-like plant with finely cut foliage and pungent odor.</p> <p>2 <i>Delphinium</i>. English Hybrids. 6 to 8 feet high. Imported plants, bearing massive spikes of flowers in beautiful shades of blue and purple.</p> <p>2 <i>Achillea Ptarmica plena</i>, "The Pearl." Grows 2 to 2½ feet high and bears a profusion of pearly white flowers that are very lasting when cut.</p> <p>3 <i>Aquilegias</i> (Columbines). 2 to 3 feet high. Old-time favorites. In various colors.</p> <p>2 <i>Campanula persicifolia</i>. Peach-leaved Bellflower. 2 to 2½ feet high. Large bell-like flowers. Very handsome.</p> <p>3 <i>Centaurea macrocephala</i>. 3 to 4 feet high. A sturdy-looking plant, bearing flowers like a painter's brush. Orange-yellow color.</p> <p>3 <i>Dianthus plumarius</i> (Hardy Pinks). Their fragrance alone assures their popularity.</p> <p>3 <i>Dicentra spectabilis</i> (Bleeding Heart, or Dutchman's Breeches). 1½ to 2 feet high. A charming old-fashioned plant with pink flowers.</p> | <p>3 <i>Pentstemon Digitalis</i>. 3 to 4 feet. One of the best drought-resisting plants there is. Flowers white.</p> <p>3 <i>Gaillardia grandiflora compacta</i> (Blanket Flower). ½ to 1 foot high. Very free-flowering. Flowers a combination of red and yellow.</p> <p>3 <i>Veronica montana</i> (Speedwell). 1 foot. A charming and neat-growing plant.</p> <p>3 <i>Hemerocallis flava</i> (Yellow Day Lily). 2 feet. A beautiful clear yellow lily-like flower.</p> <p>3 <i>Iris</i>, Silver King (White Flag). 2 feet. This beautiful Iris has large, white, sweet-scented flowers in early spring.</p> <p>1 <i>Iris lævigata</i>. Japanese Iris. 2½ to 3 feet. Is considered the most beautiful of all the Iris. When planted in moist, rich ground the flowers measure 6 inches across.</p> <p>3 <i>Lilium candidum</i> (Annunciation Lily). 5 to 6 feet. The hardiest and most satisfactory of the lilies for the hardy garden. Pure white flowers.</p> <p>2 <i>Lychnis Chalcedonica</i>. 3 feet. Very brilliant scarlet.</p> <p>3 <i>Lysimachia clethroides</i> (Gooseneck Flower). 1½ to 2 feet. A vigorous-growing plant, producing an abundance of bloom.</p> <p>3 <i>Phlox</i>. 2 to 2½ feet. In the best varieties. Good, distinct colors.</p> <p>3 <i>Platycodon Mariesi</i> (Japanese Bellflower). 1 to 1½ feet. A typical Japanese plant of considerable merit.</p> |
|---|---|

HARDY GARDEN NUMBER EIGHT—\$10.00

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>5 <i>Pæonies</i>, Single. 2 feet. Fine, strong roots, averaging 4 to 5 eyes.</p> <p>5 <i>Papaver orientale</i> (Oriental Poppy). 2 to 2½ feet. Strong field-grown plants. Large, showy red flowers.</p> <p>5 <i>Gaillardia grandiflora compacta</i> (Blanket Flower). ½ to 1 foot. Very free-flowering. Flowers a combination of red and yellow.</p> <p>5 <i>Delphinium Chinense</i> (Chinese Larkspur). 1½ feet. Has a very free-flowering and branching habit. Blue and white. Fine for cutting.</p> <p>5 <i>Delphinium</i> (English Hybrids). 6 to 8 feet. Imported plants, producing massive spikes of flowers in the most exquisite shades of blue and purple.</p> | <p>4 <i>Achillea</i>, "The Pearl." 2 to 2½ feet. A free-growing plant that bears a profusion of pearly white flowers that are very lasting when cut.</p> <p>25 <i>Montbretia crocosmæflora</i>. 1 to 1½ feet. Similar to the gladiolus in habit, but having spikes of beautiful orange-colored flowers. Fine for cutting. Plant them to form a clump.</p> <p>3 <i>Aster Novæ-Angliæ</i>. 3 feet. This is the best of the perennial asters.</p> <p>3 <i>Belamcanda Chinensis</i> (Blackberry Lily). 1½ feet. Has orange-colored lily-like flowers, followed by ornamental berries.</p> <p>3 <i>Boltonia latisquama</i> (Starwort). 4 to 5 feet. The showy delicate pink daisy-like flowers are produced in great profusion.</p> |
|--|--|

HARDY GARDEN NUMBER EIGHT, continued

- 3 **Dictamnus Fraxinella** (Gas Plant). 1 to 2 feet. This is not only desirable but interesting, from the fact that it gives off an inflammable gas when in bloom.
- 3 **Campanula persicifolia** (Peach-leaved Bellflower). 1 to 1½ feet. One of the choicest perennials. Splendid for cutting.
- 3 **Centaurea macrocephala**. 3 to 4 feet high. A sturdy-growing plant, bearing flowers like a large painter's brush. Orange-yellow color.
- 5 **Dianthus plumarius** (Hardy Pinks). Their fragrance alone insures their popularity.
- 5 **Dicentra spectabilis** (Bleeding Heart, or Dutchman's Breeches). 1½ to 2 feet. A charming old-fashioned plant with pink flowers.
- 3 **Lilium speciosum roseum** (Japanese Lily). 2 to 3 feet. Very handsome and showy.
- 3 **Eupatorium cœlestinum** (Hardy Ageratum). 1 to 2 feet. Light blue. Late-flowering and very desirable.
- 3 **Gypsophila paniculata**. 2 feet. Produces large, feathery sprays of white flowers. Grand when cut for indoor decoration.
- 3 **Hemerocallis flava** (Yellow Day Lily). 2 feet. A beautiful lemon-yellow lily-like flower.
- 5 **Hollyhocks**. 6 to 8 feet. Strong, field grown roots in fine double assorted colors.
- 3 **Iris lævigata** (Japanese Iris). 2½ to 3 feet. Is considered the most beautiful of all the Iris. When planted in moist rich soil the flowers measure 6 inches across.



The *Platycodon*, or Chinese Bellflower, has a very long-flowering season, lasting from June to October, and its blossoms are useful for cutting.

- 2 **Lathyrus latifolius** (Perennial Pea). Trailing or climbing. 5 to 6 feet. The individual flowers are as large as the Sweet Pea and produced in large clusters.
- 5 **Lilium candidum** (Annunciation Lily). 5 to 6 feet. The hardiest and most satisfactory Lily for the hardy garden. Flowers pure white.
- 3 **Lythrum Japonicum elatum**. 2 to 3 feet. Showy spikes of pinkish flowers. Very neat, compact habit.
- 3 **Pentstemon Digitalis**. 2½ to 3 feet. Spikes of white flowers. Excellent for cutting during the hot weather.
- 3 **Phlox**. 2 to 2½ feet. In the best varieties, scarlet, cherry-red, clear pink and white.
- 3 **Violets**. Sweet-scented. Good, strong plants that will give bloom next spring.
- 3 **Veronica candida** (Silver-leaved Speedwell). 6 inches. The silvery leaves and blue flowers make a beautiful contrast.
- 3 **Platycodon Mariesi** (Chinese Bellflower). 1 to 1½ feet. A typical Japanese plant of great merit.
- 2 **Echinops stricta** (Globe Thistle). 6 to 7 feet. Curious and pretty strong-growing plants. Very striking and distinct.

Need a Gardener? We will try to help secure the kind of a gardener needed if details are given us as to the class of man desired. Explain the character of the work he will be required to perform, the wages, accommodations, etc.; impart any information which may aid us in making pleasing selections. The employer's interests are kept in mind. It is the better class of gardeners who come to us for aid in securing positions in accord with their abilities. Complete systematic records are kept of them and slipshod methods are not followed. Recommendations are made according to merit and not in the order the men's applications were received. We have no pet men, and promises of future favors do not influence us. We are always pleased to be of any service to employers and gardeners, and in no case is a charge made for any assistance we may render.

Grow Dozens of Hardy Chrysanthemums

Plant plenty of the valuable, yet low-priced, Hardy Chrysanthemums. Use them liberally in your hardy garden, scatter them freely among your shrubs, arrange some right up against the house and in front of the porch; then see what a lavish display of color you will get at a time when it is most appreciated.

Plant Hardy Chrysanthemums in lots of ten or a dozen, or even in groups of three to five, and you will receive congratulations on the effect created by this massing. Their beauty and the artistic possibilities they present can never be realized if but a lonely plant be placed here and there. Ornamental plantings are lamentably incomplete without a large representation of the Hardy Chrysanthemum tribe. Their much-needed services cannot be dispensed with.

No mistake will be made if you order any of the kinds in this carefully selected list. Its present proportions are the result of much elimination—it took a great deal of care and quite a lot of time to cut down our list of nearly 100 choice varieties to less than 60. We lingered long over some of the especially pretty kinds, only discarding them after study proved that we had something in nearly the same color and more desirable in other points. We wanted distinct sorts.

Look over the range of color represented. Think how bright it will appear in the fall after all other hardy plants are past their usefulness or have been vanquished by the frost. Last spring we had a few hundred which were too poor to sell, so we planted them a foot apart, regardless of any arrangement, and the showing they made along an old chicken fence was so charming that not one visitor failed to admire it.

Pot-grown stock is the most satisfactory. We grow our stock in pots and do not sell the microscopic slips from flats or benches, as can be cheaply done. For pot-grown stock our prices are very reasonable.

10 for \$2, 25 for \$3.75, for our customers' selection; 100 for \$10, for our selection. Of course we would take good care to send choice kinds. Not less than 100 will be sold at this special price

You can expect a very attractive display from these in the fall of the year.

- | | |
|---|--|
| Agalia. Light yellow, shaded deep orange; tall. | Julia Lagravere. Deep red; tall. |
| Anna Mary. Salmon-pink, very light; tall. | Kadar. Clear magenta; dwarf. |
| Autumn Queen. Pink; medium. | Labanah. Pale primrose pink; tall. |
| Bailori. Orange; dwarf. | Ladysmith. Rosy lake, tinged salmon; tall. |
| Bedouin. Mixture of garnet and white; dwarf. | La Favorite. Rose-pink; medium. |
| Bob. Delicate pink; dwarf. | L'Ami Conderschlerdt. Small sulphur-white; dwarf. |
| Bridesmaid. Light pink, dark edge; medium. | Little Pet. Claret, perfect form; tall. |
| Brown Bessie. Beautiful small brown; medium. | Lovely. Light pink; medium. |
| Captivation. Salmon, shaded yellow; tall. | Maid of Honor. Deep rose; medium. |
| Climax. Deep rosy pink; medium. | Maid of Kent. White, one of the best; tall. |
| Drim Drim. Smallest, bright orange; medium. | Model. White; tall. |
| Eagle d'Or. Good clear yellow; tall. | Mr. Kanauf. A beautiful shade of pink; medium. |
| Edna. Clear glowing pink; dwarf. | Mrs. Snyder. Clear yellow, large; medium. |
| Eleganta. Deep pink, tipped and edged silver; tall. | Mrs. Vincent. Large, purple-rose; tall. |
| Fairy Queen. Beautiful combination pink and yellow; medium. | Nellie Bly. Light pinkish lilac; tall. |
| Fire Ball. Yellow-tipped crimson; medium. | Nellie Rainsford. Orange-salmon, tipped red; dwarf. |
| Flora. Golden yellow; dwarf. | President. Deep violet-rose; tall. |
| Fremy. Terra cotta; medium. | Prince of Wales. Magnificent pure white; tall. |
| Globe d'Or. Clear yellow; bushy; dwarf. | Prince Victor. Brownish red; tall. |
| Goldfinch. Magnificent gold, shaded crimson; tall. | Queen of Bulgaria. Beautiful brownish rose; tall. |
| Golden Mlle. Martha. Clear orange-yellow; tall. | Richard Franklyn. Large, rosy carmine, edged white; medium. |
| Golden Pheasant. Small, orange-yellow; medium. | Rosamond. Purplish white; medium. |
| Gold Nugget. Chrome yellow and bronze; dwarf. | Snowflake. Pure white, small; tall. |
| Grandeur. Grand golden bronze, shaded old-gold; medium. | Sœur Melaine. Fine pure white; medium. |
| Ivanhoe. Beautiful light pink; dwarf. | St. Illoria. Silver pink, very large; tall. |
| Jardin des Plantes. White, starting to flower in mid-summer; medium. | Strathmeath. Clear pink; medium. |
| Jersey Beauty. Small, golden yellow; tall. | Tiber. Garnet overlaid with bronze; medium. |
| | Victor. Claret color; medium. |

Ferns Thrive Where Other Plants Fail

Not only do Hardy Ferns present a good appearance from early until late, but several choice kinds look just as bright even in winter time, being evergreen. If you have never watched the development of the Fern growth in spring you have missed an interesting lesson.



It is an easy matter to create a very attractive effect with the aid of our Hardy Ferns

We have a great and desirable assortment; each of the varieties has some quality worthy of note. Some do well in moist, shaded situations,—their natural home,—others are adapted for use in fairly dry positions. All love moisture and thrive on it, especially during the growing period. We mention a few especially worthy kinds. Describe the position in which you wish the stock planted, and we will make up an assortment to fill it to the greatest advantage.

25 cts. each, 10 for \$2, 25 for \$3.75, or if the selection be left to us we will send 100 thrifty plants, in excellent assortment, for \$10.

Adiantum pedatum (Maidenhair). The choicest of all the native Ferns. Every one wishes to have a clump in his garden. Plant in a sheltered, moist position, if possible procuring leaf-mold from the woods.

Aspidium acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). Most reliable and desirable. Being evergreen, it is charming both summer and winter. Aim to use this in a large proportion to other kinds.

A. cristatum (Crested Shield Fern). A tall-growing variety with narrow fronds. Very partial to wet ground. Evergreen.

A. marginale (Marginal Fern). This is one of the most satisfactory kinds to plant. It will thrive in partially dry positions and always seems to do well. Evergreen.

A. spinulosum. A very handsome, medium-sized kind with finely divided fronds. Evergreen.

A. Thelyptera (Lady Fern). Likes a wet position and will thrive in either shade or full sunlight.

Onoclea sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). Rather a coarse-growing kind, but will grow almost anywhere. Its bright green color and free-growing propensities win it many friends.

O. Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). A tall-growing, handsome kind that thrives best in wet, rather sandy soil. It is a fine plant for the garden, being very hardy and thrifty-growing. A princely Fern at its best.

Osmunda cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). Strong-growing and handsome. The fertile fronds are very distinct from the sterile ones, giving the plant the appearance of having cinnamon-colored flowers. While it will flourish under almost any condition, it favors wet soil.

O. Claytoniana (Interrupted Fern). Somewhat similar to the former except that some of the fronds are apparently interrupted by being covered with spores. Thrives better in a dryer position than the former.

O. regalis (Royal Fern). This handsome Fern is rightly named. It delights in wet places. When favorably situated will reach the height of 6 feet. In the garden, it usually grows to about 3 feet high.

Polypodium hexagonopterum (Beech Fern). This Fern is much prettier than its name would lead one to think. It thrives well in fairly dry positions. The fronds are very distinct in form.

P. vulgare (Rock Polypod). This Fern is seen in its wild state covering the rocks with a sheet of low-growing green. It is somewhat difficult to get it established, but is well worth a trial, especially if for such suitable places as shaded stone walls.

Pteris aquilina (Common Bracken). The best for planting in woodlands.

Hardy Phlox of Choicest Colors

The great trusses of pretty flowers, the long season of bloom and the ease of cultivation all help to make the Hardy Phlox invaluable. Our list is the cream of many collections. From scores of varieties the most satisfactory have been selected to complete this assortment. There are other kinds, plenty of them, but it would not be necessary to include them. Undesirable colors have been omitted. We want our plants to give satisfaction,—and they should surely do that. They are strong, vigorous roots, field-grown; not old, worn-out clumps, or tiny pot-grown stock. Descriptions cannot do justice. Many read very much alike, yet there is considerable difference in the character and some in the color of the flowers. If possible, give all of these varieties a place in your hardy border. We shall always be pleased to make special selections for purchasers who know fairly well what they want, and yet who are not acquainted with the varieties.

25 cts. each, 10 for \$2, 25 for \$3.75

Aurora Borealis. Orange, purple center.

Caran d'Ache. Rosy carmine.

Champs-Elysees. Rich purplish.

Coquelicot. Fine pure scarlet, with deep carmine eye.

Eugene Danzanvillers. Lilac, shading white.

Independence. Large, pure white.

Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white.

L'Evenement. Delicate pink, tinted salmon. A very pleasing shade of color.

Lord Raleigh. Dark violet, purple center.

Mad. P. Langier. Bright red, vermilion center.

Moliere. Salmon, tinted rose.

Professor Schliemann. Bright lilac-rose.

Richard Wallace. White, violet center.

T. H. Slocum. Fiery crimson, dark eye; very bright.

Exquisite Sweet Lavender

Few plants have as much charm, especially to women, as that possessed by the Sweet Lavender. This quaint, old-fashioned, though common, plant is useful in the linen closet, bureau or wardrobe, for imparting a refined and delicate scent, and at the same time preventing the ravages of moths. Both the odd flowers and the attractive foliage are delightfully fragrant. Growing plants are adapted to artistic use for making dwarf hedges, beds or borders, and for mixing in the hardy garden.

The foliage is a bright silvery green, which shows to advantage in the summer as well as winter, being practically evergreen. Erect stems, thin and wire-like, shoot up in great profusion from every plant, and the flowers on these are the source of much pleasure. For a number of years, the fine, long hedge fronting the Meehan homestead was an interesting feature of our grounds.

Always plant it in a well-drained situation and mulch it for winter protection. North of Philadelphia it is of doubtful hardiness, and therefore we should prefer not to sell it in sections colder than our own. The cost is so trifling, however, that any one could inexpensively experiment with it, and the risk would be well worth taking. Much pleasure may be had by growing it indoors in winter.

25 cts. each, 10 for \$2, 10 for \$3.75

Hardy Plants for Every Purpose FREE! Many features of value to every person at all interested in hardy plants will be found in our book "Hardy Plants for Every Purpose." It is a business-like catalogue containing concise, accurate descriptions of almost all of the stock we have in our extensive collection. It is counted one of the best of its kind ever issued. Justice would be done by calling it a work of reference. The suggestions it gives will be of considerable help in making artistic and economical improvements. Well illustrated and full of information not readily obtainable from other sources. Very few copies still remain on hand, but we will send these to persons who ask for them by letter and not by postal.

A Great Book Send for a sample volume of **Meehans' Monthly**—the price is only \$2.50 for a book handsomely bound in full cloth, pages gilt-edged. Soon this great work will be rare and of high value. Few complete sets are yet in stock. Each volume contains twelve magnificent colored plates of a native flower or fern, painted at heavy expense, together with a mass of useful, interesting information. Nothing like it has ever been issued. 12 volumes. Sample part, 20 cts.

FINEST DAHLIAS AND GLADIOLI

The worth of these varieties need not be questioned. They are good sorts,—the best, in fact, from the immense collections of the great specialists. In these days when taste in horticultural matters is being educated to such a high standard, it pays to select only the very desirable kinds, so it is but natural that we should use special care in picking out sorts which would prove the most satisfactory.

SUPERB CACTUS DAHLIAS

- Brunhilde.** New. Color deep rich plum, rich and velvety. Large size and beautiful Cactus form. Strong plants, 25 cts. each.
- Floradora.** New. Color beautiful, glistening scarlet-crimson. Fine Cactus form, full to the center. Strong plants, 25 cts. each.
- Aegir.** New. One of the very best bright red Cacti yet introduced. Is of beautiful Cactus form, with petals uniquely twisted and incurved. 25 cts. each.
- Beatrice.** New. Very large, and deep rosy pink; of fine Cactus form. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Captain Broad.** New. Large, full; glowing scarlet-crimson. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Countess of Lonsdale.** The most profuse bloomer among the Cactus varieties. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Keyne's White.** New. A finely formed pure white. Considered one of the very best. Plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Mr. Moore.** New. Deep claret, shaded maroon. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Ranjil.** New. Large, deep maroon shaded darker, with white suffused red petalettes between each of the petals, giving it a peculiar, distinct and pleasing appearance, resembling more a Chrysanthemum. Very distinct and striking. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Ernest Cannell.** Large; soft red; fine form. Field roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

- Sylvia.** New. One of the most valuable decorative Dahlias ever produced. White shading to soft pink on the outer petals. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Clifford W. Bruton.** Of immense size, perfect form, and of the finest canary yellow. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Claribel.** Large, bright royal purple; fine for cutting. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Grand Duke Alexis.** A magnificent flower of largest size and distinctly unique form, as the petals are rolled up so that the edges overlap each other. Color is pure white, distinctly tinged delicate pink. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Henry Patrick.** A superb pure white variety, of large size, and borne on long stems; fine for cutting. Plants, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Nymphaea.** By far the most delicately beautiful Dahlia ever introduced; extensively grown for cut-flowers. The color is a clear, distinct, light shrimp-pink, tinted lighter toward the center. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Orange King.** New. Rich, glowing orange flowers. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Perle d'Or.** The grandest white decorative Dahlia to date. Plants, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Salmon Queen.** Very large, beautiful pure soft salmon; finely formed. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- William Agnew.** Finest red ever introduced. Of intense, glistening scarlet-crimson; immense size, perfect form, and always a mass of color. Very effective as a bedding plant or cut-flower. Strong roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

SHOW DAHLIAS

- A. D. Livoni.** Beautiful soft pink, with quilled petals, full to the center; early and profuse bloomer.
- Apollyon.** Vivid scarlet.
- Arabella.** Large size and perfect form; pale primrose, tipped and shaded old-rose and lavender.
- Burgundy.** Deep plum, with white and carmine markings at the base of the petal; very large and showy.
- Client.** Large, deep velvety crimson; very fine.
- Emily Edwards.** White, suffused pink; beautiful.
- Prince Bismarck.** Very fine and large; rich plum color.
- Queen of the Belgians.** Very delicate blush-pink; round form; full high center. Early and profuse bloomer.
- Sir Charles Mills.** Large, pure golden yellow; full round form, full to the center; one of the best.
- Willie Garrett.** Richest crimson-scarlet; perfect form; a profuse bloomer and a good companion to Storm King.

Strong, field-grown roots, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

POMPON DAHLIAS

- Eleganta.** Soft pink, tipped deep pink.
- Guiding Star.** Pure white; a great favorite.
- Klein Dornat.** Salmon buff; profuse; fine.
- Red Piper.** Small, deep red; of fine form.
- Yellow Bird.** Pure creamy yellow; fine form, dwarf-branching habit; profuse bloomer, on long stems. One of the best.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.; strong plants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

NEW FRENCH COLLARETTE DAHLIA

- President Viger.** Rich, deep blood-red, shading darker toward the base of the petals, with white collar, occasionally suffused with rosy carmine. Strong plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

GIANT-FLOWERED DAHLIA

- Mrs. Roosevelt.** The flowers are perfectly double, of largest size, 6 to 8 inches, while the color is a delicate pink, shading to soft, clear pink. Strong plants, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

THE SILVER TROPHY STRAIN OF GLADIOLUS

- Newest Reds, Scarlets and Crimson.** The world's commercial strains offer few equal and none better. They should be largely planted. \$3 per 100.
- New White, Light and Yellow.** All shades of white, cream and yellow in many combinations, relieved by stains and blotches of rich colors in most pleasing contrasts. \$4 per 100.
- Rare Blues, in Clematis, Lilac and Heliotrope Shades.** New Hybrids of Papilio Major, practically unknown. \$5 per 100.

GROFF'S HYBRID GLADIOLUS

The original introduction of Mr. Groff. Contains all shades from pure white to the darkest red, crimson, etc. Flowers are large, well formed and properly arranged upon the spikes. \$2 per 100, \$15 per 1,000; 25 at 100 rate, 250 at 1,000 rate.

Our Sale of Pæony Marvels

To be continued. They were fortunate indeed who took advantage of the Terry Pæony offers we made last fall.

It was a great feature when we purchased the entire stock of Terry's marvelous creations. The results in sales exceeded our expectations. We were compelled to sell so many in some varieties that it will be several years before we can propagate enough to again list these particular kinds.

Another section will be ready in the fall of 1906. This summer, during the flowering period, we will again be right on the spot in Mr. Terry's wonderful collection—now ours—arranging, classifying and getting the stock in shape to offer to those buyers who want something above the average in quality and rarity but not in price.

Thousands of great plants will be released next fall. If you want to get a chance at these rare offerings, it would be a good idea to request the placing of your name on our Pæony Mailing List. Then you would be among the first to be notified.

Prices will be as low as usual. Kinds which cannot be obtained from any other source will sell at only 25 cts. to 50 cts. each; a few a trifle higher.

As spring is not the best time to plant Pæonies, as they must be quite dormant to produce the most satisfactory results, we do not make a feature of them in this Catalogue. Of course we send them in our special Hardy Garden Offers, and also when our customers insist.

A Vine With an Interesting History

The early Spanish explorers marveled at the exquisite type of beauty found in the flowers of the Passion Vine.

It is not surprising, considering the religious feeling of the day, that the monks to whom the first plants were naturally given, fired by the glowing accounts of its discoverers, worked themselves up into a fanatic frenzy. By some it was regarded as a token from the higher world. All professed to see in it signs emblematic of the Crucifixion—hence its name, Passion Flower.

It is a desirable vine, thriving best in warm, sandy ground where it can receive plenty of sun.

Though it starts slowly in the spring, it makes up for lost time in exceptionally rapid growth. Being of herbaceous nature, the tops die to the ground with the first frost. It is excellent as a temporary low screen for the porch during the hot summer months. Try it on banks, stone walls or fences, or plant it in the flower garden against a small, twiggy post.

When grown in the customary way, there is nothing to the plant but a piece of root no thicker than a pencil. By raising the stock in pots we have overcome this objection and succeeded in producing plants, one of which, our herbaceous man says, equals a dozen dug from the ground. We fear he is too optimistic by 50 per cent.

Cover its home in winter with a thick layer of stable manure. Without this protection it would not be entirely hardy in some sections. In our own grounds, however, plants have lived and thrived through the last few severe winters.

Pot-grown, 25 cts. each

No Commissions. No Rebates

An honest business policy demands that every customer be treated alike. Our aim is to be upright in all our dealings. We do not permit the giving of special advantages to any person that another could not obtain. We offer no private commissions, special rebates, rake-offs, or any other inducement in any form or under any name which is in the nature of a bribe. In fifty-one years we have succeeded in building a large, high-class business and in establishing it upon a firm foundation. We feel confident that we are able to make it grow rapidly without resorting to methods that may be in practice, yet which are far from fair. Our prices are net. They are payable without discount upon delivery of stock.

Magnificent Japanese Maples

You must have one Japanese Maple—one at least, and more if you can make room. Get a good one. You may just as well obtain a plant which will each year grow more valuable and ornamental. Buy one which will soon be the envy of your neighbors. Make a bed or group—though the



The Blood Cut-leaved Japanese Maple is the most graceful of all and one of the most ornamental

Acer polymorphum atropurpureum, or the red cut-leaved form, is simply ideal for use as specimens. All take up little room, being dwarf, compact, and make a great showing for the small space they do occupy.

This is better stock than is frequently sold. Strong, vigorous, thrifty—not like the sickly, stunted stuff you may have seen elsewhere. We grow tens of thousands, instead of dozens, and have made a reputation on our Japanese Maples alone.

Five plants, in any assortment, sold with the benefit of the 10 rate, and 25 in any assortment are sold at the lowest price quoted. Figures in parentheses indicate the maximum height of these choice varieties when fully grown

Acer Japonicum. Japanese Maple. (10 to 15 feet.) This is a slow-growing sort, with pretty dark green leaves.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ ft.	\$1 50	\$10 00	\$80 00
3 to 3½ ft., in 6-in. pots	2 00	17 50	150 00

A. Japonicum aureum. (8 to 10 ft.) A golden-leaved variety of the above; one of the most desirable sorts, and quite scarce.

	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in.	\$1 00		
18 to 24 in., from 6-in. pots...	2 00	\$17 50	\$150 00

A. polymorphum. (12 to 15 feet.) For planting singly on a lawn it is most handsome, its feathery green leaves making its appearance distinct from that of any other shrub-like tree.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ ft.	\$1 50	\$10 00	\$90 00
3 to 3½ ft., 8-in. tubs.....	2 00	20 00	175 00
3 to 5 ft., bushy specimens, \$2.50, \$3, and \$5 each.			

A. ampelopsilobum. (12 to 15 feet.) The tips of the leaves are of a slightly reddish hue. Colors beautifully in autumn.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 in.	\$1 50	\$12 50	\$90 00
2 to 2½ ft., in 6-in. pots	2 00	17 50	150 00
3 to 4 ft.	\$2.50 to 3 50		

Acer polymorphum atropurpureum. Blood-leaved Japanese Maple. (12 to 15 feet.) One of the most beautiful and desirable of all ornamental plants. Blood-red in early spring and purplish red

Acer polymorphum atropurpureum, continued the remainder of the season, with crimson-tipped branches.

	Each	10	100
18-in., fine	\$1 50	\$15 00	\$125 00
20 to 24 in., bushy	2 50	20 00	200 00
2½ to 3 ft., heavy specimens.	6 00	60 00	

3 to 3½ ft., extra fine specimens

8 00 70 00 600 00
var. dissectum. Cut-leaved Japanese Maple. (5 to 7 feet.) A striking form, with finely dissected green foliage and somewhat drooping, spreading growth, of almost fern-like character. 18 to 24 in., \$1.25 each, \$10 for 10, \$100 per 100.

var. dissectum atropurpureum. Blood Cut-leaved Japanese Maple. (5 to 7 feet.) Its pretty, fern-like, finely-divided foliage and exceptionally graceful, semi-weeping nature make it of great value for all ornamental plantings.

	Each	10	100
2 to 2½ ft., 6-in. pots	\$1 50	\$15 00	\$150 00
2½ to 3 ft., 6-in. pots	2 00	20 00	200 00
2½ to 3 ft.	2 50	25 00	200 00

A. reticulatum. (5 to 7 feet.) Especially attractive in early spring, when its golden leaves look very handsome with their network of veins sharply outlined in bright green.

	Each	10	100
18 to 24 in.	\$1 25	\$10 00	\$100 00
12 to 18 in., 6-in. pots.....	2 00	17 50	
2½ to 3 ft., 8-in. pots.....	2 50	25 00	250 00

$$=ITWATIO$$

Two beautiful plants which should not be overlooked—the Evergreen Azalea, strong plants in pots, at 75 cents each, and the Blood Fern-leaved Japanese Maple, very pretty specimens, at \$2.50 each

INDEX TO DEPARTMENTS

SPECIAL INFORMATION	Page 1	VINES AND CLIMBERS	Page 25, 26
TREES, DECIDUOUS	9-14	HEDGE PLANTS	27
SHRUBS, DECIDUOUS	15-22	FRUITS	27
EVERGREENS, HARDY	22-25	HARDY PERENNIALS	28-32
FERTILIZERS	51	GRASS SEEDS	51

GENERAL INDEX

Abelia	Page 15	Crataegus	Page 16, 23, 27	Hornbeam	Page 27	Plum, Flowering	Page 19
Actinidia	25	Cupressus	6, 23	Horse-Chestnut	9	Poplar	12
Ailanthus	9	Currant, Flowering	19	Hydrangea	17, 26, 27, 40, 41	Poppy	31
Akebia	25	Cypress, Deciduous	11, 14	Hypericum	18	Potentilla	19
Albizzia	9	Cypress, Evergreen	23, 25, 44	Ilex	6, 23	Prinos	19
Alder	9	Cytisus	11	Indigo Shrub	15	Privet	18, 23, 27, 40, 43
Almond, Flowering	15	Dahlia	62	Iris	30, 55	Prunus	19
Apple	50	Daphne	16, 23	Itea	8	Pseudo-Larix	13
Althaea	17-27	Decumaria	26	Ivies	25, 26, 49	Pterostyrax	13
Amelanchier	15	Delphinium	29, 54	Japanese Maples	9, 64	Pueraria	26, 49
Ampelopsis	25	Desmodium	16, 41	Jasmines	26, 49	Pyrus	13, 19
Andromeda	5, 10, 15, 22, 37	Deutzia	16, 27, 39, 40	Judas	10, 15	Retinispora	6, 7, 24, 44
Anemone	28	Diervilla	17	Juniper	6, 23, 45	Rhododendron	4, 5, 24
Aralia	10, 15	Dimorphanthus	11	Kalmia	5, 23	Rhodotypos	19
Arborvitae	22, 24, 27, 45	Dioscorea	26	Katsura Tree	10, 35, 37	Rhus	19
Aristolochia	25	Diospyros	11, 35	Kentucky Coffee	11	Ribes	19
Ash	11, 36	Dogwood	10, 16, 40	Kerria	18	Robinia	19
Aster	28	Dolichos	26	Koeleruteria	12, 36	Rose Acacia	19
Azalea	5, 6, 22, 27, 45	Dutchman's Pipe	25	Kudzu	26	Rose of Sharon	19, 27
Baccharis	15	Elaeagnus	17, 39	Laburnum	11	Roses	19, 20, 46, 47
Barberry	15, 23, 27	Elderberry	20	Lagerstroemia	18	Rudbeckia	31
Bay Trees	7	Elm	14, 38	Larch	12, 13	Salisbury	14
Beech	11	Eunonymus	17, 23, 26, 40	Larkspur	29, 54	Sassafras	14
Berberis	15, 23, 27	Exochorda	17	Laurel	5, 23	Sciadopitys	7, 24
Bignonia	25	Ferns, Hardy	32, 60	Laurus	23	Seeds, Grass	51
Biota	22, 44	Fertilizers	51	Lavender	61	Shasta Daisy	29, 54
Birch	10	Filbert	16	Lespedeza	16, 18	Silver Bell	17
Bitter-Sweet	25	Fir	6	Libocedrus	23	Silver Thorn	17
Box	7, 22	Fire Bush	19	Lilac	21, 37	Snowball	21, 40, 43
Box Elder	12	Flag	30, 54, 55	Lilies	30	Snowberry	20
Bramble, Flowering	20	Forestiera	17	Linden	14	Sophora	14
Bridal Wreath	20	Forsythia	17, 27	Lindera	18	Spice Bush	18
Broussonetia	10	Fothergilla	17	Liquidambar	12	Spiraea	20, 27, 40, 42
Buckthorn	19, 27	Foxglove	29	Liriodendron	12	Spruce	6, 22, 27, 44
Buddleia	15	Franklin Tree	8, 11	Locust, Honey	11, 27	Stephanandra	20
Callicarpa	15	Funkia	29	Locust, Yellow	13	Stuartia	20
Calycanthus	15	Furze	25	Lycium	26	Styrax	14, 20, 37
Campanula	29	Gaillardia	29, 54	Magnolia	12, 23, 33	Sumach	19
Caragana	15	Gardens, Hardy	56, 57	Mahonia	23	Sunflower, Hardy	30
Caryopteris	15	Gelsemium	26	Maple	9, 34, 64	Sweet Bay	12
Catalpa	10	Genista	17	Melia	12	Sweet Pepper Bush	16
Ceanothus	15	Ginkgo	14	Menispermum	26	Symphoricarpos	20
Cedar	23, 24	Gladiolus	62	Mock Orange	18, 43	Syringa	21, 37
Cedrela	10, 35	Glyptostrobos	11	Mountain Ash	13	Tamarack	12
Celastrus	25	Golden Bell	17, 27	Mountain Laurel	5, 23	Tamarix	21
Cephalanthus	15	Golden Glow	31	Mulberry	12	Thujopsis	25
Cerasus	10	Gordonia	8, 11	Myrica—Wax Myrtle	18	Tilia	14
Cercidiphyllum	10, 35, 37	Grape, Fruiting	27	Oak	13	Trumpet Vine	25
Cercis	10, 15	Grape, Ornamental	26	Osage Orange	12, 27	Tulip Poplar	12
Cherry, Flowering	10	Grasses, Hardy	32	Osmanthus	6, 24	Ulex	25
Chestnuts, Sweet	10, 34	Grass Seeds	51	Paeonies	31, 63	Varnish Tree	12, 36
China Tree	12	Gum, Sweet	10	Passion Vine	63	Verbena Shrub	15
Chionanthus	16, 40	Hackberry	12	Paulownia	12	Viburnum	21, 37, 40, 43
Chrysanthemums	29, 59	Halesia	17	Pea, Siberian	15, 34	Virginian Creeper	25
Cladrastis	10	Halimodendron	17	Peach, Flowering	9	Vitex	21
Clematis	25	Hamamelis	17	Perennials	28, 52	Vitis	26
Clerodendron	16	Hardy Perennials	28	Periploca	26	Walnut	11
Clethra	16	Hawthorn	16, 23, 27	Persimmon	11, 35	Weigela	21, 22, 40
Coffee Tree	11	Hazel	16	Phellodendron	12	White Fringe	16, 40
Columbine	28	Heath	32	Philadelphus	18, 43	Willow	14
Colutea	16	Hemlock	22, 27	Phlox, Hardy	31, 61	Wistaria	26
Corchorus	18	Herbaceous Perennials	28	Photinia	12, 38	Witch Hazel	17
Cork Tree, Chinese	12	Hibiscus	17, 27	Pine	6, 24, 44	Xanthoceras	22
Cornelian Cherry	16, 40	Hickory	10	Pine, Umbrella	7, 24	Yam, Chinese	26
Corylopsis	16	Holly	6, 19, 23	Pinus	6, 24, 44	Yellow Wood	10
Corylus	16	Honeysuckle, Bush	18	Pipe Vine	25	Yew	24
Cotoneaster	16	Honeysuckle Vine	29, 49	Plane	37	Yucca	25
Crab, Flowering	13	Hop Tree	13, 38	Planera	12	Zanthorhiza	22
Cranberry, High Bush	21	Hop Vine	26	Platycodon	31, 54	Zanthoxylon	14
Crape Myrtle	18					Zelkova	14

67

LANDSCAPE GARDENING



UCCESSFUL Landscape Gardening must embody two important features, which, while separate in themselves, must be considered jointly, to secure the most artistic and economical results.

The busy rush of the present century, together with the social demand on one's time, make it necessary for the landscape architect not only to be able to formulate ideas and plans in general, but also to execute these plans in such a manner that practical results will be secured.

There are numerous establishments throughout the country that are able to make most satisfactory and artistic landscape plans for the development of properties, but there are practically none that carry a permanent force able to execute them.

We are equipped to supply this important requirement in landscape work, and we believe that the extraordinary success of our establishment has been due in a great measure to this exceptional equipment.

Each department of our business is under a separate head, and, while every member of the professional staff has a general knowledge of the work as a whole, yet each one devotes special study to some particular department. A description of these departments is fully outlined in our pamphlet entitled "Practical Landscape Gardening," which may be had upon application to our Landscape office at Mount Airy Postoffice, Philadelphia, Pa.

THOMAS MEEHAN & SONS, INC.

Landscape Gardeners and Engineers

